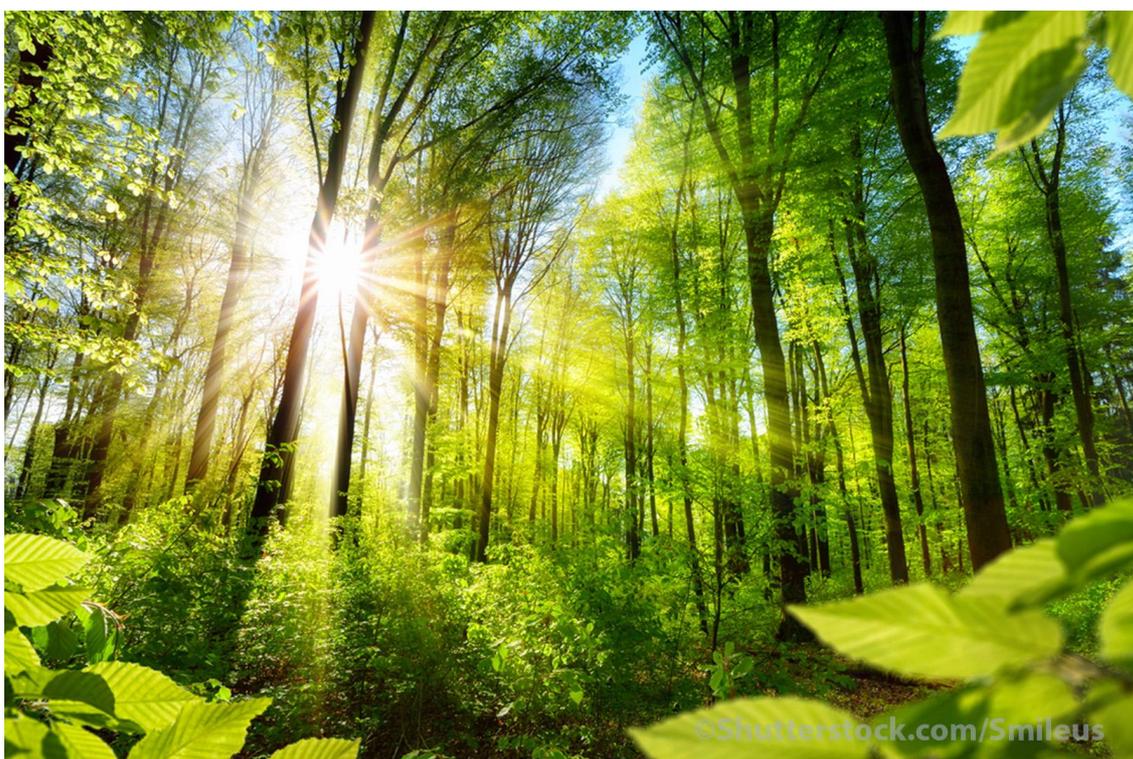


## To save biodiversity, MEPs call for binding targets at global and EU level

- At least 10 % of the EU's long-term budget should boost biodiversity
- 30 % of EU territory should be natural areas
- Binding reduction targets for pesticide use needed in the EU



Forests and natural areas play a key role in protecting biodiversity ©Shutterstock.com/Smileus

### **MEPs want the upcoming global biodiversity conference COP 15 to agree on legally binding targets, as was the case for the Paris agreement on climate change.**

Parliament adopted its position in view of the 2020 UN biodiversity conference (COP 15), in Kunming (China) in October by show of hands.

To stop the current trajectory of biodiversity loss, the conference needs to agree on legally binding targets with timelines, performance indicators and reporting mechanisms based on common standards, says the resolution.

#### **EU must lead the way**

Parliament wants the upcoming EU biodiversity strategy for 2030 to ensure that the EU leads by example

- by ensuring that at least 30 % of EU territory consists of natural areas,
- by restoring degraded ecosystems by 2030,
- by taking biodiversity objectives into account in all EU policies, and
- by earmarking a minimum of 10 % of the 2021-2027 long-term budget for efforts to improve biodiversity.

MEPs also underline the need for more sustainable agricultural and forestry practices, including EU-wide binding reduction targets on pesticide use.

#### **Quote**

“For Parliament, the crucial points will be defining European and global objectives for biodiversity that should include better protection of natural ecosystems, reducing pesticide use in Europe and making the agriculture and the fishing sector sustainable. 2020 will be a key year for biodiversity with the [IUCN](#) in June in Marseille and the COP15 in October in China.”, said [Pascal Canfin \(RE, FR\)](#), Chair of the Environment Committee.

#### **Background**

Parliament has consistently prioritised biodiversity, and repeatedly warned of its continuing, unprecedented loss.

[The UN Biodiversity Convention](#) entered into force on 29 December 1993. A delegation from the European Parliament will attend its 15th meeting in Kunming, China, from 19 October to 1 November 2020.

COP 15 is expected to adopt a post-2020 global biodiversity framework setting the global biodiversity course for the next 10 years and beyond.

## Further information

The approved resolution will be available here (16.01.2020)

[Procedure file](#)

[EP Research: Preparing the post-2020 biodiversity framework](#)

[Videos from the debate on COP15](#)

[Website on the Convention on Biological Diversity](#)

[Free photos, video and audio material](#)

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