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Europski parlament Parlamento europeo Eiropas Parlaments Europos Parlamentas Európai Parlament  
Parlament Ewropew Europees Parlement Parlament Europejski Parlamento Europeu Parlamentul European  
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## Liosta foilseachán ó Mheitheal Machnaimh PE

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Critéir chuardaigh a úsáidtear chun an liosta a ghiniúint :

|                                                                              |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Sortáil   Sortáil de réir dáta<br>Eochairfhocal   "ganntanas lucht saothair" |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

17 Toradh/Torthaí

Dáta cruthaithe : 18-04-2024

## Proposal to make 2023 European Year of Skills

Saghas foilseacháin Srachféachaint

Dáta 25-11-2022

Údar PAPE Marketa

Réimse beartas Fostaíocht

Eochairfhocal AN tAONTAS EORPACH | athoiliúint ghairmiúil | beartas eacnamaíoch | beartas fostaíochta an Aontais Eorpaigh | cabhair fostaíochta | Ciste Sóisialta na hEorpa | cáilíochtaí gairmiúla | EACNAMAÍOCHT | fostaíocht | FOSTAÍOCHT AGUS DÁLAÍ OIBRE | ganntanas lucht saothair | maoiniú an AE | margadh an tsaothair | oideachas | OIDEACHAS AGUS CUMARSAID | oideachas leantach | scileanna a uasdátú

Achoimre Following European Commission President Ursula von der Leyen's announcement in her 2022 State of the Union address, the Commission has formally proposed to make 2023 European Year of Skills. The aim is to give fresh impetus to lifelong learning, boost EU companies' competitiveness and help achieve the green and digital transitions in a socially fair manner. Building on existing EU action, the activities of the European year would promote skills policies and investment so as to address labour shortages and secure a better skilled workforce.

Srachféachaint [EN](#)

## Policies for long-term carers

Saghas foilseacháin Srachféachaint

Dáta 31-10-2021

Údar seachtarach Mikkel BARSJUND, Frederic DEWISPELAERE et al.

Réimse beartas Beartas Sóisialta | Coróinvíreas | Fostaíocht | Pleanáil Chun Cinn

Eochairfhocal AN tAONTAS EORPACH | An tÚdarás Eorpach Saothair | beartas comhair | CAIDREAMH IDIRNÁISIÚNTA | CEISTEANNA SÓISIALTA | cosaint shóisialta | cúnamh baile | cúram do dhaoine aosta | cúram fadtéarmach | DLÍ | dlí idirnáisiúnta | duine scothaosta | dálaí oibre | déimeagrafaíocht agus pobal | eagrú oibre agus dálaí oibre | FOSTAÍOCHT AGUS DÁLAÍ OIBRE | ganntanas lucht saothair | institiúidí an AE agus an tseirbhís shibhialta Eorpach | margadh an tsaothair | náisiúnach coigríche | oibrí imirceach | sláinte | tríú tír

Achoimre This study provides an in-depth analysis of the formal and informal long-term care workforce in the EU building on an extensive literature survey and data analysis. It looks at workforce characteristics, types and forms of (non-standard) employment, and working conditions. The study covers challenges in Member States related to the long-term care workforce and measures taken to address these. It ends with a discussion of policy options at national and EU level.

Srachféachaint [EN](#)

## Plenary round-up – September 2021

Saghas foilseacháin Srachféachaint

Dáta 17-09-2021

Údar FERGUSON CLARE | SOCHACKA KATARZYNA

Réimse beartas Daonlathas AE, Dlí Institiúideach agus Parlaiminteach

Eochairfhocal An Eorpa | An Ríocht Aontaithe | An Rúis | AN tAONTAS EORPACH | caidreamh an Aontais Eorpaigh | cead oibre | cearta agus saoirsí | CEISTEANNA SÓISIALTA | DLÍ | dlí an Aontais Eorpaigh | fostaíocht | FOSTAÍOCHT AGUS DÁLAÍ OIBRE | galair a chosc | ganntanas lucht saothair | geografaíocht eacnamaíoch | geografaíocht pholaitiúil | idirdhealú bunaithe ar ghnéas | margadh an tsaothair | sláinte | sláinte phoiblí | tarraingt siar ón AE | togra (AE) | TÍREOLAÍOCHT | tógáil Eorpach

Achoimre During the September 2021 plenary session in Strasbourg, Parliament held a number of debates, including on legislative proposals for health and disease prevention, and the Brexit Adjustment Reserve; as well as on natural disasters in Europe; the Pegasus spyware scandal; media freedom; and on further deterioration of the rule of law in Poland. Members debated Commission and Council statements on the July 2021 'Fit for 55' package of legislative proposals, in the light of the latest IPCC report. Council presented its position on the draft general EU budget for 2022, ahead of the Parliament voting its position during the October II session. Parliament also debated statements from the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy/Vice-President of the Commission, Josep Borell, on the situation in Afghanistan and in Lebanon. A number of other resolutions and legislative acts were adopted, inter alia on: the instrument for pre-accession assistance (IPA III); a new EU-China strategy; fair working conditions, rights and social protection for platform workers; and on guidelines for Member States' employment policies.

Srachféachaint [EN](#)

## Migrant seasonal workers in the European agricultural sector

Saghas foilseacháin Briefing

Dáta 26-02-2021

Údar AUGÈRE-GRANIER Marie-Laure

Réimse beartas Coróinvíreas | Talmhaíocht agus Forbairt Tuaithe

Eochairfhocal CEISTEANNA SÓISIALTA | creat sóisialta | córais feirmeoireachta | DLÍ | dlí idirnáisiúnta | dálaí maireachtála | dálaí oibre | eagrú oibre agus dálaí oibre | eipidéim | fostaíocht | FOSTAÍOCHT AGUS DÁLAÍ OIBRE | fostaíocht shéasúrach | galar coróinvíris | ganntanas lucht saothair | lucht saothair talmhaíochta | margadh an tsaothair | náisiúnach coigríche | oibrí imirceach | oibrí séasúrach | saorghluaiseacht oibríthe | sláinte | TALMHAÍOCHT, FORAOISEACHT AGUS IASCACH

Achoimre The EU fruit and vegetable sector is heavily dependent on a non-national labour force, either from other EU Member States or third countries. Germany, Italy, Spain, France and Poland, in particular, employ high numbers of migrant seasonal farm workers. While these numbers have been steadily increasing, they compensate only partly for the ongoing decline in national agricultural workforces. Migrant seasonal workers from the EU are entitled to fully equal treatment with nationals of the host country under the fundamental right to the free movement of workers within the EU, whereas third-country nationals are covered by the Seasonal Workers Directive of 2014, which grants them equal treatment as regards terms of employment and some social benefits. EU Member States manage their own seasonal worker schemes depending on the needs of the domestic labour market, their ties with third countries and their broader immigration system. The reality of seasonal agricultural work is a harsh one, with generally poor working and living conditions. Undocumented migrants, but also legal ones, can fall victim to illegal gang-master practices or even modern forms of slavery. Exploitation of women occurs in certain regions. The coronavirus pandemic, which disrupted harvests in the spring of 2020 as seasonal workers faced travel restrictions, also highlighted their essential role in EU agriculture and laid bare their sometimes appalling working and living conditions. Reacting to this situation, the European Parliament adopted a resolution on the protection of seasonal workers in June 2020, calling on Member States to ensure proper implementation of the relevant EU legislation and on the European Commission to issue new specific guidelines and propose long-term solutions to fight abusive practices and protect victims. In July 2020, the Commission responded to this call by issuing new guidelines on the protection of seasonal workers in the context of the pandemic, announcing further action, including ongoing work with the European Labour Authority.

Briefing [EN](#)

## Professional qualifications in inland navigation

Saghas foilseacháin Srachféachaint

Dáta 08-11-2017

Údar PAPE Marketa

Réimse beartas Fostaíocht | Iompar

Eochairfhocal criú | cáilíochtaí gairmiúla | cáilíochtaí gairmoiliúna a aithint | eagrú iompair | fostaíocht | FOSTAÍOCHT AGUS DÁLAÍ OIBRE | ganntanas lucht saothair | IOMPAR | loingseoireacht uiscebhealaí intíre | margadh an tsaothair | muiroiompar agus iompar ar uiscebhealaí intíre | rochtain ar ghairm

Achoimre As part of its efforts to reduce transport emissions, the EU wants to make better use of inland navigation. This requires addressing the limited labour mobility and shortage of qualified workers in the sector. The proposed directive seeks to establish one competence-based system of qualifications for workers on all EU inland waterways. Ultimately, the new rules aim to make jobs in inland navigation more attractive. Parliament is due to vote on the proposal in plenary in November.

Srachféachaint [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#), [PL](#)

Illmheáin [Professional qualifications in inland navigation](#)

## Migration and the EU: A long-term perspective

Saghas foilseacháin Briefing

Dáta 19-05-2016

Údar NOONAN EAMONN

Réimse beartas Pleanáil Chun Cinn | Réimse na Saoirse, na Slándála agus an Cheartais

Eochairfhocal AN tAONTAS EORPACH | aosú an daonra | beartas comhair | beartas imirce an Aontais Eorpaigh | cabhair do dhídeanaíthe | CAIDREAMH IDIRNÁISIÚNTA | CEISTEANNA SÓISIALTA | déimeagrafaíocht agus pobal | dídeanaí polaitíochta | FOSTAÍOCHT AGUS DÁLAÍ OIBRE | ganntanas lucht saothair | gluaiseacht imirceach | imirce | lánpháirtiú imirceach | margadh an tsaothair | oibrí imirceach | POLAITÍOCHT | polaitíocht agus sábháilteacht phoiblí | ról idirnáisiúnta an Aontais Eorpaigh | tógáil Eorpach

Achoimre Policy debate on migration understandably focuses on short-term challenges and costs, given the refugee wave that arrived in the EU in 2015. This briefing by contrast addresses challenges and opportunities for the EU of migration in the long term, and builds on foresight work within the European Strategy and Policy Analysis System (ESPAS). It identifies three areas which call for robust policy responses, at different levels, in the period to 2030 and beyond: demographic change and its implications for the supply of labour; the integration of migrants; and the international dimension of migration, including the prevention and management of refugee crises. The underlying assumption is that anticipatory policy (management by foresight) is preferable to, and more effective than, responsive policy (crisis management). Because the challenges posed by migration cross many sectoral and institutional boundaries, a comprehensive and coordinated response is needed. This in turn underlines the case for shared and strategic policy analysis across the EU institutions. Continual dialogue, sharing many different perspectives and with a focus on the medium and long term, is a path towards a common understanding of both challenges and choices.

Briefing [DE](#), [EN](#), [FR](#)

## Towards a Digital Single Market Act

Saghas foilseacháin Srachféachaint

Dáta 11-01-2016

Údar SZCZEPANSKI Marcin

Réimse beartas An Margadh Inmheánach agus an tAontas Custam | Saincheisteanna Eacnamaíochta agus Airgeadaíochta

Eochairfhocal AIRGEADAS | AN tAONTAS EORPACH | CEISTEANNA SÓISIALTA | cosaint shóisialta | cosaint tomhaltóirí | cumarsáid | cumhacht feidhmiúcháin agus seirbhís phoiblí | eagrú gnó | faisnéis agus próiseáil faisnéise | fiontraíocht | FOSTAÍOCHT AGUS DÁLAÍ OIBRE | ganntanas lucht saothair | GNÓ AGUS IOMAÍOCHT | gréasán tarchurtha | litearthacht dhigiteach | maoiniú agus infheistíocht | maoiniúchán corparáideach | margadh an tsaothair | margadh aonair | margáíocht | OIDEACHAS AGUS CUMARSAID | POLAITÍOCHT | ríomhrialtas | ríomhthráchtáil | slándáil shóisialta | tomhaltas | TRÁDÁIL | tógáil Eorpach

Achoimre In May 2015, the Commission adopted a strategic proposal entitled 'A Digital Single Market Strategy for Europe', comprising 16 legislative and non-legislative initiatives to be delivered by the end of 2016. A report by the Committees on Internal Market and Consumer Protection (IMCO) and on Industry, Research and Energy (ITRE), elaborating on the Strategy and its impact on society and economy, is due to be discussed in plenary in January.

Srachféachaint [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#), [PL](#)

## Matching skills and jobs in the European Union

Saghas foilseacháin Briefing

Dáta 05-01-2016

Údar KISS Monika

Réimse beartas Fostaíocht | Oideachas

Eochairfhocal AN tAONTAS EORPACH | beartas fostaíochta an Aontais Eorpaigh | cáilíochtaí gairmiúla | EURES | fostaíocht | FOSTAÍOCHT AGUS DÁLAÍ OIBRE | gairmoiliúint | ganntanas lucht saothair | inoiriúnaitheacht na n-oibríthe | maoiniú AE | maoiniú an AE | margadh an tsaothair | pleanáil daonchumhachta | saorghluaiseacht oibríthe | scileanna a uasdátú | soghluaisteacht lucht saothair

Achoimre Skills mismatch (the discrepancy between workers' skills and labour market needs) is not only a problem encountered by jobseekers; it also affects employees working in positions below their levels of qualification or outside their fields of study, and concerns some groups of older workers that face difficulties in keeping their skills up to date.

According to studies, various solutions include adapting education and training more closely to labour market needs; providing flexible arrangements and appropriate facilities at the workplace; and enhancing labour mobility and lifelong learning. In order to better understand skills mismatch, the European Centre for the Development of Vocational Training (Cedefop) carried out in 2014 the first pan-European skills survey, the initial results of which were published in October 2015.

The European Union (EU) is dealing with the issue of skills mismatch in different ways, particularly by making recommendations to national and/or local authorities responsible for labour markets or for the content of education and training; enhancing the mobility of workers, for example through deepening international cooperation; implementing Community instruments such as the job search platform EURES; and facilitating the matching of skills and jobs through EU funding.

Briefing [EN](#)

## Employment and Skills Aspects of the Digital Single Market Strategy

Saghas foilseacháin Staidéar

Dáta 16-11-2015

Údar seachtarach Daphne Valsamis (IDEA Consult)

Réimse beartas Beartas Sóisialta | Fostaíocht

Eochairfhocal an bhearna dhigiteach | AN tAONTAS EORPACH | anailís eacnamaíoch | bainistíocht pearsanra agus fócaíocht foirne | CEISTEANNA SÓISIALTA | cineál nua fostaíochta | cosaint shóisialta | cumarsáid | dlí an tsaothair | dlí an tsaothair agus caidreamh oibreachais | dálaí oibre | diffeidhmeacht scileanna | EACNAMAÍOCHT | eagrú oibre agus dálaí oibre | faisnéis agus próiseáil faisnéise | fostaíocht | FOSTAÍOCHT AGUS DÁLAÍ OIBRE | gairmoiliúint | ganntanas lucht saothair | iarmhairt eacnamaíoch | litearthacht dhigiteach | margadh an tsaothair | margadh aonair | margáíocht | OIDEACHAS AGUS CUMARSAID | riarachán pearsanra | ríomhthráchtáil | seirbhís poist | slándáil shóisialta | teileaoibriú | TRÁDÁIL | tógáil Eorpach

Achoimre The ongoing and anticipated impact of digitalisation and the digital single market not only provides opportunities, but also presents challenges in terms of the job dynamics and changes in working conditions. The net effects of digitalisation on employment are ambiguous, but job losses in certain sectors are inevitable. Classic employer-employee relationships are also under pressure. The transformation of jobs calls for different skills requirements which could lead to growing skill gaps and mismatch in the labour market.

Staidéar [EN](#)

## Labour Market Shortages in the European Union

Saghas foilseacháin Srachféachaint

Dáta 22-09-2015

Údar KRAATZ Susanne

Réimse beartas Beartas Sóisialta | Fostaíocht | Tionscal

Eochairfhocal beartas fostaíochta an Aontais Eorpaigh | CEISTEANNA SÓISIALTA | doiciméadacht | foilseachán an Aontais Eorpaigh | fostaíocht | FOSTAÍOCHT AGUS DÁLAÍ OIBRE | gairmoliúint | ganntanas lucht saothair | imirce | imirce ghairme | margadh an tsaothair | oibrí oilte | OIDEACHAS AGUS CUMARSAID | saorghluaiseacht oibrithe

Achoimre Employment and Social Affairs Committee requested a study on Labour market Shortages in the European Union to provide a comprehensive overview of labour shortages in the European Union as there is evidence that in many countries considerable unemployment coexists with difficult to fill vacancies. This study analyses the different types and causes of labour shortages, their occurrence within the EU-28 and lists possible solutions for employers, Member States and the European Union to counter these labour shortages. The study includes a number of cases studies on good practices developed in different Member States. This leaflet presents the key findings of the study.

Srachféachaint [EN](#)

## Third-country migration and European labour markets: Integrating foreigners

Saghas foilseacháin Briefing

Dáta 16-07-2015

Údar POPTCHEVA Eva-Maria Alexandrova | STUCHLIK Andrej

Réimse beartas Fostaíocht | Réimse na Saoirse, na Slándála agus an Cheartais

Eochairfhocal acquis an Chomhphobail | AN tAONTAS EORPACH | beartas imirce an Aontais Eorpaigh | cead cónaithe | cead oibre | CEISTEANNA SÓISIALTA | DLÍ | dlí an Aontais Eorpaigh | dlí idirnáisiúnta | dífhostaíocht imirceach | fostaíocht | FOSTAÍOCHT AGUS DÁLAÍ OIBRE | ganntanas lucht saothair | imirce | imirce ghairme | lánpháirtíú i bhfostaíocht | lánpháirtíú imirceach | margadh an tsaothair | oibrí imirceach | oibrí séasúrach | staidreamh fostaíochta

Achoimre The EU faces long-term economic challenges. Its population is ageing, and its economy is increasingly dependent on jobs requiring high levels of skills. Therefore, during the last ten years, the EU has come to consider managed migration as an increasingly important way to provide European economies with the talent they need. Managing legal migration and integrating third-country nationals has significantly evolved in that time, following a sectoral approach. Several new legal instruments have been introduced – most importantly, the Single Permit and the Blue Card Directive, in 2011 and 2009 respectively – in order to facilitate permanent residence and assist in attracting highly skilled workers. The European Union's 'Stockholm Programme' of 2009, and the Commission's 'European Agenda for the Integration of Third-country nationals' of 2011, both pointed to the most crucial element in the successful integration of migrants being their participation in the labour market. Since then, the situation has improved in only a few Member States. Recent data confirm the persistent disadvantages for third-country nationals manifested in their employment and unemployment rates.

Briefing [EN](#)

## Proceedings of the Workshop on the Impact of the Crisis on Skills Shortages

Saghas foilseacháin Staidéar

Dáta 15-07-2015

Údar seachtarach Paul de Beer, Maarten Gerard and Anja Meierkoord (Idea consult) ; Konstantinos Pouliakas (Cedefop) ; John Mc Grath (SOLAS) ; Solveigh Hieronimus (McKinsey & Company)

Réimse beartas Fostaíocht | Saincheisteanna Inscne, Comhionannas agus Éagsúlacht

Eochairfhocal beartas fostaíochta an Aontais Eorpaigh | cáilíochtaí gairmiúla | céad phost | dífhostaíocht | folúntas | fostaíocht | FOSTAÍOCHT AGUS DÁLAÍ OIBRE | fostaíocht don aos óg | ganntanas lucht saothair | margadh an tsaothair | oibrí imirceach | oibrí oilte | riachtanais daonchumhachta | saorghluaiseacht oibrithe | scileanna a uasdátú | soghluaisteacht lucht saothair | solúbthacht lucht saothair

Achoimre A workshop on "The impact of the crisis on skills shortages" was held in the European Parliament in Brussels on 23 March 2015. This Policy Department A document contains the programme, a summary of discussions, background papers and the presentations of that workshop.

Staidéar [EN](#)

## The Added Value of EU policy in Education: European Added Value in Action

Saghas foilseacháin Srachféachaint

Dáta 18-03-2015

Údar CASALPRIM Eva

Réimse beartas Breisluch Eorpach | Oideachas

Eochairfhocal aithint dioplómaí | AN tAONTAS EORPACH | ardoideachas | beartas comhair | caidreamh idir an scoil agus an saol oibre | CAIDREAMH IDIRNÁISIÚNTA | CEISTEANNA SÓISIALTA | clár an Aontais Eorpaigh | comhar san oideachas | cultúr agus reiligiún | córas oideachais | dlí an Aontais Eorpaigh | eagrú na múinteoireachta | faisnéis agus próiseáil faisnéise | FOSTAÍOCHT AGUS DÁLAÍ OIBRE | féiniúlacht Eorpach | ganntanas lucht saothair | inniúlacht de chuid an Aontais Eorpaigh | litearthacht dhigiteach | malartú oideachasúil | maoiniú AE | maoiniú an AE | margadh an tsaothair | múinteoireacht | oideachas | OIDEACHAS AGUS CUMARSAID | tógáil Eorpach

Achoimre In recent years, the EU has developed a European dimension to education, notably in the area of higher education, where it has stimulated mobility of students and teachers. In the last two decades, major progress has also been made in harmonizing university degree structures and increasing the compatibility of higher education systems. The benefits of the support given to education at a Union level derive from the cross-border character of the activities in the field, which are additional to those developed at national or regional levels. It is worth noting that only EU programmes guarantee that all Member States benefit from mobility and exchange of good practices in the area while ensuring optimal dissemination of results. Hence, EU action in the ground is a way of filling in the missing links, avoiding fragmentation and realising the potential of a border-free Europe. In practical terms, the implementation of programmes by the EU offers better value for money and economies of scale - than a series of wholly bilateral relations between Member States in this field would allow- because externalities can be addressed, resources or expertise pooled, and action better coordinated. This 'At a Glance' publication is part of a series of summaries of the added value of existing EU policies in practice. Previous publications in this series include summaries of the benefits of the European single market and the added value of EU action in the field of mobile telephone roaming charges.

Srachféachaint [EN](#)

## EMN Synthesis Report : Satisfying Labour Demand through Migration

Saghas foilseacháin Staidéar

Dáta 15-06-2011

Údar seachtarach European Migration Network

Réimse beartas Dlí AE: Córas Dlí agus Ionstraimí | Fostaíocht | Réimse na Saoirse, na Slándála agus an Cheartais

Eochairfhocal beartas comhair | beartas imirce an Aontais Eorpaigh | CAIDREAMH IDIRNÁISIÚNTA | CEISTEANNA SÓISIALTA | comhar idirnáisiúnta | DLÍ | dlí idirnáisiúnta | fostaíocht | FOSTAÍOCHT AGUS DÁLAÍ OIBRE | ganntanas lucht saothair | imirce | margadh an tsaothair | margadh an tsaothair | náisiúnach coigríche | oibrí imirceach | rochtain ar ghairm

Achoimre This Synthesis Report summaries the main findings of the National Reports for the EMN Study on Satisfying Labour Demand through Migration undertaken by EMN National Contact Points from 23 Member States (Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Slovak Republic, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom). The overall purpose of this study was to identify those sectors experiencing shortages in the Member States, to outline the national strategies for addressing labour market needs with third-country national migrant workers and to gain an understanding of the perceived effectiveness of these strategies, including examining the impact of the recent economic downturn and recovery on them. The study covers the period from 2004 up to end of 2010 with statistics provided up to the end of 2009. The Synthesis Report, as well as the National Reports upon which this synthesis is based, are available from <http://www.emn.europa.eu> under "EMN Studies." Several of the National Reports are available in the Member States national language, as well as in English.

Staidéar [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#)

## The Shortage of Qualified Personnel in Maritime and Inland Waterway Transport

Saghas foilseacháin Staidéar

Dáta 15-06-2009

Údar seachtarach Karel Vanroye and Bart van Mol (Buck Consultants International, Belgium) in collaboration with the Institute of Shipping Economics and Logistics (Germany) and Catram Consultants (France)

Réimse beartas Fostaíocht | Iompar

Eochairfhocal AN tAONTAS EORPACH | bailiú sonraí | bainistíocht pearsanra agus fostaíocht foirne | comhfhogasú dlíthe | criú | cáilíochtaí gairmiúla | dlí an Aontais Eorpaigh | eagrú iompair | FOSTAÍOCHT AGUS DÁLAÍ OIBRE | ganntanas lucht saothair | IOMPAR | iompar uiscebhealaí intíre | margadh an tsaothair | muirompar | muirompar agus iompar ar uiscebhealaí intíre | oibrí oile | OIDEACHAS AGUS CUMARSAID | síl bheatha ghairmiúil | teicneolaíocht faisnéise agus próiseáil sonraí

Achoimre According to the social partners, other stakeholders and recent studies, the shortage of qualified personnel in maritime and inland waterway transport is posing problems. This study aims to provide background information on the causes and impact of this shortage.

Staidéar [DE](#), [EN](#), [FR](#), [NL](#)

Achoimre fheidhmeach [XL](#)

## Shortage of Qualified Personnel in Road Freight Transport

Saghas foilseacháin Staidéar

Dáta 15-05-2009

Údar seachtarach Manuela Samek Lodovici, Enrico Pastori, Caterina Corrias, Alessio Sitran, Cristina Tajani, Nicoletta Torchio and Andrea Appetecchia

Réimse beartas Dlí AE: Córas Dlí agus Ionstraimí | Fostaíocht | Iompar | Saincheisteanna Eacnamaíochta agus Airgeadaíochta

Eochairfhocal AN tAONTAS EORPACH | dálaí oibre | eagrú iompair | eagrú oibre agus dálaí oibre | FOSTAÍOCHT AGUS DÁLAÍ OIBRE | ganntanas lucht saothair | IOMPAR | iompar ar bóthar | iompar de thalamh | iompar earraí | lucht saothair | margadh an tsaothair | méadú an Aontais | tiománaithe | tógáil Eorpach

Achoimre The study provides a concise overview of the road freight transport sector, in the light of the structural issue of qualified driver shortage. In particular, this study analyses the multiplicity of factors affecting labour supply and demand, by taking into due consideration also the impacts of the current EU legislation and the effects of the present economic downturn.

Staidéar [DE](#), [EN](#), [FR](#), [NL](#)

Achoimre fheidhmeach [XL](#)

## Skilled Worker Migration and the Development Debate

Saghas foilseacháin Grinnanailís

Dáta 25-07-2007

Údar seachtarach Mr Johan Wets, researcher  
Katholieke Universiteit (KUL), Leuven, Belgium

Réimse beartas Cabhair Forbartha agus Dhaonnúil | Fostaíocht | Réimse na Saoirse, na Slándála agus an Cheartais

Eochairfhocal beartas imirce an Aontais Eorpaigh | CEISTEANNA SÓISIALTA | dálaí eacnamaíocha | dálaí oibre | EACNAMAÍOCHT | eagrú oibre agus dálaí oibre | FOSTAÍOCHT AGUS DÁLAÍ OIBRE | ganntanas lucht saothair | imirce | imirce daoine oilte | margadh an tsaothair | margadh an tsaothair | oibrí oilte | tíortha i mbéal forbartha | tír thionsclaithe

Grinnanailís [EN](#)