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Liste des publications du Think Tank du PE

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Critères de recherche utilisés pour générer la liste :

Tri Tri par date
Mot-clé "force à l'étranger"

5 Résultat(s) trouvé(s)

Date de création : 19-04-2024

Establishing an EU rapid deployment capacity

Type de publication En bref

Date 11-04-2023

Auteur CLAPP SEBASTIAN

Domaine politique Sécurité et défense

Mot-clé armement | budget de la défense | construction européenne | défense | force à l'étranger | politique européenne de défense | politique étrangère et de sécurité commune | RELATIONS INTERNATIONALES | stratégie de l'UE | UNION EUROPÉENNE

Résumé One of the flagship proposals of the Strategic Compass adopted in March 2022 is the creation of a new rapid reaction force for responses to crises outside the EU. This rapid deployment capacity (RDC) will be a modular force of 5 000 personnel that should be fully operational by 2025. To establish the RDC, important issues, particularly on cost-sharing, decision-making, size, readiness and enablers need to be resolved.

En bref [EN](#)

Russian military presence in the Eastern Partnership Countries

Type de publication Analyse approfondie

Date 04-07-2016

Auteur LEGRAND Jérôme

Auteur externe Isabelle FACON, Fondation pour la recherche stratégique, (FRS), France

Domaine politique Affaires étrangères | Sécurité et défense

Mot-clé base militaire | Biélorussie | construction européenne | contentieux territorial | coopération militaire | défense | entraînement militaire | Europe | force à l'étranger | GÉOGRAPHIE | géographie politique | géographie économique | Moldavie | occupation militaire | pays du Caucase | politique de coopération | politique européenne de voisinage | RELATIONS INTERNATIONALES | Russie | stationnement des forces | sécurité internationale | Ukraine | UNION EUROPÉENNE

Résumé The workshop was organized on June 15, 2016 at the initiative of the Subcommittee on Security and Defence (SEDE) with the aim of assessing the quantitative and qualitative parameters of Russian military presence in the Eastern Partnership Countries, and its implications for European security. Dr. Anna Maria Dwyer, Analyst with the Polish Institute of International Affairs (PISM) and Coordinator of PISM's Eastern European Programme, covered Belarus, Moldova and Ukraine. Dr. Gaïdz Minassian, Senior Lecturer at Sciences Po Paris and Associate Research Fellow at the French Fondation pour la Recherche stratégique, covered Armenia, Georgia and Azerbaijan.

Analyse approfondie [EN](#)

Russia in Syria: Playing for high stakes

Type de publication En bref

Date 15-01-2016

Auteur RUSSELL Martin

Domaine politique Affaires étrangères

Mot-clé aide aux réfugiés | Amérique | armement | Asie - Océanie | base militaire | cadre politique | culture et religion | défense | Europe | force à l'étranger | guerre | GÉOGRAPHIE | géographie politique | géographie économique | immigration | intervention militaire | intégrisme religieux | migration | personnel militaire | politique de coopération | QUESTIONS SOCIALES | RELATIONS INTERNATIONALES | Russie | règlement des différends | Syrie | sécurité internationale | terrorisme | VIE POLITIQUE | vie politique et sécurité publique | violence d'État | État islamique | États-Unis

Résumé Russia, a staunch ally of Syrian President, Bashar al-Assad, has launched a wave of airstrikes in defence of its significant economic, military and geopolitical interests in the country. While the Syria campaign has helped Russia to project itself as a global player, it also presents significant risks.

En bref [EN](#)

The international coalition to counter ISIL/Da'esh (the 'Islamic State')

Type de publication Briefing

Date 17-03-2015

Auteur CIRLIG Carmen-Cristina

Domaine politique Sécurité et défense

Mot-clé Afrique | Asie - Océanie | Conseil de sécurité ONU | construction européenne | coopération internationale | coopération militaire | défense | force à l'étranger | GÉOGRAPHIE | géographie politique | géographie économique | intervention militaire | Iraq | Libye | Nations unies | occupation militaire | ORGANISATIONS INTERNATIONALES | politique de coopération | politique internationale | politique étrangère et de sécurité commune | question internationale | RELATIONS INTERNATIONALES | résolution ONU | situation politique | Syrie | sécurité internationale | sécurité régionale | terrorisme | UNION EUROPÉENNE | VIE POLITIQUE | vie politique et sécurité publique

Résumé The rapid advance of the terrorist group ISIL/Da'esh in Iraq and Syria during the summer of 2014 and its stated expansionist goals has convinced the region and the entire world of the imminent security threat that the group represents. As large parts of Iraqi and Syrian territory are now under ISIL/Da'esh control, and as the group is expanding its influence over armed groups in several countries in the Middle East and North Africa, the United States (US) has led efforts to create a global coalition to combat ISIL/Da'esh.

At the moment, the coalition comprises more than 60 countries, contributing in various ways to the joint effort. While only a small number of these countries, led by the US, have launched a military airstrike campaign against ISIL/Da'esh positions in both Iraq and Syria, other members of the coalition have pledged troops to advise and train the Iraqi and Kurdish forces (and soon also selected Syrian moderate forces), military equipment or humanitarian aid in coordination with the United Nations.

The briefing aims to present the context of the formation of the international coalition against ISIL/Da'esh, the contributions of participating countries, as well as a brief assessment at this stage of the coalition's role in combatting ISIL/Da'esh.

Briefing [EN](#)

The African Peace and Security Architecture: Still under Construction

Type de publication Briefing

Date 14-03-2014

Auteur KAROCK Ulrich

Domaine politique Sécurité et défense

Mot-clé Afrique | coopération militaire | défense | financement de l'UE | finances de l'Union européenne | force multinationale | force à l'étranger | GÉOGRAPHIE | géographie politique | géographie économique | ingérence | institutions de l'Union européenne et fonction publique européenne | intervention militaire | maintien de la paix | organisation africaine | organisations extra-européennes | ORGANISATIONS INTERNATIONALES | politique de coopération | prévention des conflits | RELATIONS INTERNATIONALES | République centrafricaine | Somalie | structure institutionnelle | sécurité internationale | UNION EUROPÉENNE

Résumé The African Peace and Security Architecture (APSA) was established by the African Union in collaboration with Africa's Regional Economic Communities with the goal of preventing, managing and resolving conflicts on the continent. The impetus for its creation in 2001, in parallel with the African Union, was the 1994 genocide in Rwanda. The African Union's Constitutive Act allows it to intervene in a member state in grave circumstances, such as genocide, war crimes, and crimes against humanity. Yet building the APSA has been slower than expected, and to some extent the process remains incomplete. The African Standby Force, the APSA's military and police arm, has yet to become fully operational, and the African Union's Peace Fund remains under-funded. As a result, the EU has become a major investor in the project. To date, EUR 740 million have been earmarked by the EU to establish the African Peace and Security Architecture and to conduct peace support operations, such as the African Union Mission to Somalia (AMISOM) and the Mission to the Central African Republic.

Briefing [EN](#)