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Klíčové slovo "kandidát"

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[Nominations for Members of the European Court of Auditors: Belgium and Finland](#)

Druh publikace Briefing

Datum 24-10-2023

Autor FRANKE Michaela | OLLIKAINEN MINNA

Oblast Hodnocení práva a politiky v praxi | Rozpočet

Klíčové slovo EVROPSKÁ UNIE | Evropský účetní dvůr | FINANČNICTVÍ | kandidát | kontrola rozpočtu | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | právní předpisy Evropské unie | rozpočet | Smlouva o fungování Evropské unie | volební proces a hlasování

Shrnutí This briefing describes the treaty provisions and appointment procedure for ECA members at EU level. In addition, it provides information on the national nomination procedure for ECA members in Belgium and Finland and the countries' candidates.

Briefing [EN](#)

[Spitzenkandidaten or the lead candidate process: Ways to Europeanise elections to the European Parliament](#)

Druh publikace Studie

Datum 09-06-2023

Autor KOTANIDIS Silvia

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU

Klíčové slovo bilanční analýza | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | evropské volby | Evropský parlament | kandidát | management | organizace EU | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | PODNIKÁNÍ A HOSPODÁRSKÁ SOUTĚŽ | politická strana | politické strany | PÓLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | volební proces a hlasování

Shrnutí With the intention of informing discussion in the approach to the 2024 European elections, this study examines the historical, factual and legal aspects surrounding the Spitzenkandidaten, or lead candidate process, which establishes a political link between the nomination of the President of the European Commission and the political composition of the European Parliament. This study retraces the evolution of Parliament's role in the investiture of the President of the Commission, explains the reasons why such an innovation was deemed necessary as early as the early 1990s and assesses the results of this innovative process in the last two elections. The lead candidate process achieved its purposes with the election of Jean Claude Juncker as President of the European Commission in 2014, while this was not the case in 2019, Ursula von der Leyen not having been a candidate. There is therefore some uncertainty over the future of the lead candidate process and whether there is appetite for a repetition in 2024. This paper takes stock of the reasons for the failure in 2019 and assesses the aspects that performed well, and those that did not, in the past. The analysis concludes with proposals for the future, with a view to healing the fractures that emerged during the last appointment process, seeking to explore how the lead candidate process may become part of the European Union's institutional set-up.

Studie [EN](#)

[Towards new rules for European elections?](#)

Druh publikace Briefing

Datum 27-09-2022

Autor DIAZ CREGO Maria

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU

Klíčové slovo EVROPSKÁ UNIE | evropské volby | kandidát | návrh (EU) | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | poslanec EP | práva a svobody | právní předpisy Evropské unie | PRÁVO | právo volit | přiblížování legislativy | volební proces a hlasování | výsledek hlasování

Shrnutí In May 2022, the European Parliament adopted a draft legislative act proposing to repeal the 1976 European Electoral Act and replace it with a new Council regulation on the election of the Members of the European Parliament (MEPs) by direct universal suffrage. The aim is to harmonise a number of rules applicable to European elections, which are currently a combination between the common principles under the European Electoral Act and the different national rules implementing them. Harmonisation would affect several areas, such as the age for voting or standing as a candidate; the electoral calendar for European elections; the principles applicable to the selection of candidates, including from a gender perspective; and the electoral threshold. In addition, the proposal would establish a common electoral system for the election of 28 MEPs in a Union-wide constituency comprising the entire territory of the European Union. The ambition is to further Europeanise the elections to the European Parliament, which are frequently criticised for focusing mainly on domestic political considerations and less so on the EU project. To enter into force, the proposal needs to be adopted by the Council unanimously, after obtaining Parliament's consent by a majority of its component members. Moreover, all Member States need to approve it as per their constitutional requirements. Second edition. The 'EU Legislation in Progress' briefings are updated at key stages throughout the legislative procedure.

Briefing [EN](#)

[Nominations for Members of the European Court of Auditors \(Cyprus and Malta\)](#)

Druh publikace Briefing

Datum 13-04-2022

Autor FRANKE Michaela

Externí autor Michaela Franke
Adam Nugent

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU | Rozpočet | Rozpočtová kontrola

Klíčové slovo ekonomická geografie | Evropa | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | Evropský účetní dvůr | evropský úředník | GEOGRAFIE | Irsko | kandidát | Kypr | Malta | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | politická geografie | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | Polsko | Rakousko | volební proces a hlasování | zaměstnanec (EU)

Shrnutí As set out in Article 285 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU), the European Court of Auditors (ECA) shall consist of one national of each Member State. Article 286 (2) TFEU further specifies that each Member State has the right to propose its candidate. The Council then adopts the list of Members as proposed by the Member States. Often, this is a partial renewal of the Court - only one or a few Members are appointed, as the mandates of the Members may expire at different points in time. The Council can only act after consulting the European Parliament; in practice, the Committee on Budgetary Control (CONT) is responsible and the Member-designate of the ECA makes a statement before the committee and has to answer its questions. CONT then votes on the nomination and thus issues a recommendation to plenary, which votes within two months of receipt of the nomination. In case of an unfavourable opinion, the President shall ask the Council to withdraw its nomination and to submit a new nomination (Rule 129 of the EP's Rules of Procedure). However, Parliament's opinion is not binding for the Council.

Briefing [EN](#)

[The European Council in 2019](#)

Druh publikace Studie

Datum 30-11-2021

Autor WORUM ASTRID

Externí autor Dinan, Desmond

Oblast Demokracie

Klíčové slovo ekonomická geografie | EKONOMIKA | Evropa | Evropská rada | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | GEOGRAFIE | hospodářská politika | hospodářská politika | kandidát | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | politická geografie | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | poškozování životního prostředí | Spojené království | struktura Společenství | volební proces a hlasování | vystoupení z EU | vztahy mezi institucemi (EU) | změna klimatu | ŽIVOTNÍ PROSTŘEDÍ

Shrnutí The year 2019 provided a respite for the European Council from crisis management, but was not without major challenges. Three stood out: the Spitzenkandidaten process for selecting the next President of the European Commission; Brexit, which unexpectedly remained on the agenda of the European Council throughout the year; and policy towards climate change. The European Council had mixed feelings about the Spitzenkandidaten process, with one of its leading members being adamantly opposed. That set the stage for a bruising battle, which culminated in an epic special summit, lasting from 30 June to 2 July. None of the transnational parties' lead candidates received the European Council's nomination. Instead, the European Council nominated a relative outsider, Ursula von der Leyen, as part of a package of appointments to leading EU positions, the cleverness of which managed to overcome differences among national leaders. Meanwhile, the inability of the UK government to win parliamentary support for the Withdrawal Agreement obliged the UK to request extensions of the deadline. Much to its surprise, the European Council met in the Article 50 format on four occasions in 2019, the last one being on 13 December, to discuss preparations for the negotiations on future EU-UK relations after the UK's eventual departure, which happened on 31 January 2020. Climate was another issue to the fore in 2019, as the European Council sought to reach unanimity on a commitment by the EU to cut net carbon emissions to zero by 2050. Failure to reach unanimity, during difficult negotiations at the December summit, was seen as a setback for the new President of the European Council, Charles Michel, who was attending his first meeting of the institution in that capacity.

Studie [EN](#)

[Nomination of a Polish member of the European Court of Auditors](#)

Druh publikace Ve stručnosti

Datum 10-12-2020

Autor KOWALD KAROLINE

Oblast Rozpočtová kontrola

Klíčové slovo ekonomická geografie | Evropa | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | GEOGRAFIE | jmenování poslanců | kandidát | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | politická geografie | politická morálka | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | politický život a bezpečnost veřejnosti | Polsko | pracovně-právní vztahy | profesní etika | volební proces a hlasování | ZAMĚSTNANOST A PRÁCE | člen Účetního dvora (EU)

Shrnutí On 29 October 2020, the Polish government proposed the nomination of Marek Opiola, as a candidate for membership of the European Court of Auditors (ECA). There is currently no Polish member of the ECA, since Janusz Wojciechowski took office as European Commissioner on 1 December 2019. The European Parliament's Committee on Budgetary Control (CONT) held a hearing with the nominee on 7 December, and subsequently delivered an unfavourable opinion. A vote in plenary is scheduled for the December plenary session.

Ve stručnosti [EN](#)

[Nominations for Members of the European Court of Auditors \(Poland\)](#)

Druh publikace Ve stručnosti

Datum 02-12-2020

Autor DEMBEK ANNA | FRANKE Michaela

Oblast Rozpočet | Rozpočtová kontrola

Klíčové slovo ekonomická geografie | Evropa | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | GEOGRAFIE | jmenování poslanců | kandidát | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | politická geografie | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | politický život a bezpečnost veřejnosti | Polsko | volební proces a hlasování | činnost instituce | člen Účetního dvora (EU)

Shrnutí On the occasion of the nomination of a new Polish member for the Court of Auditors, this briefing describes the national nomination process and the roles of EP and Council.

Ve stručnosti [EN](#)

[Commitments made at the hearing of Mairead MCGUINNESS, Commissioner-designate - Financial services, financial stability and the Capital Markets Union](#)

Druh publikace Briefing

Datum 08-10-2020

Autor GRIGAITE KRISTINA | PACHECO DIAS CRISTINA SOFIA | PARENTI RADOSTINA | SEGALL REBECCA SARAH FANNY

Oblast Daně | Ekonomika a měnové záležitosti | Finanční a bankovní záležitosti

Klíčové slovo EVROPSKÁ UNIE | kandidát | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | práce parlamentu | veřejné slyšení | volební proces a hlasování | člen Komise ES

Shrnutí The Commissioner-designate, Mairead McGuinness, appeared before the European Parliament on 02 October 2020 to answer questions put by MEPs from the Committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs. During the hearing, she made a number of commitments which are highlighted in this document. These commitments refer to her portfolio, as described in the mission letter sent to her by Ursula von der Leyen, President-elect of the European Commission and include Banking Union, Capital Markets Union and SMEs access to finance, sustainable finance, FinTech strategy and cryptocurrencies, comprehensive approach to fighting money laundering and more resilience to extraterritorial sanctions.

Briefing [EN](#)

[The von der Leyen Commission's priorities for 2019-2024](#)

Druh publikace Briefing

Datum 28-01-2020

Autor BASSOT Etienne

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU

Klíčové slovo demokracie | digitální ekonomika | ekologická politika | EKONOMIKA | evropská sociální politika | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | hospodářská struktura | kandidát | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | politická strana | politický program | politický rámec | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | předseda Komise ES | situace Evropské unie | SOCIALNÍ OTAZKY | sociální vztahy | struktura Společenství | technologická změna | technologie a technické předpisy | volební proces a hlasování | volební program | VÝROBA, TECHNOLOGIE A VÝZKUM | zelená ekonomika | šíření evropské myšlenky | ŽIVOTNÍ PROSTŘEDÍ

Shrnutí In her statements to the European Parliament in July and November 2019, as candidate for European Commission President and President-elect respectively, Ursula von der Leyen outlined the six political priorities that would shape the working programme of the European Commission over the next five years. While the former Commission President, Jean-Claude Juncker, had claimed to lead a 'political Commission', his successor, Ursula von der Leyen, has pledged to lead a 'geopolitical Commission'. Such a Commission will have a political agenda in which reinforcing the EU's role as a relevant international actor, and trying to shape a better global order through reinforcing multilateralism, is to become a key priority ('A stronger Europe in the world'). The other main political priorities of the Commission are brought together under five broad headings: 'A European Green Deal', 'A Europe fit for the digital age', 'An economy that works for people', 'A new push for European democracy', and 'Promoting the European way of life'. Together they define the framework within which the Commission will act in the coming five years. The structure and working methods announced by von der Leyen show that her Commission will differ from its predecessors in a number of ways.

Briefing [EN](#)

[Commitments made at the hearing of Jutta URPILAINEN, Commissioner-designate - International Partnerships](#)

Druh publikace Briefing

Datum 22-11-2019

Autor BERNARDINI FLAVIA

Oblast Demokracie | Lidská práva | Mezinárodní obchod | Rozvoj a humanitární pomoc | Zahraniční věci

Klíčové slovo EVROPSKÁ UNIE | kandidát | mezinárodní bezpečnost | MEZINÁRODNÍ VZTAHY | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | politická strana | politický program | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | práce parlamentu | struktura Společenství | veřejné slyšení | vnější vztahy Evropské unie | volební proces a hlasování | zahraniční politika | člen Komise ES

Shrnutí The Commissioner-designate, Jutta Urpilainen, appeared before the European Parliament on 01 October 2019 to answer MEPs' questions. During the hearing, she made a number of commitments which are highlighted in this document. These commitments refer to her portfolio, as described in the mission letter sent to her by Ursula von der Leyen, President-elect of the European Commission, including:
Building sustainable partnerships.

Briefing [EN](#)

[Commitments made at the hearing of Olivér VÁRHELYI, Commissioner-designate - Neighbourhood and Enlargement](#)

Druh publikace Briefing

Datum 22-11-2019

Autor DE MUNTER André | JIRACEK MICHAL | JONGBERG Kirsten

Oblast Zahraniční věci

Klíčové slovo ekonomická geografie | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | GEOGRAFIE | kandidát | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | politická strana | politický program | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | práce parlamentu | rozšířování Evropské unie | struktura Společenství | veřejné slyšení | vnější vztahy Evropské unie | volební proces a hlasování | západní Balkán | člen Komise ES

Shrnutí Commissioner-designate Olivér Várhelyi appeared before the European Parliament on 14 November 2019 to answer questions from MEPs in the Committee on Foreign Affairs (the Committee on International Trade was invited). This document highlights a number of commitments which he made during the hearing. They refer to his portfolio, as described in the mission letter sent to him by Ursula von der Leyen, President-elect of the European Commission, including:
Western Balkans and Turkey;
Eastern Neighbourhood;
Southern Neighbourhood.

Briefing [EN](#)

[Commitments made at the hearing of Janez LENARČIČ, Commissioner-designate - Crisis Management](#)

Druh publikace Briefing

Datum 22-11-2019

Autor URBINA TREVIÑO Gonzalo

Oblast Genderové otázky, rovnost žen a mužů a rozmanitost | Lidská práva | Mezinárodní obchod | Rozvoj a humanitární pomoc | Vzdělávání | Zahraniční věci | Životní prostředí

Klíčové slovo civilní ochrana | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | humanitární pomoc | kandidát | MEZINÁRODNÍ VZTAHY | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | politická strana | politický program | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | politický život a bezpečnost veřejnosti | politika spolupráce | práce parlamentu | veřejné slyšení | volební proces a hlasování | člen Komise ES

Shrnutí The commissioner-designate, Janez Lenarčič, appeared before the European Parliament on 02 October 2019 to answer questions from MEPs in the Committee on Development, in association with the Committee on Environment. During the hearing, he made a number of commitments which are highlighted in this document. These commitments refer to his portfolio, as described in the mission letter sent to him by Ursula von der Leyen, President-elect of the European Commission, including:
European Civil Protection and Humanitarian Aid.

Briefing [EN](#)

[Hearings of the Commissioners-designate: Mariya Gabriel – Innovation and Youth](#)

Druh publikace Briefing

Datum 26-09-2019

Autor KATSAROVA Ivana

Oblast Kultura | Politika v oblasti výzkumu | Vzdělávání

Klíčové slovo dokumentace | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | jmenování poslanců | kandidát | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | parlamentní proces | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | politika mládeže | postup souhlasu | program EU | práce parlamentu | právní předpisy Evropské unie | resumé | rozšiřování informací EU | rámcovy programy pro výzkum a vývoj | SOCIALNÍ OTÁZKY | sociální vztahy | struktura Společenství | volební proces a hlasování | VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ A KOMUNIKACE | vzdělávání a výchova | výbor EP | VÝROBA, TECHNOLOGIE A VÝZKUM | výzkum a duševní vlastnictví | člen Komise ES | školní výměna

Shrnutí This briefing is one in a set looking at the Commissioners-designate and their portfolios as put forward by Commission President-elect Ursula von der Leyen. Each candidate faces a three-hour public hearing, organised by one or more parliamentary committees. After that process, those committees will judge the candidates' suitability for the role based on 'their general competence, European commitment and personal independence', as well as their 'knowledge of their prospective portfolio and their communication skills'. At the end of the hearings process, Parliament votes on the proposed Commission as a bloc, and under the Treaties may only reject the entire College of Commissioners, rather than individual candidates. The Briefing provides an overview of key issues in the portfolio areas, as well as Parliament's activity in the last term in that field. It also includes a brief introduction to the candidate.

Briefing [EN](#)

[Hearings of the Commissioners-designate: Phil Hogan – Trade](#)

Druh publikace Briefing

Datum 26-09-2019

Autor BINDER Krisztina

Oblast Mezinárodní obchod

Klíčové slovo dokumentace | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | jmenování poslanců | kandidát | mezinárodní obchod | mezinárodní obchod | MEZINÁRODNÍ ORGANIZACE | OBCHOD | obchodní dohoda (EU) | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | parlamentní proces | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | postup souhlasu | práce parlamentu | právní předpisy Evropské unie | resumé | rozšiřování informací EU | struktura Společenství | Světová obchodní organizace | světové organizace | volební proces a hlasování | vystoupení z EU | VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ A KOMUNIKACE | výbor EP | člen Komise ES

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Briefing [EN](#)

[Hearings of the Commissioners-designate: Johannes Hahn – Budget and Administration](#)

Druh publikace Briefing

Datum 26-09-2019

Autor D'ALFONSO Alessandro

Oblast Rozpočet | Rozpočtová kontrola

Klíčové slovo dokumentace | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | finance EU | jmenování poslanců | kandidát | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | parlamentní proces | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | postup souhlasu | práce parlamentu | právní předpisy Evropské unie | příspěvky členských států | resumé | rozšiřování informací EU | struktura Společenství | vlastní zdroje | volební proces a hlasování | vystoupení z EU | VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ A KOMUNIKACE | víceletý finanční rámec | výbor EP | člen Komise ES

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Briefing [EN](#)

[Hearings of the Commissioners-designate: Dubravka Šuica – Vice-President: Democracy and Demography](#)

Druh publikace Briefing

Datum 26-09-2019

Autor KISS Monika

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU | Genderové otázky, rovnost žen a mužů a rozmanitost | Sociální politika

Klíčové slovo demografie | demografie a obyvatelstvo | demokracie | dokumentace | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | jmenování poslanců | kandidát | místopředseda instituce | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | parlamentní proces | politický rámec | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | postup souhlasu | práce parlamentu | práva a svobody | právní předpisy Evropské unie | PRÁVO | resumé | rozšiřování informací EU | SOCIÁLNÍ OTÁZKY | sociální práva | volební proces a hlasování | VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ A KOMUNIKACE | výbor EP | člen Komise ES

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[Briefing EN](#)

[Hearings of the Commissioners-designate: Kadri Simson - Energy](#)

Druh publikace Briefing

Datum 26-09-2019

Autor WILSON Alex Benjamin

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU | Energetika | Politika v oblasti výzkumu | Průmysl | Přijímání právních předpisů EP a Radou

Klíčové slovo alternativní energie | dokumentace | energetická politika | energetická politika EU | ENERGETIKA | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | jmenování poslanců | kandidát | obnovitelná energie | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | parlamentní proces | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | postup souhlasu | práce parlamentu | právní předpisy Evropské unie | resumé | rozšiřování informací EU | SOCIÁLNÍ OTÁZKY | urbanismus a výstavba | volební proces a hlasování | VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ A KOMUNIKACE | výbor EP | výkonnost energetiky | zásobování plynem | člen Komise ES

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[Briefing EN](#)

[Hearings of the Commissioners-designate: Jutta Urpilainen - International Partnerships](#)

Druh publikace Briefing

Datum 26-09-2019

Autor LATEK Marta | PICHON Eric

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU | Přijímání právních předpisů EP a Radou | Rozvoj a humanitární pomoc

Klíčové slovo dokumentace | EKONOMIKA | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | hospodářská politika | jmenování poslanců | kandidát | mezinárodní role EU | MEZINÁRODNÍ VZTAHY | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | parlamentní proces | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | politika spolupráce | postup souhlasu | práce parlamentu | právní předpisy Evropské unie | resumé | rozvojová pomoc | rozšiřování informací EU | společná zahraniční a bezpečnostní politika | struktura Společenství | trvale udržitelný rozvoj | volební proces a hlasování | VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ A KOMUNIKACE | výbor EP | člen Komise ES

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[Hearings of the Commissioners-designate: Janez Lenarčič - Crisis Management](#)

Druh publikace Briefing

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Autor D'AMBROGIO Enrico

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU | Přijímání právních předpisů EP a Radou | Rozvoj a humanitární pomoc

Klíčové slovo dokumentace | ECHO | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | humanitární pomoc | jmenování poslanců | kandidát | krizové řízení | management | MEZINARODNÍ VZTAHY | migrace | migrační politika EU | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | parlamentní proces | PODNIKÁNÍ A HOSPODÁŘSKÁ SOUTĚŽ | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | politika spolupráce | postup souhlasu | práce parlamentu | právní předpisy Evropské unie | resumé | rozšiřování informací EU | SOCIALNÍ OTÁZKY | volební proces a hlasování | VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ A KOMUNIKACE | výbor EP | člen Komise ES

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[Hearings of the Commissioners-designate: Maroš Šefčovič – Vice-President: Interinstitutional Relations and Foresight](#)

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Autor TILINDYTE-HUMBURG Laura

Oblast Právo EU: právní systém a akty | Výhledové plánování

Klíčové slovo dokumentace | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | jmenování poslanců | kandidát | místopředseda instituce | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | parlamentní proces | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | postup souhlasu | práce parlamentu | právní předpisy Evropské unie | resumé | rozšiřování informací EU | tvorba politik | volební proces a hlasování | VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ A KOMUNIKACE | vztahy mezi institucemi (EU) | výbor EP | výkonná moc a státní správa | člen Komise ES

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[Hearings of the Commissioners-designate: Sylvie Goulard - Internal Market](#)

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Autor KARAKAS Cemal

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU | Ochrana spotřebitelů | Přijímání právních předpisů EP a Radou | Vnitřní trh a celní unie

Klíčové slovo bezpečnost informačních systémů | dokumentace | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | informatika | jednotný trh | jmenování poslanců | kandidát | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | parlamentní proces | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | postup souhlasu | práce parlamentu | právní předpisy Evropské unie | PRŮMYSL | průmyslová politika a struktura | průmyslová politika EU | resumé | rozšiřování informací EU | struktura Společenství | technologická změna | technologie a technické předpisy | volební proces a hlasování | VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ A KOMUNIKACE | výbor EP | VÝROBA, TECHNOLOGIE A VÝzkUM | člen Komise ES

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[Hearings of the Commissioners-designate: Helena Dalli - Equality](#)

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Autor SHREEVES Rosamund

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU | Genderové otázky, rovnost žen a mužů a rozmanitost | Přijímání právních předpisů EP a Radou | Sociální politika | Zaměstnanost

Klíčové slovo antidiskriminační politika | dokumentace | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | jmenování poslanců | kandidát | lidská práva | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | parlamentní proces | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | postup souhlasu | práce parlamentu | práva a svobody | práva žen | právní předpisy Evropské unie | PRÁVO | resumé | rovnost žen a mužů | rozšiřování informací EU | volební proces a hlasování | VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ A KOMUNIKACE | výbor EP | člen Komise ES

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[Hearings of the Commissioners-designate: Didier Reynders - Justice](#)

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Datum 26-09-2019

Autor MAŃKO Rafał | VORONOVA Sofija

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU | Mezinárodní právo soukromé a justiční spolupráce v občanských věcech | Prostor svobody, bezpečnosti a spravedlnosti | Právo EU: právní systém a akty | Přijímání právních předpisů EP a Radou

Klíčové slovo datové právo | dokumentace | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | informatika | jmenování poslanců | kandidát | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | parlamentní proces | politický rámec | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | postup souhlasu | práce parlamentu | práva a svobody | právní předpisy Evropské unie | právní stát | PRÁVO | resumé | rozšiřování informací EU | společná bezpečnostní a obranná politika | struktura Společenství | volební proces a hlasování | VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ A KOMUNIKACE | výbor EP | základní práva | člen Komise ES

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[Hearings of the Commissioners-designate: Valdis Dombrovskis – Vice-President: An Economy that works for people](#)

Druh publikace Briefing

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Autor STAMEGNA CARLA

Oblast Ekonomika a měnové záležitosti | Sociální politika | Zaměstnanost

Klíčové slovo dokumentace | EKONOMIKA | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | FINANČNICTVÍ | Hospodářská a měnová unie | hospodářská struktura | jmenování poslanců | kandidát | místopředseda instituce | měnová ekonomie | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | parlamentní proces | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | postup souhlasu | pracovní vztahy | pracovně-právní vztahy | práce parlamentu | právní předpisy Evropské unie | resumé | rozšiřování informací EU | tržní ekonomika | volební proces a hlasování | VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ A KOMUNIKACE | výbor EP | ZAMĚSTNANOST A PRÁCE | člen Komise ES

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[Hearings of the Commissioners-designate: Stella Kyriakides - Health](#)

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Autor LAANINEN Tarja | SCHOLZ Nicole

Oblast Bezpečnost potravin | Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU | Přijímání právních předpisů EP a Radou | Veřejné zdraví | Životní prostředí

Klíčové slovo bezpečnost potravin | dokumentace | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | jmenování poslanců | kandidát | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | parlamentní proces | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | postup souhlasu | práce parlamentu | právní předpisy Evropské unie | resumé | rostlinolékařská legislativa | rozšiřování informací EU | SOCIÁLNÍ OTAZKY | volební proces a hlasování | VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ A KOMUNIKACE | výbor EP | zdraví | zdraví veřejnosti | zdraví zvířat | zemědělská politika | zemědělská činnost | ZEMĚDĚLSTVÍ, LESNICTVÍ A RYBÁŘSTVÍ | člen Komise ES

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[Hearings of the Commissioners-designate: Margrethe Vestager – Vice-President: A Europe fit for the digital age](#)

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Autor SZCZEPANSKI Marcin

Oblast Ekonomika a měnové záležitosti | Ochrana spotřebitelů | Politika v oblasti výzkumu | Průmysl | Vnitřní trh a celní unie

Klíčové slovo dokumentace | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | hospodářská soutěž | informatika | jmenování poslanců | kandidát | místopředseda instituce | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | parlamentní proces | PODNIKÁNÍ A HOSPODÁŘSKÁ SOUTĚŽ | POLITICOÝ ŽIVOT | politika hospodářské soutěže EU | postup souhlasu | práce parlamentu | právní předpisy Evropské unie | resumé | rozšiřování informací EU | technologická změna | technologie a technické předpisy | vliv informačních technologií | volební proces a hlasování | VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ A KOMUNIKACE | výbor EP | VÝROBA, TECHNOLOGIE A VÝZKUM | člen Komise ES

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[Hearings of the Commissioners-designate: Elisa Ferreira - Cohesion and Reforms](#)

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Autor VAN LIEROP Christiaan

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU | Přijímání právních předpisů EP a Radou | Regionální rozvoj

Klíčové slovo dokumentace | EKONOMIKA | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | hospodářská a sociální soudržnost | hospodářská politika | hospodářské sblížování | jmenování poslanců | kandidát | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | parlamentní proces | POLITICOÝ ŽIVOT | postup souhlasu | práce parlamentu | právní předpisy Evropské unie | regiony a regionální politika | regionální rozvoj | resumé | rozšiřování informací EU | struktura Společenství | trvale udržitelný rozvoj | volební proces a hlasování | VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ A KOMUNIKACE | výbor EP | člen Komise ES

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[Hearings of the Commissioners-designate: Janusz Wojciechowski - Agriculture](#)

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Autor MCELDOWNEY James

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU | Přijímání právních předpisů EP a Radou | Zemědělství a rozvoj venkova

Klíčové slovo dokumentace | EKONOMIKA | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | finance EU | jmenování poslanců | kandidát | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | parlamentní proces | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | postup souhlasu | práce parlamentu | právní předpisy Evropské unie | regiony a regionální politika | resumé | rozvoj venkova | rozšiřování informací EU | společná zemědělská politika | volební proces a hlasování | VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ A KOMUNIKACE | víceletý finanční rámec | výbor EP | zemědělská politika | ZEMĚDĚLSTVÍ, LESNICTVÍ A RYBÁRSTVÍ | člen Komise ES

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[Hearings of the Commissioners-designate: Frans Timmermans – Vice-President: European Green Deal](#)

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Autor ERBACH Gregor

Oblast Bezpečnost potravin | Veřejné zdraví | Životní prostředí

Klíčové slovo dokumentace | ekologická politika | EKONOMIKA | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | hospodářská politika | jmenování poslanců | kandidát | místopředseda instituce | oběhové hospodářství | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | parlamentní proces | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | politika v oblasti změny klimatu | postup souhlasu | práce parlamentu | právní předpisy Evropské unie | resumé | rozšiřování informací EU | volební proces a hlasování | VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ A KOMUNIKACE | výbor EP | zelená ekonomika | člen Komise ES | ŽIVOTNÍ PROSTŘEDÍ

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[Hearings of the Commissioners-designate: Paolo Gentiloni - Economy](#)

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Autor DELIVORIAS Angelos

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU | Ekonomika a měnové záležitosti | Přijímání právních předpisů EP a Radou

Klíčové slovo daňová soustava | dokumentace | evropská daňová spolupráce | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | financování a investice | FINANČNICTVÍ | Hospodářská a měnová unie | investice EU | jmenování poslanců | kandidát | měnová ekonomie | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | parlamentní proces | podpora v nezaměstnanosti | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | postup souhlasu | práce parlamentu | právní předpisy Evropské unie | resumé | rozšiřování informací EU | sociální ochrana | SOCIÁLNÍ OTÁZKY | volební proces a hlasování | VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ A KOMUNIKACE | výbor EP | člen Komise ES

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[Hearings of the Commissioners-designate: Věra Jourová – Vice-President: Values and Transparency](#)

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Autor DIAZ CREGO Maria

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU | Prostor svobody, bezpečnosti a spravedlnosti | Právo EU: právní systém a akty

Klíčové slovo demokracie | dokumentace | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | jmenování poslanců | kandidát | místopředseda instituce | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | parlamentní proces | politický rámec | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | postup souhlasu | práce parlamentu | práva a svobody | právní předpisy Evropské unie | právní stát | PRÁVO | resumé | rozšiřování informací EU | volební proces a hlasování | VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ A KOMUNIKACE | výbor EP | základní práva | člen Komise ES

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[Hearings of the Commissioners-designate: Josep Borrell Fontelles – High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy / Vice-President: A Stronger Europe in the World](#)

Druh publikace Briefing

Datum 26-09-2019

Autor STANICEK BRANISLAV

Oblast Bezpečnost a obrana | Zahraniční věci

Klíčové slovo dokumentace | Evropská služba pro vnější činnost | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | geopolitika | humanitní vědy | jmenování poslanců | kandidát | místopředseda instituce | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | parlamentní proces | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | postup souhlasu | práce parlamentu | právní předpisy Evropské unie | resumé | rozšiřování informací EU | společná zahraniční a bezpečnostní politika | struktura Společenství | volební proces a hlasování | VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ A KOMUNIKACE | výbor EP | VĚDA | člen Komise ES

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[Parliamentary hearings of the Commissioners-designate: A decisive step in the investiture process](#)

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Autor DIAZ CREGO Maria

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU

Klíčové slovo demokratizace | dokumentace | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | jmenování poslanců | kandidát | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | parlamentní proces | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | postup souhlasu | práce parlamentu | právní předpisy Evropské unie | resumé | rozšiřování informací EU | volební proces a hlasování | VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ A KOMUNIKACE | výbor EP | výkonná moc a státní správa | člen Komise ES

Shrnutí The hearings of the Commissioners-designate before the European Parliament's committees are a necessary ingredient in informing Parliament's decision to give its consent to, or reject, the proposed college. Each Commissioner-designate appears before a single hearing, involving one or more parliamentary committees, after responding to a written questionnaire and presenting his or her declaration of interests. In past hearings, the main points of criticism have been some candidates' lack of specialist knowledge of their portfolio, their vague answers and reluctance to make commitments, the existence of possible conflicts of interests in relation to the assigned portfolio and concerns regarding the integrity of the candidate. From the 2004 investiture on, Parliament has used its role in the appointment of the Commission to press for the replacement of certain controversial candidates and to force adjustments to certain portfolios, although it can only reject or accept the college as a whole. Whilst some experts warn of excessive politicisation of the hearings, others welcome the increased accountability of the Commission to Parliament, and see the deepening political link between the two as a step towards further democratisation of the EU decision-making process. Hearings have become critical for Parliament's holding the Commission to account, and are gaining in significance as a means for Parliament to take a greater role in agenda-setting at EU level. This is a further updated and expanded version of a 2014 briefing by Eva-Maria Poptcheva.

Briefing [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#), [PL](#)

Multimédia [Parliamentary hearings of the Commissioners-designate](#)

[Role and election of the President of the European Commission](#)

Druh publikace Briefing

Datum 12-07-2019

Autor KOTANIDIS Silvia

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU

Klíčové slovo dokumentace | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | Evropský parlament | jmenování poslanců | kandidát | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | parlamentní proces | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | postup souhlasu | práce parlamentu | právní předpisy | Evropské unie | předseda Komise ES | resumé | rozšiřování informací EU | volební proces a hlasování | VZDELÁVÁNÍ A KOMUNIKACE | vztahy mezi institucemi (EU)

Shrnutí The President of the European Commission has taken on an ever more prominent leading role within the College of Commissioners, with the increasingly presidential system eclipsing the principle of collegiate decision-making. With the European Parliament now more involved in the appointment, the Presidency has not only become a much more politicised office, but the President has also gained greater influence vis-à-vis the other members of the Commission. The Commission President plays a crucial role in relations between Parliament and Commission. Presenting his or her priorities to Parliament prior to election sets the course for the whole term, on which the President will be called to account by Parliament. Building on this, Parliament has an increasingly prominent role in political agenda-setting, shaping the EU's legislative programming together with the Commission and the Council. At the end of President Barroso's second term as Commission President, many had criticised the lack of ambitious initiatives undertaken, whereas others believe that the economic and institutional difficulties which the EU faced made this inevitable. The legacy of President Juncker's mandate can claim, on the one hand, to show progress in trade and defence, although some maintain that more ambition could have been displayed in other areas, for instance on the digital market or monetary union. On the other hand, the Juncker Commission introduced some significant changes in the College's working methods and a more political role for the Commission. Whereas Jean-Claude Juncker had been a Spitzenkandidat (lead candidate) in the European elections, Ursula von der Leyen, nominated as candidate for the Commission presidency by the European Council on 2 July, was not. As none of the Spitzenkandidaten were seen to have a clear majority in Parliament, it remains to be seen whether an 'outsider' from that process can muster the support of the required majority of Parliament's component Members at the time of the election, currently planned for the July II plenary session. This is an updated edition of a 2014 briefing drafted by Eva-Maria Poptcheva.

Briefing [EN](#)

[2018 elections in Colombia: A test for peace?](#)

Druh publikace Briefing

Datum 25-05-2018

Autor GOMEZ RAMIREZ Enrique

Oblast Zahraniční věci

Klíčové slovo Amerika | ekonomická geografie | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | finance EU | fondy (EU) | GEOGRAFIE | kandidát | Kolumbie | mezinárodní bezpečnost | mezinárodní role EU | MEZINÁRODNÍ VZTAHY | nastolení míru | organizace voleb | politická geografie | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | prezidentské volby | právní předpisy Evropské unie | struktura Společenství | usnesení Evropského parlamentu | volební proces a hlasování

Shrnutí 2018 is an important election year in Colombia, with legislative elections held in March, and the presidential election due on 27 May, with a second round probable, on 17 June, if no candidate gets over 50 % of the vote. It is also the first time in more than 50 years that elections are being held in peace, after an agreement was reached, and is now being implemented, with the guerilla, FARC. The legislative elections have left a fragmented Congress dominated by the right, and the presidential race, though still uncertain, seems to be polarised by a right-wing candidate, Ivan Duque, and his left-wing opponent, Gustavo Petro. Of the six candidates for the presidency, only Ivan Duque, from the Democratic Centre, has openly opposed the agreements made with the FARC, and has promised to make 'structural modifications', in particular regarding the Special Justice for Peace mechanism. The EU, which has actively supported the peace process in Colombia, has sent an electoral expert mission to follow the elections, and the European Parliament will also be present, through a multi-party delegation of eight MEPs.

Briefing [EN](#)

[Evropský parlament: volební postupy](#)

Druh publikace Fakta a čísla o EU

Datum 01-10-2017

Autor BUX Udo

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU | Právo EU: právní systém a akty

Klíčové slovo EVROPSKÁ UNIE | evropské volby | Evropský parlament | kandidát | neslučitelnost | občanská práva | občanství EU | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | parlament | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | práva a svobody | PRÁVO | rozdelení mandátů | struktura Společenství | volební proces a hlasování | volební právo | volební systém | volební výsledky

Shrnutí Postupy konání voleb do Evropského parlamentu jsou stanoveny jak evropskými právními předpisy, které vymezují pravidla společná pro všechny členské státy, tak specifickými vnitrostátními předpisy, jež se v jednotlivých státech liší. Společná pravidla určují zásadu poměrného zastoupení a definují některé případy neslučitelnosti s mandátem poslance Evropského parlamentu. Řadu dalších důležitých záležitostí, jako je konkrétní volební systém, který se uplatní, a počet volebních obvodů, upravuje vnitrostátní právo.

Fakta a čísla o EU [BG](#), [CS](#), [DA](#), [DE](#), [EL](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FI](#), [FR](#), [HU](#), [IT](#), [LT](#), [LV](#), [NL](#), [PT](#), [RO](#), [SV](#), [ET](#), [HR](#), [MT](#), [PL](#), [SK](#), [SL](#)

[South Korea's presidential election: Potential for a new EU role in the Korean Peninsula](#)

Druh publikace Briefing

Datum 08-05-2017

Autor D'AMBROGIO Enrico

Oblast Zahraniční věci

Klíčové slovo Asie a Oceánie | ekonomická geografie | EKONOMIKA | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | GEOGRAFIE | hospodářská situace | hospodářská situace | Jižní Korea | kandidát | mezinárodní bezpečnost | MEZINÁRODNÍ VZTAHY | organizace podniku | podnikatelská etika | PODNIKANI A HOSPODARSKA SOUTĚŽ | politická morálka | politická situace | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | politický život a bezpečnost veřejnosti | prezidentské volby | regionální bezpečnost | Severní Korea | struktura Společenství | vnější vztahy Evropské unie | volební proces a hlasování | zahraniční politika

Shrnutí South Korea has been shaken by a succession of corruption scandals involving politicians, judges, senior officials, businessmen and even academics. Impeachment of the country's first female president, the conservative Park Guen-hye, was confirmed by the Constitutional Court, and snap Presidential elections take place on 9 May 2017. Moon Jae-in, a liberal politician and a leading Minjoo (Democratic Party) personality, leads the polls and is the prospective next President of South Korea. Whoever will run the country is expected to launch an era of political and constitutional reform, as well as reducing the power of the chaebol, business conglomerates which enjoy outsize influence and impunity. Moon and the Minjoo are critical of deployment of the US-developed anti-missile shield, Terminal High-Altitude Area Defense (THAAD). A new direction to relations with North Korea is also expected, with a shift from military deterrence to an engagement attitude. This new course could favour stability in the region, paving the way for a new role for the European Union, which could offer its experience in dialogue and integration to engage in a possible future denuclearisation of the Korean Peninsula.

Briefing [EN](#)

[Moldova ahead of the presidential election](#)

Druh publikace Ve stručnosti

Datum 20-10-2016

Autor BENTZEN Naja

Oblast Demokracie | Zahraniční věci

Klíčové slovo demokracie | dohoda o přidružení (EU) | ekonomická geografie | Evropa | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | GEOGRAFIE | kandidát | korupce | Moldavsko | politická geografie | politický rámec | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | politický život a bezpečnost veřejnosti | politik | prezidentské volby | PRÁVO | region | Rusko | společná zahraniční a bezpečnostní politika | struktura Společenství | trestní právo | volební proces a hlasování | Východní partnerství | výkonná moc a státní správa

Shrnutí Moldova is facing tough internal and external challenges. The domestic political situation is characterised by chronic instability and massive public protests, which have prompted the decision to hold direct presidential elections on 30 October 2016, the first in more than a decade. Most candidates represent Moldova's main political parties, reflecting the growing pro-Europe and pro-Russia divide that mirrors the geopolitical tensions in the region, inflamed by the Ukraine crisis. Please click here for the full publication in PDF format

Ve stručnosti [EN](#)

[Understanding US Presidential elections](#)

Druh publikace Briefing

Datum 15-04-2016

Autor CIRLIG Carmen-Cristina | DEL MONTE Micaela

Oblast Zahraniční věci

Klíčové slovo Amerika | ekonomická geografie | financování a investice | financování voleb | FINANČNICTVÍ | GEOGRAFIE | kandidát | politická geografie | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | prezidentské volby | primárky | Spojené státy | volební proces a hlasování | volební právo | voličské právo | způsob financování

Shrnutí In July 2016, the two major US parties will nominate their respective official candidate for the 58th US presidential election which takes place in November. With less than three months before the national conventions, and a large number of delegates already allocated, on the Democratic side, Hillary Clinton is running ahead of Bernie Sanders towards the nomination. On the Republican side there is still much uncertainty about who will finally be named official candidate. The President is head of state, head of government, and Commander-in-Chief of the armed forces. Thus, presidential elections are an important part of American political life. Although millions of American citizens vote in presidential elections every four years, the President is not, in fact, directly elected by the people. Citizens elect the members of the Electoral College, who then cast their votes for the President and Vice President. While key elements of the presidential election are spelled out in the US Constitution, other aspects have been shaped by state laws, national party rules and state party rules. This explains why presidential campaigns have evolved over time, from the days when presidential candidates were nominated in the House of Representatives by the 'King caucus', to an almost exclusively political party-dominated convention system, and finally to the modern system of nominations based on primaries, introduced progressively to increase democratic participation. A number of additional developments have also played an important role in shaping today's presidential elections, notably political party efforts to limit 'frontloading'; the organisation of the Electoral College system and the changes to the campaign financing system.

Briefing [EN](#)

[2016 elections in Peru](#)

Druh publikace Ve stručnosti

Datum 05-04-2016

Autor GOMEZ RAMIREZ Enrique

Oblast Zahraniční věci

Klíčové slovo Amerika | ekonomická geografie | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | GEOGRAFIE | kandidát | monitorování voleb | parlamentní volby | Peru | politická geografie | politická situace | politická strana | politické strany | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | politický život a bezpečnost veřejnosti | prezidentské volby | struktura Společenství | vnější vztahy Evropské unie | volební proces a hlasování | volební systém

Shrnutí Peru will hold a general election on 10 April 2016, and all polls have Keiko Fujimori, candidate for the Popular Force party, as clear favourite for the presidential contest. The EU has sent an Election Observation Mission led by Renate Weber, MEP. The electoral process has been marked by the recent exclusion by the National Electoral Board (JNE) of two of the best-placed presidential candidates: Julio Guzmán – who was running second in the polls – and César Acuña.

Ve stručnosti [EN](#)

[Argentina: A Change of Course](#)

Druh publikace Briefing

Datum 25-11-2015

Autor TVEVAD Jesper

Oblast Demokracie

Klíčové slovo Amerika | Argentina | dvoukomorový systém | ekonomická geografie | EKONOMIKA | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | GEOGRAFIE | hlava státu | hospodářská situace | hospodářský rozvoj | kandidát | Mercosur | mezinárodní bezpečnost | mezinárodní obchod | MEZINÁRODNÍ ORGANIZACE | MEZINÁRODNÍ VZTAHY | mimoevropské organizace | OBCHOD | obchodní vztahy | parlament | politická geografie | politická koalice | politická strana | politické strany | politický rámec | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | politický život a bezpečnost veřejnosti | prezidentské volby | rozdělení hlasovacích lístků | rozdělení mandátů | struktura Společenství | vnější vztahy Evropské unie | volební proces a hlasování | volební výsledky | všeobecné volby | zahraniční politika

Shrnutí On 22 November 2015, Mauricio Macri, candidate of a coalition named 'Let's change' (Cambiemos), was elected president of Argentina. He will assume office on 10 December. Macri received 51.4 % of the vote in the second round of the presidential elections. His election ends 12 years of Peronist governments. Macri's victory owes much to the high number of votes he received in urban centres, particularly in the capital Buenos Aires and the second largest city, Córdoba. Despite Macri's final victory in the presidential elections, the 25 October parliamentary and provincial polls showed that the Peronist movement remains the principal political force. After the 25 October Congress elections, the Front for Victory (Frente para la Victoria, FpV), currently in government, remains the largest bloc in the new Congress, although it lost its absolute majority in the Chamber of Deputies. Macri faces the challenge of mobilising support in Congress for the new government's legislative proposals. The most likely scenario is that he will try to establish a coalition with the Peronist factions opposed to President Cristina Fernández and the FpV. The new government is likely to take measures to liberalise and open up the economy. The new government will seek strengthened links with the USA and the EU, and may well push for trade liberalisation in Mercosur. Macri has announced that he will ask for Mercosur's 'democratic clause' to be invoked against Venezuela. Macri has stressed the need to advance towards a Mercosur-EU free trade agreement. Overall, the change of government appears an opportunity for renewed relations between the EU and Argentina.

Briefing [EN](#), [ES](#)

[Candidate Selection Procedures for the European Elections](#)

Druh publikace Studie

Datum 15-04-2015

Externí autor PILET Jean-Benoit, VAN HAUTE Emilie and KELBEL Camille

Oblast Demokracie | Výhledové plánování

Klíčové slovo dokumentace | ekonomická geografie | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | evropské volby | GEOGRAFIE | informatika | kandidát | organizace strany | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | politická skupina (EP) | politická strana | politické strany | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | poslanec EP | rozdělení na volební kraje | sběr dat | srovnávací studie | volební proces a hlasování | VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ A KOMUNIKACE | členský stát EU

Shrnutí The Study provides a systematic and thorough account of candidate selection procedures for the European elections. It covers four aspects: (1) a general overview of candidate selection procedures in the major parties of all EU Member States; (2) a detailed account of the candidate selection procedures for a sample of countries/parties, based on an analysis of the formal and informal practices; (3) an investigation into the relations between national political parties, political groups in the EP, and the European political parties; and (4) the provision of recommendations as to how to improve the democratic quality of candidate selection for the European elections.

Studie [EN](#)

[Role and election of the President of the European Commission](#)

Druh publikace Briefing

Datum 11-07-2014

Autor POPTCHEVA Eva-Maria Alexandrova

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU

Klíčové slovo evropská integrace | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | evropské volby | jmenování poslanců | kandidát | legislativní proces EU | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | parlamentní proces | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | pravomoc institucí (EU) | práce parlamentu | právní předpisy Evropské unie | průhlednost rozhodování | předseda Komise ES | struktura Společenství | volební kampaň | volební proces a hlasování | vztahy mezi institucemi (EU) | člen Komise ES

Shrnutí The President of the European Commission (EC) has taken on an ever more prominent leading role within the College of Commissioners, with the increasingly presidential system eclipsing the principle of collegiate decision-making. With the European Council and European Parliament now together responsible for the appointment, the Presidency has not only become a much more politicised office, but the President has also gained greater influence vis-à-vis the other members of the Commission.

Briefing [EN](#)

[Electoral Lists ahead of the Elections to the European Parliament from a Gender Perspective](#)

Druh publikace Studie

Datum 15-05-2014

Externí autor Lenita Freidenvall, Hedvig Stahre and Silvia Sansonetti (Fondazione Giacomo Brodolini)

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU | Genderové otázky, rovnost žen a mužů a rozmanitost

Klíčové slovo ekonomická geografie | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | evropské volby | Evropský institut pro rovnost žen a mužů | GEOGRAFIE | kandidát | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | politická reprezentace | politická strana | politické strany | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | politický život a bezpečnost veřejnosti | práva a svobody | PRÁVO | rovnost žen a mužů | rovné zacházení | SOCIÁLNÍ OTÁZKY | sociální vztahy | volební proces a hlasování | volební systém | členský stát EU | ženská otázka

Shrnutí Upon request of the FEMM Committee, this study provides a detailed analysis of the existing electoral systems for the European 2014 elections from a gender perspective in the 28 EU Member States. It also presents and scrutinises the electoral lists of the Member States from a gender perspective and presents the synthesis of the main findings from the lists. Some main conclusions are made on the basis of the mapping. They concern the relation between the adoption of legislated gender quotas and the implementation of quota provisions by national parties. The main study can be found in the first document, while the annex shows the country reports in the following order: (1) Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Germany, Denmark, Estonia (2) Greece, Spain, Finland, France, Croatia, Hungary, Ireland, (3) Italy, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Latvia, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, (4) Portugal, Romania, Sweden, Slovakia, United Kingdom.

Studie [EN](#)

Příloha 1 [EN](#)

Příloha 2 [EN](#)

Příloha 3 [EN](#)

Příloha 4 [EN](#)

['Europeanisation' of the 2014 EP elections](#)

Druh publikace Ve stručnosti

Datum 27-06-2013

Autor POPTCHEVA Eva-Maria Alexandrova

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU

Klíčové slovo Evropa občanů | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | evropské volby | kandidát | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | předseda Komise ES | struktura Společenství | volební kampaň | volební proces a hlasování | volební program | volební účast

Shrnutí The European Parliament (EP) is the institution most often cited by EU citizens as guarantor of the representation of citizens' interests at EU level. However, elections to the EP are said to be 'second-order national elections', both regarding electoral procedure and electoral campaign topics. In order to redress this, many call for their 'Europeanisation'.

Ve stručnosti [EN](#)

[High Expectations of the Moderate Cleric's Victory in Iran](#)

Druh publikace Briefing

Datum 14-06-2013

Autor D'ANGELO Sandro

Oblast Demokracie | Zahraniční věci

Klíčové slovo Asie a Oceánie | ekonomická geografie | ekonomické podmínky | EKONOMIKA | elektrárenský a jaderný průmysl | ENERGETIKA | GEOGRAFIE | hospodářská situace | islámský stát | jaderná politika | kandidát | mezinárodní bezpečnost | mezinárodní politika | mezinárodní politika | MEZINARODNÍ VZTAHY | nadpoloviční většina | politická geografie | politický rámec | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | prezidentské volby | vnitřní politika | volební proces a hlasování | volební systém | výkonné moc a státní správa | zahraniční politika | Irán

Shrnutí Centrist cleric Hassan Rowhani wins Iran's presidential election in a surprise landslide victory, securing 52 % of the votes. The Iranian presidential election took place at a time of unprecedented economic isolation. Rowhani's victory is due to an unprecedented upsurge of mobilisation a mere three days before the vote. President Rowhani will have little leeway in foreign policy matters, these powers belonging to the Supreme Leader, Ali Khamenei. Whether Rowhani will be willing to challenge the primacy of the clerical establishment remains to be seen. Voter turnout rose to 72 %. Out of the 51 million registered voters, 37.5 million came to the ballot box, with young voters accounting for one third. Haunted by the 2009 chaos, this election's voter turnout was instrumental in consolidating the foundations of the Islamic Republic. Ayatollah Khamenei played an instrumental role in the election, exercising great influence over the Guardian Council's vetting process. The Guardian Council disqualified reformist movement candidates. Esfandiar Rahim Mashaei, Ahmadinejad's heir, was also barred from running. The disqualification of Rafsanjani and Mashaei was a strong indicator of the clerical establishment's intent to micromanage the election. Recurrent allegations of rigged elections and fraud were further exacerbated by Khamenei's attempt to engineer the election. While the massive participation by Iranians and the choice of president are a reflection of a participatory electoral process, it is primarily a victory for the Supreme Leader. Khamenei successfully used the elections to legitimise the foundations of the Islamic Republic and redeem the situation after the massive protests of 2009. The electoral outcome will have little impact on Iran's regional policies, particularly as regards Syria, or on the nuclear issue. The election will, on the other hand, determine the fate of Iranians over the next four years. For Iranians, the election represented an opportunity

Briefing [EN](#)

[Workshop Proceedings on "Actions for Gender Balance in the European Parliament - EP Elections 2014"](#)

Druh publikace Studie

Datum 14-06-2013

Externí autor Elżbieta H. Oleksy (Women's Studies Centre , Department of Transatlantic and Media Studies, University of Lodz, Poland), Isabelle Kürschner (Germany), Michelle Randall (USA) and Serap Altinisik (European Women's Lobby, Fundraising Coordinator and Policy Officer, Brussels, Belgium)

Oblast Genderové otázky, rovnost žen a mužů a rozmanitost | Kultura

Klíčové slovo evropské volby | hromadné sdělovací prostředky | kandidát | komunikace | politická reprezentace | politická strana | politická účast | politické strany | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | politický život a bezpečnost veřejnosti | práva a svobody | PRÁVO | rovnost žen a mužů | SOCIÁLNÍ OTÁZKY | sociální vztahy | volební proces a hlasování | VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ A KOMUNIKACE | ženská otázka

Shrnutí Proceedings of the workshop on "Actions for gender balance in the European Parliament - EP Elections 2014", held on 20 June 2013 in Brussels.

Studie [EN](#)

[Independent Candidates in National and European Elections](#)

Druh publikace Studie

Datum 15-04-2013

Externí autor Piret Ehin, Ülle Madise, Mihkel Solvak, Rein Taagepera, Kristjan Vassil and Priit Vinkel

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU

Klíčové slovo ekonomická analýza | EKONOMIKA | evropské volby | kandidát | nezávislý | parlament | parlamentní klub | parlamentní volby | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | poslanecký mandát | rozdělení hlasovacích listků | statistika | volební proces a hlasování | všeobecné volby | způsob hlasování

Shrnutí Independent candidates remain marginal vote-getters in the vast majority of elections in which they compete. However, they do regularly win seats in legislative assemblies in a number of European countries, and occasionally achieve surprise victories in others. Half of the EU member states currently grant ballot access to independents in national legislative elections, while only a quarter of member states allow non-party candidates in European Parliament elections. Ballot access requirements for independents vary widely across EU-27 but tend to be more stringent for European elections than for national elections. Independent candidates perform better in systems with plurality rule or preferential voting compared to party-list PR systems. They win seats in single-member districts and low-magnitude multi-member districts. Although independents are expected to benefit from electoral rules that make politics more candidate-centered, the performance of non-party candidates does not depend on the modality of lists (open or closed). The vote for independents has elements of a protest vote. Voters who vote for independent candidates tend to be more critical of the government and less satisfied with the way democracy works in their country than party-voters. They are also less likely to feel close to any political party. When independent candidates are elected to office, they frequently join parties and parliamentary party groups. Thus, independence is often not a principled position but a temporary status resulting from circumstantial choices made by individuals competing for political office.

Studie [EN](#)

[Presidential Elections in Venezuela : Towards 20 Years of Bolivarian Revolution ?](#)

Druh publikace Briefing

Datum 26-10-2012

Autor TERRYN Tristan Rueben | TVEVAD Jesper

Oblast Demokracie | Zahraniční věci

Klíčové slovo Amerika | ekonomická geografie | ekonomické podmínky | EKONOMIKA | GEOGRAFIE | hospodářská situace | kandidát | monitorování voleb | nadpoloviční většina | politická geografie | politický rámec | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | prezidentské volby | socialismus | SOCIALNÍ OTÁZKY | sociální vztahy | společenský rozvoj | Venezuela | volební kampaň | volební proces a hlasování | volební výsledky

Shrnutí President Hugo Chávez won his fourth presidential election, with 55.1% of the vote, almost 11% more than his main rival, Henrique Capriles, the candidate of a united opposition. Voter turnout was very high and voting took place in a calm atmosphere, with no irregularities reported. President Chávez was supported by a broad alliance led by his own United Socialist Party of Venezuela. He campaigned on a platform to reinforce social and economic change. Henrique Capriles was backed by an alliance integrating nearly all the opposition. Capriles campaigned on a platform advocating moderation and pragmatic solutions to solve Venezuela's problems. Both candidates recognised the result of the elections and stated their commitment to dialogue. However, it is doubtful whether this will lead to a more cooperative political climate. State elections will take place in mid-December, meaning that the government-opposition rivalry continues. Despite being cleared of cancer in July 2012, Chávez's health has led some to doubt whether he will conclude his new six-year term. The appointment of Nicolas Maduro as Vice President could be considered a possible succession strategy. The re-elected President Chávez and his government will need to address a number of challenges. Among the most important are the increase in crime rates and violence. Many analysts expect a devaluation of the currency, which could drive up the country's already high inflation rates. Yet, if oil prices remain high, the country should enjoy a substantial trade surplus and steady revenues, meaning that current economic policies are unlikely to change.

Briefing [EN](#)

[Criteria, Conditions, and Procedures for Establishing a Political Party in the Member States of the European Union](#)

Druh publikace Studie

Datum 15-10-2012

Externí autor Jean-Benoit PILET and Emilie VAN HAUTE (Centre d'étude de la vie politique - Cevipol , Institute for European Studies - IEE , Faculté des Sciences sociales et Politiques - FSP of the Université Libre de Bruxelles - ULB)

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU

Klíčové slovo demokracie | evropská strana | kandidát | kontrolní úřad | politická strana | politický rámec | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | volební proces a hlasování | volební systém | založení strany

Shrnutí This study has been prepared by the Centre d'étude de la vie politique (Cevipol), part of the Institute for European Studies (IEE) and the Faculté des sciences sociales et politiques (FSP) of the Université Libre de Bruxelles (ULB). It covers four aspects: 1) An overview of the existing criteria, conditions, and procedures for establishing a political party applying in the 27 Member States of the European Union. 2) An examination of how to amend current party statutes, notably at the European level, in order to create a more lively internal party democracy. 3) The development of suggestions towards a legal base of a future European party statute under EU law. 4) The development of proposals on how to involve the European Electoral Authority in the management and supervision of European political parties.

Studie [DE](#), [EN](#), [FR](#)

[How to create a Transnational Party System](#)

Druh publikace Studie

Datum 15-07-2010

Externí autor Luciano Bardi, Edoardo Bressanelli, Enrico Calossi, Wojciech Gagatek, Peter Mair, Eugenio Pizzimenti

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU

Klíčové slovo evropská strana | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | evropské volby | evropský volební systém | kandidát | organizace strany | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | parlament | parlamentní klub | politická strana | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | poslanec EP | volební proces a hlasování | volební právo

Shrnutí This study has been prepared by the Observatory on Political Parties and Representation (OPPR), part of the European Democracy Observatory (EUDO) at the European University Institute (EUI). It covers four aspects: 1) An analysis of the political doctrine and programme of major political parties in several Member States. 2) An examination of current procedures applied to political parties to choose leaders for European Office. 3) The development of proposals on how to help a European political party system evolve from national structures strongly influenced by historical traditions and cultural factors. 4) Suggestions regarding the extent to which the European electoral system and different systems of party financing would have to be revised in order to facilitate the above objectives.

Studie [EN](#)

[The Selection of Candidates for the European Parliament by National Parties and the Impact of European Political Parties](#)

Druh publikace Studie

Datum 16-03-2009

Externí autor Jean-Benoît Pilet, Romyana Kolarova, Vladimir Shopov, Mats Braun, Vít Beneš, Jan Karlas, Mette Buskjær Christensen, Ian Manners, Mathias Jopp, Tobias Heller, Jeannette Pabst, Piret Ehin, Antonis Papayannidis, Nikos Frangakis, Anna Vallianatou, Ignacio Molina, Olivier Rozenberg, Joseph Curtin, Giulia Sandri, Achilles C. Emilianiades, Christina Ioannou, Giorgos Kentas, Toms Rostoks, Veiko Spolitis, Gabriella Ilonszki, Réka Várnagy, Eva Huijbregts, Nel van Dijk, Nieves E. Kautny, Maria Karasinska-Fendler, Marina Costa Lobo, José Reis Santos, Elena Iorga, Sabina Kajnč, Vladimír Bilčík, Zuzan Ľisoňová, Rauli Mickelsson, Hannu Nurmi, Magnus Blomgren, Brendan Donnelly, Ana-Maria Boromisa

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU

Klíčové slovo demokratický deficit | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | evropské volby | kandidát | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | politická strana | politické strany | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | poslanec EP | volební proces a hlasování

Shrnutí This study compares the procedures applied by national political parties when they select their candidates for the European elections. It analyses the background in national law, the formal party statutes and the informal processes preparing the final selection. The report covers the calendar, selection criteria and structural characteristics of candidate nomination in the major political parties of the Member States, including the impact of European political parties.

Studie [EN](#)

[Electoral Gender Quota Systems and their Implementation in Europe](#)

Druh publikace Studie

Datum 01-09-2008

Externí autor Drude Dahlerup and Lenita Freidenwall with the assistance of Eleonora Stolt, Katarina Bivald and Lene Persson-Weiss (WIP - Women in Politics Research Centre, Department of Political Science, Stockholm University, in cooperation with International IDEA)

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU | Genderové otázky, rovnost žen a mužů a rozmanitost

Klíčové slovo kandidát | politická strana | politické strany | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | práva a svobody | PRÁVO | rovnost žen a mužů | SOCIÁLNÍ OTÁZKY | sociální vztahy | volební proces a hlasování | volební právo | volební systém | volební číslo | účast žen

Shrnutí Although controversial, electoral gender quotas are in use in almost half of the countries in the world today. This study maps the diffusion of gender quotas in Europe and lists the many different types of quotas in use. The arguments for and against quotas are studied, and the implementation and effect of gender quotas are scrutinised. In-depth case studies have been conducted of eight countries, four with legislated gender quotas – Belgium, France, Slovenia and Spain – and four with voluntary gender quotas – Germany, Poland, Sweden and the United Kingdom. The study shows that gender quotas have led to remarkably rapid increases in women's representation in some cases but also to disappointment in other cases.

Studie [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#)

[Which Electoral Procedures Seem Appropriate for a Multi-Level Polity ?](#)

Druh publikace Podrobná analýza

Datum 15-04-2008

Externí autor Ken Ritchie (Electoral Reform Society)

Oblast Demokracie, institucionální a parlamentní právo EU

Klíčové slovo ekonomická geografie | EVROPSKÁ UNIE | evropské volby | Evropský parlament | evropský volební systém | GEOGRAFIE | kandidát | orgány EU a evropská veřejná služba | politický rámec | POLITICKÝ ŽIVOT | poměrné zastoupení | volební proces a hlasování | volební účast | zastupitelská demokracie | členský stát EU

Shrnutí This note was presented by the author for a workshop organised by the Committee on Constitutional Affairs on 25/26 March 2008. It describes some possible changes to the electoral procedures applicable for the European elections. A particular suggestion concerns the introduction of more open lists in order to enable citizens to select the individual candidates of their choice.

Podrobná analýza [EN](#)