











Procedure file

Basic information	
NLE - Non-legislative enactments	2020/0002M(NLE)
EU/Seychelles Sustainable Fisheries Partnership Agreement and Implementing Protocol (2020-2026)	
Accompanying procedure 2020/0002(NLE)	
Subject 3.15.15.03 Fisheries agreements with Indian Ocean countries	
Geographical area Seychelles	

Key players			
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
	 Fisheries	 ROOSE Caroline	04/02/2020
		Shadow rapporteur	
		 BELLAMY François-Xavier	
		 CARVALHAIS Isabel	
		 BILBAO BARANDICA Izaskun	
		 TOMAŠIĆ Ruža	
	Committee for opinion	Rapporteur for opinion	Appointed
	 Development	 TOBÉ Tomas	18/02/2020
	 Budgets	The committee decided not to give an opinion.	
Council of the European Union			

Key events			
27/05/2020	Committee referral announced in Parliament		
01/10/2020	Vote in committee		

08/10/2020	Committee report tabled for plenary	A9-0184/2020	
12/11/2020	Results of vote in Parliament		
12/11/2020	Decision by Parliament	T9-0303/2020	Summary

Technical information

Procedure reference	2020/0002M(NLE)
Procedure type	NLE - Non-legislative enactments
Procedure subtype	Motion for a resolution under consent procedure
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 114
Other legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 159
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	PECH/9/02483

Documentation gateway

Committee draft report		PE648.264	29/04/2020	EP	
Specific opinion	DEVE	PE652.295	26/05/2020	EP	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE652.613	08/06/2020	EP	
Committee report tabled for plenary, single reading		A9-0184/2020	08/10/2020	EP	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T9-0303/2020	12/11/2020	EP	Summary
Commission response to text adopted in plenary		SP(2021)32	22/03/2021	EC	

EU/Seychelles Sustainable Fisheries Partnership Agreement and Implementing Protocol (2020-2026)

The European Parliament adopted by 597 votes to 37, with 55 abstentions, a non-legislative resolution on the [draft Council decision](#) on the conclusion, on behalf of the European Union, of the Sustainable Fisheries Partnership Agreement between the European Union and the Republic of Seychelles and its implementing protocol (2020-2026).

Objectives

The Commission and the Government of the Republic of Seychelles negotiated a new Sustainable Fisheries Partnership Agreement between the European Union and the Republic of Seychelles (the EU-Seychelles SFPA) and its implementing Protocol for a period of six years.

The SFPA with the Seychelles is the most important tuna agreement of the Union in terms of volume of catches, as it gives access to Seychelles waters to 40 purse seiners, 8 surface longliners and support vessels, in accordance with the relevant resolutions of the Indian Ocean Tuna Commission (IOTC).

The general objective of the EU-Seychelles FPAA is to promote sustainable fisheries and to define the rules governing the access of EU fishing vessels to the Seychelles fishing zone. The new protocol grants catch possibilities to EU vessels in the Seychelles fishing zone, giving them access to an appropriate share of the surplus of living marine resources, calculated in accordance with the best scientific advice available and with the resolutions and recommendations of the IOTC, within the limits of the available surplus.

Recommendations to improve the agreement

In particular, Members suggested:

- promoting further economic, financial, technical and scientific cooperation between the European Union and Seychelles on sustainable fisheries, including support for control, monitoring and inspection of fishing activities;
- improving the artisanal component of the agreement as well as participation and dialogue with local communities and fisheries stakeholders;
- implementing the measures recommended by the IOTC, in particular as regards the restoration of yellowfin tuna stocks. Members called for an end to overfishing of yellowfin tuna by the EU fleet, including the introduction of catch limits for this species and stepping up the fight against illegal fishing;

- improving selectivity with a view to substantially reducing by-catches and unwanted catches of all species, in particular sensitive species and juveniles;
- strengthening measures for the prevention and collection of plastic waste in order to reduce marine litter;
- ensuring accurate and reliable data collection, exchange and processing of data, and effective monitoring, control and surveillance of fisheries to ensure long-term sustainable fish stocks.

Sectoral support

The resolution stressed the importance for sectoral support to be targeted more precisely so as to finance measures that actually support the sustainable development of the local fishing sector, in particular its artisanal segment, and that contribute to efficient fisheries management, paying special attention to crew safety training, the improvement of monitoring, control and surveillance (MCS) and training for women and young people.

Parliament drew the attention of the Commission and the Council to the fact that persistently proceeding with the provisional application of international agreements before Parliament has given its consent is not compatible with the guiding principles of the Interinstitutional Agreement on Better Law-Making.