



Европейски парламент Parlamento Europeo Evropský parlament Europa-Parlamentet Europäisches Parlament
Euroopa Parlament Ευρωπαϊκό Κοινοβούλιο European Parliament Parlement européen Parlaimint na hEorpa
Europski parlament Parlamento europeo Eiripas Parlaments Europos Parlamentas Európai Parlament
Parlament Ewropew Europees Parlement Parlament Europejski Parlamento Europeu Parlamentul European
Európsky parlament Evropski parlament Euroopan parlamentti Europaparlamentet

Lijst van de EP Think Tank publicaties

<https://www.europarl.europa.eu/thinktank>

Gebuurkte zoekcriteria om de lijst te genereren :

Rangschik sorteer op datum
Zoekterm "onderzoeksverslag"

184 Resulta(a)t(en)

Datum opstelling : 18-04-2024

Technical Support Instrument: main features

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 24-11-2022

Auteur HECSEER ADRIANA HAJNALK | MOLITOR PIA HANNA

Beleidssterrein Coronavirus | Economische en monetaire zaken

Zoekterm coronavirusziekte | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch beleid | economisch herstel | economische en sociale samenhang | economische governance van de EU | economische situatie | epidemie | Europees Semester | EUROPESE UNIE | financieel EU-instrument | FINANCIËN | Financiën van de EU | gezondheid | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | samenwerkingsbeleid | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | structurele aanpassing | technische samenwerking

Samenvatting In order to help national authorities in improving their capacity to design, develop and implement reforms, including those covered by recovery and resilience plans, the European Parliament and the Council adopted on 10 February 2021 a regulation establishing a Technical Support Instrument. The Instrument may finance a broad range of technical assistance actions referring to policy areas related to cohesion, competitiveness and others, with specific emphasis on digital and just green transitions. This note presents its developments in 2022 and highlights some exemplary projects as well as its main characteristics, focusing notably in its connection with the EU economic governance, notably the Recovery and Resilience Facility and the European Semester for economic policy coordination.

[Uitgebreide analyse](#) [EN](#)

Country-Specific Recommendations for 2019, 2020 and 2021

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 29-09-2021

Auteur ANGERER Jost | GRIGAITA KRISTINA

Beleidssterrein Coronavirus | Economische en monetaire zaken

Zoekterm aanbeveling (EU) | belastingbeleid | belastingwezen | budgetair evenwicht | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch herstel | economische geografie | economische situatie | EU-lidstaat | Europees Semester | EUROPESE UNIE | FINANCIËN | GEOGRAFIE | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | overheidsfinanciën en begrotingsbeleid | Recht van de Europese Unie | verordening (EU) | voorstel (EU)

Samenvatting This document presents:

- The 2019 Country-Specific Recommendations (CSRs) adopted by the Council, in the framework of the European Semester, on 9 July 2019 (on the basis of European Commission proposals of 5 June 2019).
- The European Commission's assessments of the implementation of the 2019 CSRs based on its Country Reports published on 26 February 2020.
- The 2020 CSRs adopted by the Council, in the framework of the European Semester, on 20 July 2020 (on the basis of European Commission proposals of 20 May 2020).
- The 2021 fiscal recommendations (recommendations for Council opinions on the 2021 Stability and Convergence Programmes) adopted by the Council on 18 June 2021.
- During the 2021 Semester Cycle, exceptionally, due to the preparations and adoptions of the Recovery and Resilience Plans under the Recovery and Resilience Facility, no further Country Specific Recommendations (CSRs) have been issued under the European Semester.

[Studie](#) [EN](#)

Meeting the Green Deal objectives by alignment of technology and behaviour

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 09-07-2021

Auteur KONONENKO Vadim

Externe auteur This study has been written by Annika Hedberg (with the focus on food consumption), Said El Khadraoui (with the focus on mobility), and Vadim Kononenko (with the focus on understanding sustainable behaviour) at the request of the Panel for the Future of Science and Technology (STOA) and managed by the Scientific Foresight Unit, within the Directorate-General for Parliamentary Research Services (EPRS) of the Secretariat of the European Parliament.

Beleidssterrein Consumentenbescherming | Industrie | Landbouw en plattelandsontwikkeling | Milieu | Vervoer | Voedselveiligheid

Zoekterm Aantasting van het milieu | consumptie | dierlijk product | dierlijk product | documentatie | duurzame mobiliteit | ecologische voetafdruk | ECONOMIE, VERKEER EN HANDELSVERKEER | economisch verkeer | effecten van informatietechnologie | groene economie | Informatica en gegevensverwerking | invloed op het milieu | invoer (EU) | LANDBOUWVOEDINGSMIDDELEN | MILIEU | milieubeleid | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | toepassing van informatica | TRANSPORT | Vervoerbeleid | voedingsgewoonte | voedselverbruik | voedselverspilling

Samenvatting This study explores the prospects of aligning citizens' behaviour with the objectives of the European Green Deal in the domains of food consumption and mobility. Creating a climate-neutral and resource-efficient European economy requires a deep transformation of energy, mobility and food systems, as well as a change in production and consumption practices. Such profound change will impact both individuals and society. At the same time, the transition to sustainability will not succeed if people do not support it by adapting their behaviour and consumption patterns. This would imply change towards 'sustainable behaviour'. The study explores options for such sustainable behaviour, with a focus on mobility and food consumption. It identifies key challenges and possibilities in each domain and explores how technological solutions can help people adapt to sustainable behaviour in alignment with the objectives of the European Green Deal.

[Studie](#) [EN](#)

[Bijlage 1](#) [EN](#)

Research for TRAN Committee - The aviation and maritime sectors and the EU-ETS: challenges and impacts

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 09-07-2021
Externe auteur CE Delft: Dagmar NELISSEN, Jasper FABER
DLR: Sven MAERTENS, David ENNEN, Wolfgang GRIMME, Florian WOZNY
Beleidssterrein Vervoer
Zoekterm Aantasting van het milieu | boot | broeikasgas | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch gevolg | economische analyse | EU-regeling voor de emissiehandel | klimaatsverandering | lucht- en ruimtevervoer | luchtkwaliteit | MILIEU | milieubeleid | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | sociaal effect | sociale omstandigheden | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | TRANSPORT | vermindering van gasemissie | vervoer over zee en over binnenwateren | vliegtuig | zeevaart
Samenvatting This paper gives an initial overview of the market structure in a revised EU ETS for the European aviation and maritime sectors. Key design options like the scheme's geographical scope, the baseline year(s), cap and allocation of allowances, and – in the case of aviation – the relationship with CORSIA, can have impacts on the competitive situation of EU carriers and vessels. This is the first stage in the research project focusing on the implementation and socio-economic perspectives related to the eventual inclusion of aviation and maritime in the EU ETS system. The analysis of the Commission's proposal is expected to follow in fall 2021.
Studie [EN](#)
Samenvatting [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#)

Exchanges of Personal Data After the Schrems II Judgment

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 08-07-2021
Externe auteur Ian BROWN, Visiting CyberBRICS professor at Fundação Getulio Vargas (FGV) Law School in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil
Douwe KORFF, Emeritus Professor of International Law, London Metropolitan University, UK
Beleidssterrein Ruimte van vrijheid, veiligheid en recht
Zoekterm Amerika | arrest van het Hof (EU) | documentatie | economische geografie | eerbiediging van het privé-leven | EUROPESE UNIE | gegevensbescherming | GEOGRAFIE | Informatica en gegevensverwerking | informaticarecht | informatie en informatieverwerking | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | persoonlijke gegevens | politieke geografie | RECHT | Recht van de Europese Unie | rechten en vrijheden | uitwisseling van informatie | Verenigde Staten | verordening (EU)
Samenvatting This study, commissioned by the European Parliament's Policy Department for Citizens' Rights and Constitutional Affairs at the request of the LIBE Committee, examines reforms to the legal framework for the exchange of personal and other data between the EU and the USA that would be necessary to ascertain that the requirements of EU law are satisfied and that the rights of EU citizens are respected, following the Schrems II judgment of the EU Court of Justice.
Studie [EN](#)

The Impact of Organised Crime on the EU's Financial Interests

Publicatietype Kort overzicht
Datum 07-07-2021
Externe auteur Jack MALAN et al., CSES
Beleidssterrein Begroting | Begrotingscontrole
Zoekterm coronavirusziekte | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch herstel | economische geografie | economische situatie | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-lidstaat | Europees Bureau voor fraudebestrijding | EUROPESE UNIE | Financiën van de EU | fraude ten nadele van de EU | GEOGRAFIE | georganiseerde misdaad | gezondheid | misdaadbestrijding | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | Recht van de Europese Unie | sociaal leven | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | verdeling van de EU-financiering
Samenvatting The research, which focused on a sample of 14 EU Member States (BG, CZ, ES, FR, FI, DE, GR, HU, IT, LU, LV, MT, SE and SK), involved a combination of desk-research, interviews and quantitative modelling. The study considered the impact of organised crime on EU expenditure (e.g. Cohesion Funds) as well EU revenues (e.g. VAT own resources).
Kort overzicht [DE](#), [EN](#), [FR](#)

Research for PECH committee: Impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on EU fisheries and aquaculture

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 07-07-2021
Externe auteur Cogea: Alessandro PITITTO, Diletta RAINONE, Valentina SANNINO; AND International: Tanguy CHEVER, Lucas HERRY, Sibylle PARANT, Safa SOUIDI; CETMAR: Marta BALLESTEROS, Rosa CHAPELA, José L. SANTIAGO
Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | Visserij
Zoekterm casestudy | commercialisering | communautaire visserij | consumptie | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | ECONOMIE | ECONOMIE, VERKEER EN HANDELSVERKEER | economisch gevolg | economische analyse | epidemie | gezondheid | LANDBOUW, BOSBOUW, EN VISSERIJ | LANDBOUWVOEDINGSMIDDELEN | levensmiddelentechnologie | levensmiddelenverwerking | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | sociaal effect | sociale omstandigheden | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | verkoop | visserij | voedselverbruik | watercultuur
Samenvatting This study analyses the effects of COVID-19 on the EU fisheries and aquaculture sectors from March to December 2020. It gives an overview of the main effects experienced at EU level and develops eight case studies (Spain, Denmark, France, Italy, Sweden, Greece, Portugal and Bulgaria). The research also provides conclusions and policy recommendations to strengthen the sector's resilience to shocks, and to address current vulnerabilities in view of potential similar events.
The study was commissioned by the European Parliament's Policy Department for Structural and Cohesion Policies, at the request of the PECH Committee.

Studie [EN](#)

Samenvatting [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#)

The fight against disinformation and the right to freedom of expression

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 05-07-2021
Externe auteur Dr. Judit BAYER
Dr. Irini KATSIREA
Dr. Olga BATURA
Prof. Dr. Bernd HOLZNAGEL
Dr. Sarah HARTMANN
Katarzyna LUBIANIEC
Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | Ruimte van vrijheid, veiligheid en recht
Zoekterm communicatie | desinformatie | documentatie | effecten van informatietechnologie | Europees Hof voor de rechten van de mens | Europese organisatie | EUROPESE UNIE | Informatica en gegevensverwerking | INTERNATIONALE ORGANISATIES | jurisprudentie | jurisprudentie (EU) | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | persvrijheid | pluralisme in de media | RECHT | recht op informatie | Recht van de Europese Unie | rechten en vrijheden | rechtsbronnen en rechtstakken | sociale media | vrijheid van meningsuiting | vrijheid van opinie
Samenvatting This study, commissioned by the European Parliament's Policy Department for Citizens' Rights and Constitutional Affairs at the request of the LIBE Committee, aims at finding the balance between regulatory measures to tackle disinformation and the protection of freedom of expression. It explores the European legal framework and analyses the roles of all stakeholders in the information landscape. The study offers recommendations to reform the attention-based, data-driven information landscape and regulate platforms' rights and duties relating to content moderation.

Studie [EN](#)

Disinformation campaigns about LGBTI+ people in the EU and foreign influence

Publicatietype Briefing
Datum 02-07-2021
Externe auteur Cecilia STRAND, Jakob SVENSSON, Roland BLOMEYER, Margarita SANZ
Beleidssterrein Buitenlandse zaken | Democratie | EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht | Genderkwesties, gelijkheid en diversiteit | Mensenrechten | Ruimte van vrijheid, veiligheid en recht
Zoekterm communicatie | demografie en bevolking | desinformatie | documentatie | effecten van informatietechnologie | gelijke behandeling van man en vrouw | Informatica en gegevensverwerking | kind | onderwijs | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | pedofilie | POLITIEK | politiek en openbare veiligheid | politieke propaganda | RECHT | rechten en vrijheden | seksuele minderheid | seksuele opvoeding | sociale media | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | strafrecht
Samenvatting The purpose of this briefing is to give a concise overview of disinformation, misinformation and propaganda campaigns about LGBTI+ persons and rights, originating from or being supported and/or multiplied by actors outside the EU. Based on a review of existing literature, the briefing examines the main narratives used, supported and circulated, as well as which actors or group of actors are involved. Where available, information on methods, funding and impacts on European values is provided. The main narratives identified include negative othering, opposing a 'gender ideology', 'heteroactivism', restoring a 'natural' order, 'colonialism' and child safety. The briefing concludes that there is a need for more research, further harmonisation of legal frameworks, the scrutiny of financial flows and strengthened capacity to detect disinformation, misinformation, propaganda and hate speech.

Briefing [EN](#)

Euro Area fiscal policies and capacity in post-pandemic times

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 02-07-2021

Externe auteur M. CHANG

Beleidssterrein Coronavirus | Economische en monetaire zaken

Zoekterm belastingbeleid | belastingwezen | budgettaire evenwicht | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch herstel | economische governance van de EU | economische situatie | epidemie | EUROPESE UNIE | eurozone | financieel EU-instrument | FINANCIËN | Financiën van de EU | gedeeltelijke werkloosheid | gezondheid | monetaire betrekkingen | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | overheidsfinanciën en begrotingsbeleid | overheidsschuld | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | Stabiliteitspact | werkgelegenheid | WERKGELEGENHEID EN ARBEID

Samenvatting This paper situates the EU's fiscal response to the pandemic (suspending the Stability and Growth Pact, creating the SURE and Recovery and Resilience Facility) within longstanding debates on reforming EU fiscal governance and offers recommendations on the way forward, specifically the SGP reforms needed prior to returning to its rules and creating a budget with a stabilisation capacity.

Studie [EN](#)

Environmental impacts of 5G

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 30-06-2021

Externe auteur DG, EPRS

Beleidssterrein Consumentenbescherming | Energie | Industrie | Interne markt en douane-unie | Milieu | Volksgezondheid

Zoekterm 5G | Aantasting van het milieu | bescherming van de fauna | bescherming van de flora | communicatie | documentatie | elektromagnetische schadelijke invloed | frequentieband | invloed op het milieu | MILIEU | milieubeleid | milieuonderzoek | nieuwe technologie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | technologie en technische voorschriften

Samenvatting Telecommunication networks use radio-frequency electromagnetic fields to enable wireless communication. These networks have evolved over time, and have been launched in successive generations. The fifth generation of telecommunication networks will operate at frequencies that were not commonly used in previous generations, changing the exposure of wildlife to these waves. This report reviews the literature on the exposure of vertebrates, invertebrates and plants to radio-frequency electromagnetic fields in anticipation of this change. The review shows that dielectric heating can occur at all considered frequencies (0.4-300 GHz) and for all studied organisms. Summarising and discussing the results of a series of studies of radio-frequency electromagnetic field exposure of wildlife, the review shows that several studies into the effects of radio-frequency electromagnetic field exposure on invertebrates and plants in the frequency bands considered demonstrate experimental shortcomings. Furthermore, the literature on invertebrate and plant exposure to radio-frequency electromagnetic fields above 6 GHz is very limited. More research is needed in this field.

Studie [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#)

Low for Long: Side Effects of Negative Interest Rates

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 30-06-2021

Externe auteur Justus INHOFFEN, Atanas PEKANOV, Thomas URL

Beleidssterrein Economische en monetaire zaken | Financiële en bankzaken

Zoekterm bank | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economische situatie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europese Centrale Bank | EUROPESE UNIE | financieel beheer | financieel risico | financiële instellingen en krediet | FINANCIËN | inflatie | monetair beleid | monetaire economie | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | rentabiliteit | rente | vrij verkeer van kapitaal

Samenvatting Policy rate cuts in negative territory have increased credit supply and improved the macroeconomic environment similar to cuts in positive territory. Dreaded disruptions to the monetary policy transmission channels as well as adverse side effects on bank profitability have so far largely failed to materialise. Thus, the evidence available today shows that the negative interest rate policy is an effective policy tool. However, systemic risks, including in the non-bank sector, should be closely monitored as negative rates are expected to remain low for longer. This paper was provided by the Policy Department for Economic, Scientific and Quality of Life Policies at the request of the committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON) ahead of the Monetary Dialogue with the ECB President on 21 June 2021.

Studie [EN](#)

Robo-advisors

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 30-06-2021

Externe auteur Philipp MAUME

Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | Economische en monetaire zaken

Zoekterm arbeidsrecht en -betrekkingen | belangenconflict | bescherming van de consument | commercialisering | consumptie | dienstverrichting | documentatie | ECONOMIE, VERKEER EN HANDELSVERKEER | financieel beroep | financieel risico | financiële stabiliteit | financiële technologie | FINANCIËN | informatie en informatieverwerking | investering en financiering | kunstmatige intelligentie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | particuliere investering | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | technologie en technische voorschriften | vrij verkeer van kapitaal | WERKGELEGENHEID EN ARBEID

Samenvatting This study analyses if and to what extent the current EU legal framework provides effective investor protection for customers of robo-advisors. It puts emphasis on structural conflicts of interests, the difficulties presented by the supervision of algorithms, and potential threats to the stability of the financial system. This document was provided by the Policy Department for Economic, Scientific and Quality of Life Policies at the request of the committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON).

Studie [EN](#)

Fighting poverty and social exclusion - including through minimum income schemes

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 30-06-2021

Externe auteur Michele RAITANO, Giovanni GALLO, Matteo JESSOLA and Costanza PAGNINI

Beleidssterrein Sociaal beleid | Toekomstplanning

Zoekterm armoede | casestudy | coronavirusziekte | demografie en bevolking | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economische geografie | epidemie | EU-lidstaat | GEOGRAFIE | gezondheid | kind | levensstandaard | minimumbestaansinkomen | nationale boekhouding | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | Roma | sociaal leven | sociale omstandigheden | sociale uitsluiting | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN

Samenvatting The study pursues two main aims. Firstly, it addresses the issue of poverty and social exclusion from a theoretical perspective – assessing the relevant concepts – and an empirical perspective – discussing the limitations of different indicators and data with reference to EU countries. Secondly, it focuses on national and EU-level policies dealing with poverty and social exclusion, in particular, on minimum income schemes, presenting 6 country case studies and evaluating the feasibility of an EU minimum income framework.

Studie [EN](#)

Shadow Banking: what kind of Macroprudential Regulation Framework?

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 30-06-2021

Externe auteur Andrea RESTI, Marco ONADO, Mario QUAGLIARIELLO and Phil MOLYNEUX

Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | Financiële en bankzaken

Zoekterm distributie | documentatie | ECONOMIE, VERKEER EN HANDELSVERKEER | effecten | financieel beroep | financieel instrument | financieel risico | financieel toezicht | financiële instelling | financiële instellingen en krediet | financiële technologie | financiële voorschriften | FINANCIËN | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | schaduwbankieren | technologie en technische voorschriften | tussenhandelaar | virtuele munteenheid | vrij verkeer van kapitaal

Samenvatting Shadow banking is a form of bank-like intermediation where regulatory standards are looser than for regular banks. It includes money market funds and other funds using leverage, securities and derivatives dealers, securitisations, securities financing transactions and derivatives, as well as new players like digital lenders and stablecoins. We look at theoretical contributions and empirical data and suggest possible policy options. We recommend that rules be unambiguous and apply to all institutions performing similar functions. This document was provided by the Policy Department for Economic, Scientific and Quality of Life Policies at the request of the committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON).

Studie [EN](#)

2030 climate target plan: review of Land Use, Land Use Change and Forestry (LULUCF) Regulation

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 25-06-2021
Externe auteur Cristina, URRUTIA, Anke HEROLD and Sabine GORES
Beleidssterrein Milieu | Toekomstplanning | Vaststelling van wetgeving door het EP en de Raad
Zoekterm aanpassing aan de klimaatverandering | Aantasting van het milieu | bos | broeikasgas | documentatie | duurzame bosbouw | economische geografie | EU-lidstaat | EU-milieubeleid | Europees bosbeleid | EUROPESE UNIE | GEOGRAFIE | grondgebruik | klimaatverandering | LANDBOUW, BOSBOUW, EN VISSERIJ | MILIEU | milieubeleid | onderzoeksverslag | ontginning van de landbouwgrond | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | Recht van de Europese Unie | toezicht op het milieu | vermindering van gasemissie | verordening (EU)
Samenvatting The proceedings summarise the expert presentations and discussions of the workshop on the extension of the Review of the Land Use, Land Use Change and Forestry Regulation. The workshop served to prepare the ENVI Committee for the upcoming legislative "Fit for 55" package of proposals, as part of the European Green Deal. The presentations focused on options for improving carbon sinks in the EU and strengthening the LULUCF Regulation. This document was provided by the Policy Department for Economic, Scientific and Quality of Life Policies for the Committee on the Environment, Public Health and Food Safety (ENVI).
Studie [EN](#)

Digital transformation - why do some significant banks fall behind?

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse
Datum 25-06-2021
Externe auteur A.C. Bertay, H. Huizinga
Beleidssterrein Economische en monetaire zaken | Financiële en bankzaken
Zoekterm bank | computercriminaliteit | computerprogramma | documentatie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europese Centrale Bank | EUROPESE UNIE | financieel risico | financieel toezicht | financiële instellingen en krediet | FINANCIËN | Informatica en gegevensverwerking | informatiebeveiliging | informatieoorlog | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | internationale veiligheid | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | toepassing van informatica | vrij verkeer van kapitaal
Samenvatting This paper shows that larger banks and better capitalised banks invest more in computer software. These findings could reflect that larger banks can attain greater benefits from computer software and that better capitalised banks have more resources to make larger software investments. All the same, smaller and less capitalised banks will also have to make substantial software investments to maintain sustainable businesses, something that supervisors will need to point that out to these banks.
Uitgebreide analyse [EN](#)

Euro area fiscal policies and capacity in post-pandemic times

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 25-06-2021
Externe auteur R. Marimon, A. Wicht
Beleidssterrein Coronavirus | Economische en monetaire zaken
Zoekterm belastingbeleid | belastingwezen | budgettair evenwicht | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | epidemie | EU-fonds | Euro-emissie | EUROPESE UNIE | eurozone | financiële instellingen en krediet | FINANCIËN | Financien van de EU | gezondheid | monetaire betrekkingen | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | overheidsfinanciën en begrotingsbeleid | overheidsschuld | rente | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | Stabiliteitspact | uniek monetair beleid
Samenvatting The main legacy of the post-Covid-19-crisis euro area fiscal framework should be the development of a unique integrated fiscal policy and of a permanent and independent Fiscal Fund to implement it. To arrive at this conclusion, we analyse the challenges and build on current research on the optimal design of a fiscal fund. We characterise the fiscal policy, and the development of the Fund, together with the role and form that the Stability and Growth Pact can take in the new fiscal framework.
Studie [EN](#)

The impact of disinformation campaigns about migrants and minority groups in the EU

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 24-06-2021

Externe auteur Judit SZAKÁCS, Éva BOGNÁR

Beleidssterrein Buitenlandse zaken | Democratie | EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht | Genderkwesties, gelijkheid en diversiteit | Mensenrechten | Ruimte van vrijheid, veiligheid en recht

Zoekterm communicatie | desinformatie | discriminatie op grond van godsdienst | documentatie | economische geografie | effecten van informatietechnologie | etnische groep | Europa | gelijkheid voor de wet | GEOGRAFIE | godsdienstige groep | grondrechten | Informatica en gegevensverwerking | migrant | migraties | nationale minderheid | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | politieke geografie | politieke organisatie | RECHT | rechten en vrijheden | rechtsstaat | Rusland | sociale omstandigheden | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN

Samenvatting This analysis, commissioned by the European Parliament's Special Committee on Foreign Interference in all Democratic Processes in the European Union, including Disinformation (INGE), aims to explore the impact of disinformation activity originated or amplified from abroad targeting minorities in the EU over the years 2018-2021. While disinformation has become all-pervasive, it can be considered as yet another tool being used to target vulnerable groups in society. Looking at recent disinformation campaigns that ethnic, religious and cultural minorities have been subjected to, this study finds both direct and indirect links between disinformation and fundamental rights, such as human dignity or physical and mental integrity, along with core European values, including equality, the rule of law and solidarity. The Roma are found to be victims of domestic disinformation, while migrants and the Jewish community are targeted by the Kremlin. The research found that disinformation by foreign and domestic actors as well as disinformation and organic content are increasingly merging, rendering measures to stop foreign disinformation more difficult.

[Uitgebreide analyse EN](#)

Economic Dialogue with the European Commission - 28 June 2021

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 24-06-2021

Auteur GRIGAITA KRISTINA | HAGELSTAM Kajus | KOMAZEC KATJA | PACHECO DIAS CRISTINA SOFIA | TURCU OVIDIU IONUT | ZOPPE Alice

Beleidssterrein Coronavirus | Economische en monetaire zaken

Zoekterm budgetair evenwicht | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch herstel | economische geografie | economische governance van de EU | economische situatie | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-lidstaat | Europees Semester | Europese Commissie | EUROPESE UNIE | FINANCIËN | GEOGRAFIE | gezondheid | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | overheidsfinanciën en begrotingsbeleid | overheidsschuld | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | Stabiliteitspact

Samenvatting Executive Vice-President Dombrovskis and Commissioners Schmit and Gentiloni have been invited to an Economic Dialogue on the 2021 European Semester package, in line with the relevant EU law. This briefing note covers the main elements of the Semester Package, the latest developments under the Semester surveillance framework, the state-of-play on the recovery and resilience plans under the Recovery and Resilience Facility, and on-going work to strengthen the governance and the resilience of Economic and Monetary Union.

[Uitgebreide analyse EN](#)

Studies with a 'Covid 19 angle'

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 23-06-2021

Auteur TELL CREMADES MIGUEL

Beleidssterrein EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht | EU-recht: rechtsstelsel en -handelingen | Genderkwesties, gelijkheid en diversiteit | Intellectuele-eigendomsrecht | Internationaal privaatrecht en justitiële samenwerking in burgerlijke zaken | Interne markt en douane-unie | Ruimte van vrijheid, veiligheid en recht | Sociaal beleid | Volksgezondheid

Zoekterm coronavirusziekte | documentatie | epidemie | EU-publicatie | gezondheid | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN

Samenvatting When the pandemic loomed over us in spring 2020, we asked experts to analyze whether it was possible to introduce a Covid angle into their studies. In many cases, it seemed prima facie a bit far-fetched. However, it soon became apparent that even in our area of work there were interesting aspects to investigate. This publication groups together the most relevant parts of the studies published so far and in which a Covid 19 angle has been presented and discussed.

[Studie EN](#)

[Online advertising: the impact of targeted advertising on advertisers, market access and consumer choice](#)

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 21-06-2021

Externe auteur Niklas FOURBERG, Serpil TAŞ, Lukas WIEWIORRA, Ilsa GODLOVITCH, Alexandre DE STREEL, Hervé JACQUEMIN, Jordan HILL, Madalina NUNU, Camille BOURGUIGON, Florian JACQUES, Michèle LEDGER and Michael LOGNOUL.

Beleidssterrein Consumentenbescherming | Interne markt en douane-unie

Zoekterm commercialisering | consumentenvoorlichting | consumptie | derde land | digitale economie | digitale eengemaakte markt | documentatie | ECONOMIE | ECONOMIE, VERKEER EN HANDELSVERKEER | economische geografie | economische structuur | eerbiediging van het privé-leven | EU-lidstaat | EUROPESE UNIE | gegevensbescherming | GEOGRAFIE | Informatica en gegevensverwerking | informaticarecht | informatie en informatieverwerking | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | kleine en middelgrote onderneming | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | ondernemingen | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | persoonlijke gegevens | RECHT | rechten en vrijheden | samenwerkingsbeleid | uitwerking van reclame

Samenvatting In this research paper, we provide a comprehensive overview of online advertising markets and we analyse the challenges and opportunities concerning digital advertising. We review the degree to which existing and proposed legislation at EU level addresses the identified problems, and identify potential solutions, with reference to experience from EU Member States and third countries. We conclude with a synthesis and specific policy recommendations, drawing on stakeholder interviews.
This document was provided by the Policy Department for Economic, Scientific and Quality of Life Policies for the committee on the Internal Market and Consumer Protection (IMCO).

Studie [EN](#)

[Statute and funding of European political parties under Regulation 1141/2014](#)

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 21-06-2021

Auteur ANGLMAYER Irmgard

Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht

Zoekterm algemene begroting (EU) | documentatie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europees Parlement | EUROPESE UNIE | Financiën van de EU | jurisprudentie (EU) | onderzoeksverslag | ontvankelijkheidscriterium | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | partijfinanciering | POLITIEK | politieke partij | politieke partijen | Recht van de Europese Unie | verdeling van de EU-financiering

Samenvatting European political parties are transnational political alliances made up of national parties from the same political family. Since July 2004, they have been able to receive funding from the EU general budget. The current Regulation 1141/2014, applicable since 2017, tightened the requirements for parties' recognition, funding and spending. Yet, some parties (and their affiliated foundations) found loopholes in the legal framework. Targeted amendments to the regulation adopted in 2018 and 2019 sought, inter alia, to prevent misuse of public funds, enhance the role of European parties in the European public space, and safeguard the integrity of the European elections by sanctioning breaches of the rules on the protection of personal data. This study examines the operation of the legal framework, ahead of the legislative revision announced by the European Commission in its 2021 work programme, and in support of the evaluation report currently undertaken by the AFCO committee.

Studie [EN](#)

[Tackling Environmental Crimes under EU Law: The Liability of Companies in the Context of Corporate Mergers and Acquisitions](#)

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 18-06-2021

Externe auteur Michael G. FAURE

Beleidssterrein Milieu | Verbintenissen-, handels- en vennootschapsrecht

Zoekterm aansprakelijkheid voor milieuschade | bedrijfsorganisatie | burgerlijk recht | civiele aansprakelijkheid | documentatie | EUROPESE UNIE | financiële solvabiliteit | fusie van ondernemingen | jurisprudentie | jurisprudentie (EU) | MILIEU | milieubeleid | milieudelict | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | RECHT | Recht van de Europese Unie | rechtsbronnen en rechtstakken | rechtspersoon | strafrecht | strafrecht | strafrechtelijke aansprakelijkheid

Samenvatting This study addresses the fate of environmental liability and environmental crime under mergers and acquisitions. It analyses whether environmental liability is passed on, either to a successor or to a parent company. Also the role of companies in the Environmental Crime Directive is analysed with specific attention to succession of companies. Particular attention is given to the concept of ecocide. The study concludes that in case of a merger or acquisition environmental obligations are passed on to the acquiring company. However, there is still the risk that corporations could organise their own insolvency. This can be remedied by imposing mandatory solvency guarantees. Criminal liability of an enterprise can in many legal systems also be transferred to the successor company.

Studie [EN](#)

Samenvatting [DE](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#), [PL](#)

Economic Dialogue with the President of the Eurogroup - June 2021

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 18-06-2021

Auteur ANGERER Jost | GRIGAITE KRISTINA | LEHOFER WOLFGANG | PACHECO DIAS CRISTINA SOFIA | SEGALL REBECCA SARAH FANNY | ZOPPE Alice

Beleidssterrein Coronavirus | Economische en monetaire zaken

Zoekterm coronavirusziekte | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch gevolg | economisch herstel | economische analyse | economische governance van de EU | economische situatie | epidemie | EU-bankenunie | Eurogroep (eurozone) | Europees Semester | FINANCIËN | gezondheid | monetaire betrekkingen | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | sociaal effect | sociale omstandigheden | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN

Samenvatting Paschal Donohoe is attending his second Economic Dialogue in the ECON Committee since being elected as President of the Eurogroup in July 2020. His first Economic Dialogue took place on 25 January. The exchange of views will cover the ongoing work of the Eurogroup, notably short term policy measures intended to combat the economic, financial and social consequences of COVID-19, medium term policies to support a sustainable recovery and increase resilience of the euro area and longer term measures relating to the Economic and Monetary Union governance framework, including completing the Banking Union. This briefing covers the following issues: the Eurogroup work programme until June 2021 (Section 1); 2021 Euro Area Recommendation (Section 2); Economic situation and developments (Section 3); Recovery and Resilience Facility (Section 4); 2021 European Semester Cycle (Section 5); review of the governance framework (section 6) and Banking Union developments (Section 7).

[Uitgebreide analyse EN](#)

Could the Euro Area Benefit From the US Stimulus Packages?

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 17-06-2021

Externe auteur Christophe BLOT, Caroline BOZOU, Jérôme CREELE

Beleidssterrein Coronavirus | Economische en monetaire zaken | Financiële en bankzaken

Zoekterm Amerika | belastingbeleid | belastingwezen | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch gevolg | economisch herstel | economische analyse | economische geografie | economische situatie | epidemie | eurozone | FINANCIËN | GEOGRAFIE | gezondheid | monetair beleid | monetaire betrekkingen | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | politieke geografie | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | Verenigde Staten

Samenvatting The recent US fiscal packages have raised some concerns on their magnitude, but also their spillovers to the euro area economy. After discussing US fiscal measures and reviewing the literature on international spillovers, we show that the US policy mix may have rather positive macroeconomic effects on the euro area. We conclude though that these effects need to be balanced against growing financial risks. This paper was provided by the Policy Department for Economic, Scientific and Quality of Life Policies at the request of the committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON) ahead of the Monetary Dialogue with the ECB President on 21 June 2021.

[Uitgebreide analyse EN](#)

Monetary and Fiscal Spillovers Across the Atlantic: The Role of Financial Markets

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 17-06-2021

Externe auteur Luigi BONATTI, Andrea FRACASSO, Roberto TAMBORINI

Beleidssterrein Coronavirus | Economische en monetaire zaken | Financiële en bankzaken

Zoekterm Amerika | belastingbeleid | belastingwezen | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch gevolg | economisch herstel | economische analyse | economische geografie | economische situatie | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europese Centrale Bank | EUROPESE UNIE | eurozone | FINANCIËN | geldmarkt | GEOGRAFIE | gezondheid | inflatie | monetair beleid | monetaire betrekkingen | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | politieke geografie | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | Verenigde Staten | vrij verkeer van kapitaal

Samenvatting We present a review of the channels through which the US fiscal and monetary post-pandemic policies may affect the euro area. US spillovers will likely be relevant and worth considering while setting the policy stance in the euro area, at a crossroad between economic global recovery and global overheating. A key role is going to be played by global financial markets, their appetite for open-ended stimulative policies and fears of hard disinflation scenarios affecting central banks' ability to keep the economies on the recovery path and inflation expectations anchored. This paper was provided by the Policy Department for Economic, Scientific and Quality of Life Policies at the request of the committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON) ahead of the Monetary Dialogue with the ECB President on 21 June 2021.

[Uitgebreide analyse EN](#)

[Looking Through and Past COVID-19: Do Spillovers Matter?](#)

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 16-06-2021

Externe auteur Pierre L. SIKLOS

Beleidssterrein Coronavirus | Economische en monetaire zaken | Financiële en bankzaken

Zoekterm Amerika | belastingbeleid | belastingwezen | budgettaire evenwicht | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch gevolg | economisch herstel | economische analyse | economische geografie | economische situatie | epidemie | eurozone | FINANCIËN | GEOGRAFIE | gezondheid | monetair beleid | monetaire betrekkingen | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | overheidsfinanciën en begrotingsbeleid | overheidsschuld | politieke geografie | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | uniek monetair beleid | Verenigde Staten

Samenvatting The main thrust of fiscal and monetary responses to the pandemic in the EU and the US are contrasted. Estimates of the spillovers from US fiscal policy to Europe are estimated. They are found to be significant but economically modest. Consequences for debt and debt sustainability in the long-run are also examined. Concerns over debt sustainability in the EU and the US are warranted. Observers advocating much higher debt levels need to consider lessons from history.
This paper was provided by the Policy Department for Economic, Scientific and Quality of Life Policies at the request of the committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON) ahead of the Monetary Dialogue with the ECB President on 21 June 2021.

Studie [EN](#)

[Implications for the Euro Area of US Macroeconomic Policies](#)

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 16-06-2021

Externe auteur Karl WHELAN

Beleidssterrein Coronavirus | Economische en monetaire zaken | Financiële en bankzaken

Zoekterm Amerika | belastingbeleid | belastingwezen | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch gevolg | economisch herstel | economische analyse | economische geografie | economische recessie | economische situatie | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europese Centrale Bank | EUROPESE UNIE | eurozone | FINANCIËN | GEOGRAFIE | gezondheid | inflatie | monetair beleid | monetaire betrekkingen | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | politieke geografie | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | Verenigde Staten

Samenvatting The US has undertaken much larger discretionary fiscal packages than euro area governments, particularly in 2021. The large 2021 US fiscal package is likely to provide a welcome boost to the euro area economy. There is a risk, however, that US fiscal policy could lead to overheating of the US economy and a possible monetary tightening from the Fed which could trigger a recession. This paper argues this scenario is unlikely to occur but discusses the implications for the ECB if it did.
This paper was provided by the Policy Department for Economic, Scientific and Quality of Life Policies at the request of the committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON) ahead of the Monetary Dialogue with the ECB President on 21 June 2021.

Uitgebreide analyse [EN](#)

[Research for CULT Committee - EU sports policy: assessment and possible ways forward](#)

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 15-06-2021

Externe auteur Deutsche Sporthochschule Köln: Jürgen MITTAG / Vincent BOCK / Caroline TISSON
Willibald-Gebhardt-Institut e.V.: Roland NAUL / Sebastian BRÜCKNER / Christina UHLENBROCK
EUPEA: Richard BAILEY / Claude SCHEUER
ENGSO Youth: Iva GLIBO / Bence GARAMVOLGYI / Ivana PRANJIC

Beleidssterrein Cultuur | Onderwijs

Zoekterm documentatie | EU-sportbeleid | EUROPESE UNIE | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | Recht van de Europese Unie | sociaal leven | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | Verdrag van Lissabon

Samenvatting Since the entry into force of the Lisbon Treaty, the EU has been entitled to support, coordinate or complement Member States' activities in sport. European sports policies of the past decade are characterised by numerous activities and by on-going differentiation. Against this backdrop, the study presents policy options in four key areas: the first covers the need for stronger coordination; the second aims at the setting of thematic priorities; the third addresses the reinforcement of the role of the EP in sport and the fourth stipulates enhanced monitoring.

Studie [EN](#)

Samenvatting [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#), [PL](#)

The Use of SLAPPs to Silence Journalists, NGOs and Civil Society

Publicatietype [Studie](#)
Datum [14-06-2021](#)
Externe auteur [Justin BORG-BARTHET](#) [Benedetta LOBINA](#) [Magdalena ZABROCKA](#).
Beleidssterrein [Democratie](#) | [EU-democratie](#), institutioneel en parlementair recht | [EU-recht](#): rechtsstelsel en -handelingen | [Mensenrechten](#) | [Ruimte van vrijheid, veiligheid en recht](#) | [Vaststelling van wetgeving door het EP en de Raad](#)
Zoekterm [beroep in de communicatiesector](#) | [civiele samenleving](#) | [communicatie](#) | [democratie](#) | [documentatie](#) | [economische geografie](#) | [EU-lidstaat](#) | [EUROPESE UNIE](#) | [GEOGRAFIE](#) | [INTERNATIONALE ORGANISATIES](#) | [niet-gouvernementele organisatie](#) | [niet-gouvernementele organismen](#) | [onderzoeksverslag](#) | [OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE](#) | [persvrijheid](#) | [pluralisme in de media](#) | [POLITIEK](#) | [politiek en openbare veiligheid](#) | [politieke organisatie](#) | [RECHT](#) | [Recht van de Europese Unie](#) | [rechten en vrijheden](#) | [rechten van de mens](#) | [rechtsstaat](#) | [verordening \(EU\)](#) | [vrijheid van meningsuiting](#)
Samenvatting This study, commissioned by the European Parliament's Policy Department for Citizens' Rights and Constitutional Affairs at the request of the JURI Committee, analyses legal definitions of Strategic Lawsuits Against Public Participation (SLAPP) and assesses the compatibility of anti-SLAPP legislation with EU law. It is recommended that an anti-SLAPP Directive should be adopted, and that the Brussels Ia Regulation and Rome II Regulation should be recast to limit the incidence of SLAPPs.
[Studie](#) [EN](#)
Samenvatting [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [HU](#), [IT](#), [HR](#), [MT](#), [PL](#), [SK](#)

Gender-based violence as a new area of crime listed in Article 83(1) TFEU - European added value assessment

Publicatietype [Studie](#)
Datum [14-06-2021](#)
Auteur [FERNANDES MEENAKSHI](#) | [LOMBA NIOMBO](#) | [NAVARRA Cecilia](#)
Beleidssterrein [Europese meerwaarde](#) | [Genderkwesties, gelijkheid en diversiteit](#) | [Ruimte van vrijheid, veiligheid en recht](#)
Zoekterm [demografie en bevolking](#) | [documentatie](#) | [EU-actie](#) | [Europese Conventie](#) | [EUROPESE UNIE](#) | [gelijke behandeling van man en vrouw](#) | [huiselijk geweld](#) | [INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN](#) | [internationale politiek](#) | [onderzoeksverslag](#) | [Opbouw van Europa](#) | [OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE](#) | [positie van de vrouw](#) | [RECHT](#) | [Recht van de Europese Unie](#) | [rechten en vrijheden](#) | [rechtspraak](#) | [seksueel geweld](#) | [slachtofferhulp](#) | [sociaal leven](#) | [SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN](#) | [strafrecht](#) | [strafvervolgning](#) | [Verdrag betreffende de werking van de Europese Unie](#) | [voorstel \(EU\)](#) | [vrouw](#)
Samenvatting This European added value assessment (EAVA) supports the European Parliament's legislative-initiative report on a 'Proposal for a Council decision to identify gender-based violence as a new area of crime listed in Article 83(1) TFEU', 2021/2035(INL). The assessment reviews the significant harm generated by gender-based violence in the EU and presents evidence supporting the classification of gender-based violence as a particularly serious crime with a cross-border dimension. Through improving prevention, prosecution and protection, EU action could generate significant benefits to victims and society; considering only the economic dimension, by decreasing the incidence of gender-based violence, it could generate benefits in the order of €25.1 billion in the short term and between €54.4 billion and €83.9 billion in the longer term. Moreover, the EAVA identifies complementary EU action that could enhance the European added value of this policy option, such as expanding the mandate of the equality bodies, promoting the quality of survey and administrative data and supporting education activities and training.
[Studie](#) [EN](#)
Multimedia [Combating gender-based violence at EU level](#)

De EU-aanpak van migratie in het Middellandse Zeegebied

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 11-06-2021

Externe auteur Violeta MORENO-LAX, Jennifer ALLSOPP, Evangelia (Lilian) TSOURDI, Philippe DE BRUYCKER, Andreina DE LEO

Beleidssterrein Mensenrechten | Ontwikkelings- en humanitaire hulp | Ruimte van vrijheid, veiligheid en recht | Vaststelling van wetgeving door het EP en de Raad | Veiligheid en defensie | Voedselveiligheid

Zoekterm Afrika | Asielagentschap van de Europese Unie | asielrecht | Azië-Oceanië | buitengrens van de EU | controle van de migraties | documentatie | economische geografie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europa | EUROPESE UNIE | Frontex | GEOGRAFIE | internationaal recht | Libië | Middellandse Zee | migratiebeleid van de EU | migraties | MILIEU | natuurlijk milieu | Niger | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | politieke geografie | RECHT | rechten en vrijheden | rechten van de mens | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | Turkije

Samenvatting In deze studie, die op verzoek van de commissie LIBE werd aangevraagd door de beleidsondersteunende afdeling Rechten van de burger en Constitutionele Zaken van het Europees Parlement, wordt de EU-aanpak van migratie in het Middellandse Zeegebied geanalyseerd, van de ontwikkelingen tijdens de vluchtelingencrisis tot de COVID-19-pandemie. De studie evalueert de impact van die gebeurtenissen op het ontwerp, de uitvoering en de hervorming van het EU-beleid inzake asiel, migratie en de controle aan de buitengrenzen. De studie omvat een overzicht van de stand van zaken wat betreft de relevante EU-wetgeving en de uitvoering daarvan, een evaluatie van de situatie in het Middellandse Zeegebied en een grondige analyse van de externe dimensie, gericht op de samenwerking met derde landen (Turkije, Libië en Niger), met inbegrip van overwegingen op het gebied van mensenrechten en het vluchtelingenrecht en een analyse van de gevolgen van de toewijzingen van financiering in het kader van het trustfonds voor Afrika en de faciliteit voor vluchtelingen in Turkije. De belangrijkste doelstelling is te toetsen of het EU- en het internationaal recht correct worden toegepast, gezien de toegenomen beschuldigingen van mensenrechtenschendingen, onterechte strafbaarstelling en medeplichtigheid van de EU aan gruweldaden tegen migranten die zich op zee bevinden, die zijn gestrand in Libië of die worden tegengehouden in Niger en Turkije. Ook de rol van de EU-agentschappen (Frontex en EASO) wordt beoordeeld, evenals de door lidstaten goedgekeurde bilaterale of multilaterale initiatieven, met het solidariteitsbeginsel als horizontale overweging.

Studie [EN](#)

Samenvatting [DE](#), [EL](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [HU](#), [IT](#), [NL](#), [PL](#), [SK](#)

Animal welfare on the farm - ex-post evaluation of the EU legislation: Prospects for animal welfare labelling at EU level - European Implementation Assessment

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 11-06-2021

Auteur KARAMFILOVA Ekaterina

Beleidssterrein Landbouw en plattelandontwikkeling

Zoekterm commercialisering | commissie EP | consumentenvoorlichting | consumptie | documentatie | ECONOMIE, VERKEER EN HANDELSVERKEER | etiketteren | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | kwaliteitsmerk | LANDBOUW, BOSBOUW, EN VISSERIJ | landbouwactiviteit | landbouwhuisdier | LANDBOUWVOEDINGSMIDDELEN | nationale uitvoeringsmaatregel | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | Recht van de Europese Unie | voedingsproduct | voedingsproducten | welzijn van dieren

Samenvatting The European Union (EU) has a long history of regulating the welfare of farmed animals. Currently, the 'on-farm' aspects of animal welfare (AW) are regulated by five directives adopted by the Council of the EU. The European Parliament is scrutinising the implementation of the EU legislation through a dedicated report (with the Agriculture and Rural Development Committee (AGRI) taking the lead and the Environment, Public Health and Food Safety Committee (ENVI) giving its opinion). This European Implementation Assessment (EIA), aimed at providing evidence in support of the committees' work on the report, shows that the implementation of the EU acquis has been challenging. Based on a large data collection programme, it presents findings on the implementation of the EU legislation against the standard criteria for ex-post evaluation, namely relevance, effectiveness, efficiency, coherence and EU added value. The EIA also maps and assesses AW labelling systems operating across the EU in terms of their design (including their scientific substantiation), regulatory status and functioning (including their effectiveness, efficiency and transparency). Furthermore, the paper analyses the prospects for a possible introduction of AW labelling at EU level.

Studie [EN](#)

Preparing the CSDP for the new security environment created by climate change

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 10-06-2021

Externe auteur Christoph MEYER, Edouard SIMON, Francesca VANTAGGIATO, Richard YOUNGS

Beleidsterrein Buitenlandse zaken | Ontwikkelings- en humanitaire hulp | Veiligheid en defensie

Zoekterm Aantasting van het milieu | Afrika | beleid inzake klimaatverandering | controle van de migraties | documentatie | EUROPESE UNIE | gemeenschappelijk veiligheids- en defensiebeleid | GEOGRAFIE | Hoorn van Afrika | klimaatverandering | migraties | MILIEU | milieubeleid | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | politiek en openbare veiligheid | Sahel | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | terrorisme

Samenvatting While the European Union has developed a number of policy commitments and instruments to deal with the nexus between climate change and security, the Common Security and Defence Policy (CSDP) has lagged behind. This study discusses the security implications of climate change in the EU Neighbourhood and makes recommendations concerning how the CSDP might integrate climate factors into its mission and deliverables. The CSDP will need to adopt a place-specific approach that foregrounds the distinctive social, political and economic dynamics through which climate factors makes themselves felt in different partner countries. The analysis looks in particular depth at the Sahel and the Horn of Africa as two regions where CSDP missions already operate or are likely to operate in the future. Countries in these regions are highly vulnerable to the interaction between a degraded environment and climate change impacts, raising the prospects of humanitarian crises due to food insecurity and internal instability due to competition for resources. These problems compound the EU's prominent security concerns of terrorism and migration. The EU can move to climate-proof the CSDP through better conflict intelligence and foresight, carefully adapted and adequately resourced mandates, climate-change proofing investments in equipment and infrastructure, and better links to local social and institutional dynamics. The European Parliament should deploy its considerable political capital to support such initiatives, through resolutions, engagement with the UN and other inter-parliamentary fora, and efforts to garner political commitment from the Member States.

Uitgebreide analyse [EN](#), [FR](#)

Low for Longer: Effects of Prolonged Negative Interest Rate Policies

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 08-06-2021

Externe auteur Grégory CLAEYS, Joscha BECKMANN, Klaus-Jürgen GERN, Nils JANNSEN, Justus INHOFFEN, Atanas PEKANOV, Thomas URL, Daniel GROS, Farzaneh SHAMSAKHOR

Beleidsterrein Economische en monetaire zaken | Financiële en bankzaken

Zoekterm administratief beheer | bank | centrale bank | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economische situatie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europese Centrale Bank | EUROPESE UNIE | eurozone | financieel beheer | financiële instellingen en krediet | FINANCIËN | inflatie | lening | monetaire betrekkingen | monetaire economie | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | rentabiliteit | rente | risicobeheer

Samenvatting In June 2014, the European Central Bank (ECB) was among the first major central banks to lower policy rates into negative territory. The deposit facility rate was subsequently cut four more times, lastly in September 2019 (to -0.5%). As an unconventional monetary policy instrument used over a prolonged period, negative interest rates require attention because of their uncertain or possibly negative side effects on the banking sector and economy at large.

Four papers were prepared by the ECON Committee's Monetary Expert Panel, assessing the experience with negative interest rates in the euro area over the past seven years.

This publication is provided by Policy Department A for the Committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON), ahead of the Monetary Dialogue with ECB President Lagarde on 21 June 2021.

Studie [EN](#)

US Macroeconomic Policy Response to COVID-19: Spillovers to the Euro Area

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 08-06-2021

Externe auteur Pierre L. SIKLOS, Karl WHELAN, Luigi BONATTI, Andrea FRACASSO, Roberto TAMBORINI, Christophe BLOT, Caroline BOZOU, Jérôme CREEL, Charles WYPLOSZ

Beleidsterrein Coronavirus | Economische en monetaire zaken

Zoekterm Amerika | belastingbeleid | belastingwezen | budgettaire evenwicht | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch gevolg | economisch herstel | economische analyse | economische geografie | economische situatie | epidemie | eurozone | FINANCIËN | GEOGRAFIE | gezondheid | monetair beleid | monetaire betrekkingen | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | overheidsfinanciën en begrotingsbeleid | overheidsschuld | politieke geografie | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | uniek monetair beleid | Verenigde Staten

Samenvatting The United States (US) have responded to the COVID-19 shock with a massive fiscal stimulus in 2020 and 2021. At the same time, the Federal Reserve (Fed) has maintained a highly accommodative monetary policy stance. However, the Fed's new average inflation targeting regime is being put to the test by the spike in inflation observed in recent months. Due to the global influence of the US economy and interlinkages with the euro area, questions arise over the possibility of significant spillovers from these US policy measures.

Five papers were prepared by the ECON Committee's Monetary Expert Panel, looking into the channels of Transatlantic fiscal and monetary policy spillovers and their significance in the current context.

This publication is provided by Policy Department A for the Committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON), ahead of the Monetary Dialogue with ECB President Lagarde on 21 June 2021.

Studie [EN](#)

[De verkiezingen voor het Europees Parlement europeaniseren 1 Overzicht van de uitvoering van Besluit \(EU, Euratom\) 2018/994 van de Raad en de harmonisatie van de nationale regels voor de Europese verkiezingen](#)

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 03-06-2021
Externe auteur Lorenzo CICCHI
Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht | EU-recht: rechtsstelsel en -handelingen | Vaststelling van wetgeving door het EP en de Raad
Zoekterm algemeen kiesrecht | besluit (EU) | Cyprus | documentatie | Duitsland | economische geografie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europa | Europees kiesstelsel | Europees Parlement | EUROPESE UNIE | Europese verkiezing | GEOGRAFIE | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | politieke geografie | Recht van de Europese Unie | Spanje | stemming | toepassing van het EU-recht | verkiezingsmethode en stemming
Samenvatting In deze studie, die op verzoek van de commissie AFCO is uitgevoerd door de beleidsondersteunende afdeling Rechten van de burger en Constitutionele Zaken van het Europees Parlement, worden de belangrijkste belemmeringen voor de eenmaking en modernisering van de Europese verkiezingen in de verschillende lidstaten onderzocht. In de studie wordt een overzicht gegeven van de uitvoering van Besluit (EU, Euratom) 2018/994 van de Raad en wordt met name gewezen op het belang van de standaardisering en harmonisatie van de stembiljetten als manier om kiezers naar behoren te informeren en het systeem van Europese partijen te versterken. Meer in het algemeen wordt in de studie geconcludeerd dat de Europese en nationale politieke partijen hun banden verder moeten verdiepen, aangezien zij een essentieel onderdeel van het Europese politieke systeem vormen en het transnationale karakter van de Europese verkiezingen kunnen vergroten.
Studie [EN](#)
Samenvatting [BG](#), [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#), [NL](#)

[NIRP, Bank Profitability and Risk-Taking: Much Ado About 50 Basis Points](#)

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse
Datum 01-06-2021
Externe auteur Daniel GROS, Farzaneh SHAMSAKH
Beleidssterrein Economische en monetaire zaken | Financiële en bankzaken
Zoekterm administratief beheer | bank | documentatie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europese Centrale Bank | EUROPESE UNIE | eurozone | financieel beheer | financiële instellingen en krediet | FINANCIËN | monetair beleid | monetaire betrekkingen | monetaire economie | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | rentabiliteit | rente | risicobeheer | uniek monetair beleid
Samenvatting A widespread concern about negative policy rates is that they might depress bank profits and encourage risk-taking. We find that the impact of negative rates per se is limited. Other policy measures (TLTROs, tiered deposits) have largely neutralised the impact of NIRP on bank profits. Asset purchases might have been more important by compressing the yield curve. Any small positive impact of negative rates on lending and aggregate demand may have been swamped by the negative impact of low rates on productivity. This paper was provided by the Policy Department for Economic, Scientific and Quality of Life Policies at the request of the committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON) ahead of the Monetary Dialogue with the ECB President on 21 June 2021.
Uitgebreide analyse [EN](#)

[Research for ANIT Committee: The practices of animal welfare during transport in third countries: an overview](#)

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 31-05-2021
Externe auteur Friedrich – Loeffler – Institut: Michael MARAHRENS and Isa KERNBERGER-FISCHER
Beleidssterrein Milieu | Vervoer | Voedselveiligheid
Zoekterm Amerika | Australië | Azië-Oceanië | Brazilië | derde land | documentatie | ECONOMIE, VERKEER EN HANDELSVERKEER | economisch verkeer | economische geografie | EU-lidstaat | GEOGRAFIE | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | LANDBOUW, BOSBOUW, EN VISSERIJ | landbouwactiviteit | landbouwbeleid | onderzoeksverslag | ongeslacht dier | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | organisatie van het vervoer | politieke geografie | samenwerkingsbeleid | TRANSPORT | uitvoer (EU) | vervoer van dieren | veterinaire wetgeving | welzijn van dieren
Samenvatting The purpose of this study is to review animal welfare practices during transport in and to third countries. It compares the practices, guidelines and tools used by main trading partners with the EU and European standards. It also provides concrete policy recommendations on how to improve the current EU legislation on animal welfare during transport, taking practices in third countries, reports from the Commission, scientific work, enforcement practices by competent authorities, and reports from NGOs into account. The study is based on survey and desk research. Recommendations are made to address the challenges identified
Studie [EN](#)
Samenvatting [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#)

Harmful tax practices within the EU: definition, identification and recommendations

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 31-05-2021

Externe auteur Prof. dr. Elly VAN DE VELDE and Dr. Francesco CANNAS

Beleidssterrein Belastingen | Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk

Zoekterm belastingen van de digitale economie | belastingfraude | belastingvlucht | belastingwezen | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch beleid | EUROPESE UNIE | FINANCIËN | gedragscode | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | internationale politiek | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | overheidssteun | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | RECHT | Recht van de Europese Unie | strafrecht | technologie en technische voorschriften | technologische verandering | vennootschapsbelasting | Verdrag betreffende de werking van de Europese Unie

Samenvatting The purpose of the present study is to provide a tool for understanding the phenomenon of harmful tax competition within the EU, as well as making an in-depth assessment and proposing solutions. It contains policy recommendations for future EU standards.
This document was provided by the Policy Department for Economic, Scientific and Quality of Life Policies at the request of the subcommittee on Tax Matters (FISC).

Studie [EN](#)

Artificial Intelligence market and capital flows - AI and the financial sector at crossroads

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 28-05-2021

Externe auteur Giacomo CALZOLARI

Beleidssterrein Economische en monetaire zaken | Financiële en bankzaken | Interne markt en douane-unie | Onderzoeksbeleid | Toekomstplanning

Zoekterm documentatie | eerbiediging van het privé-leven | effecten van informatietechnologie | financiële diensten | financiële instellingen en krediet | financiële technologie | FINANCIËN | geldmarkt | Informatica en gegevensverwerking | informatie en informatieverwerking | informatiebeveiliging | kunstmatige intelligentie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | RECHT | rechten en vrijheden | regelgevingsbeleid | research en intellectuele eigendom | technologie en technische voorschriften | toepassing van informatica | uitvoerende macht en overheidsadministratie | vernieuwing | vrij verkeer van kapitaal

Samenvatting This paper studies the transformation that Artificial Intelligence (AI) is bringing to the financial sector and how this sector can contribute to developments of AI applications. The study addresses the contribution of AI to a more efficient, open, and inclusive financial sector and the challenges of the AI transformation, and it provides recommendations for policies and regulations of AI and financial services.

Studie [EN](#)

Research for TRAN Committee: Relaunching transport and tourism in the EU after COVID-19 - Part II:

Transport workers

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 27-05-2021

Externe auteur PANTEIA: Maria RODRIGUES, Tharsis TEOH, Carolina RAMOS, Ljubica KNEZEVIC
Università degli Studi Roma Tre: Edoardo MARCUCCI, Giacomo LOZZI, Valerio GATTA
POLIS: Giacomo LOZZI, Ivo CRÉ

Beleidssterrein Coronavirus | Toerisme | Vervoer

Zoekterm arbeidsomstandigheden en -organisatie | arbeidsvoorwaarden | burgerluchtvaart | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | epidemie | gezondheid | lucht- en ruimtevervoer | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | organisatie van het vervoer | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | stadsvervoer | TRANSPORT | vervoer over binnenwateren | vervoer over land | vervoer over zee | vervoer over zee en over binnenwateren | vervoer per spoor | vervoerder | vervoerspersoneel | wegvervoer | WERKGELEGENHEID EN ARBEID

Samenvatting This thematic briefing provides the European Parliament's Committee on Transport and Tourism (TRAN) with an overview of the repercussions of the COVID-19 pandemic on EU transport workers and their working conditions, as well as policy recommendations to address the challenges emerging from the crisis.

Studie [EN](#)

Samenvatting [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#)

[Review of the Preparatory Action on Defence Research \(PADR\) and European Defence Industrial Development Programme \(EDIDP\): lessons for the implementation of the European Defence Fund \(EDF\)](#)

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 27-05-2021

Externe auteur •Frédéric MAURO, Lawyer at the bar of Brussels, associate researcher at 'Institut de Relations Internationales et Stratégiques' (IRIS) France
•Dr. Edouard SIMON, Senior Fellow at IRIS, France/Belgium
•Ana Isabel XAVIER, Professor in International Relations at the Autonomous University of Lisbon (UAL) Portugal

Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | Buitenlandse zaken | Industrie | Onderzoeksbeleid | Veiligheid en defensie

Zoekterm defensie | documentatie | ECONOMIE, VERKEER EN HANDELSVERKEER | economische geografie | EU-fonds | EU-lidstaat | EU-onderzoeksbeleid | Europese bewapeningspolitiek | EUROPESE UNIE | Financiën van de EU | gemeenschappelijk veiligheids- en defensiebeleid | GEOGRAFIE | grensoverschrijdende samenwerking | handelsbeleid | initiatief van de EU | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | overheidsopdrachten | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | research en intellectuele eigendom | samenwerkingsbeleid | verdeling van de EU-financiering | wapenindustrie

Samenvatting Of all European defence initiatives launched since 2016, the European Defence Fund (EDF) is without doubt one of the most promising, if not the most promising. However, the EDF will not by itself solve all problems related to the fragmentation and therefore inefficiency of European defence procurement. Only the Member States can do so, working in good faith together with the Commission in deciding the EDF work programme and funding allocations. Doing this, it will be essential not to confuse the ends – the creation of a strong and competitive European Defence and Technological Industrial Base (EDTIB) – the ways – inclusiveness through wide cross-border cooperation and the will to pursue strategic autonomy – and the means – the defence research projects funded by the EDF. Keeping the course between at times conflicting paths and ensuring the return on a meaningful but still modest investment (EUR 7.9 billion over seven years) will be the main EDF challenges in the years ahead.

Studie [EN](#), [FR](#)

[A statute for European cross-border associations and non-profit organizations Potential benefits in the current situation](#)

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 26-05-2021

Externe auteur Prof. Antonio FICI

Beleidssterrein Mensenrechten | Sociaal beleid | Vaststelling van wetgeving door het EP en de Raad | Werkgelegenheid

Zoekterm burgerlijk recht | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economische geografie | economische structuur | EU-lidstaat | Europees juridisch statuut | GEOGRAFIE | grensoverschrijdende samenwerking | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | nationaal recht | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | ondernemingsvorm | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | organisatie zonder winstoogmerk | RECHT | rechtsbronnen en rechtstakken | samenwerkingsbeleid | sociaal leven | sociale economie | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | vrijwilligersorganisatie | vrijwilligerswerk

Samenvatting After carrying out a comparative analysis of the main laws on non-profit organizations in force in some selected European countries, the Study discusses a potential legislative initiative of the European Union on the subject, presenting the different options available and concluding that the European Union should introduce a European status not limited to non-profit organizations but aimed, more generally, at including related organizations such as those of the third sector and the social economy.

Studie [EN](#)

Samenvatting [DE](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#), [PL](#)

[Improving working conditions using Artificial Intelligence](#)

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 25-05-2021

Externe auteur Advait DESHPANDE, Natalie PICKEN, Linda KUNERTOVA, Annemari DE SILVA, Giulia LANFREDI and Joanna HOFMAN

Beleidssterrein Onderzoeksbeleid | Sociaal beleid | Vaststelling van wetgeving door het EP en de Raad | Werkgelegenheid

Zoekterm arbeidsomstandigheden en -organisatie | arbeidsvoorwaarden | beleidsvorming | digitale geletterdheid | documentatie | eerbiediging van het privé-leven | effecten van informatietechnologie | EUROPESE UNIE | Informatica en gegevensverwerking | informaticarecht | informatie en informatieverwerking | kunstmatige intelligentie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | RECHT | Recht van de Europese Unie | rechten en vrijheden | regelgevingsbeleid | schepping van werkgelegenheid | toepassing van informatica | uitvoerende macht en overheidsadministratie | verordening (EU) | werkgelegenheid | WERKGELEGENHEID EN ARBEID

Samenvatting The analysis considers evidence on the expected impact of Artificial Intelligence (AI) on jobs, discusses the potential of AI to create decent jobs and explores the extent to which AI offers opportunities and poses risks to working conditions. The analysis examines current policies at the European Union (EU) and Member State level and recommends some areas for action at the EU level.

Studie [EN](#)

The Largest 50 Beneficiaries in each EU Member State of CAP and Cohesion Funds

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 20-05-2021
Externe auteur Willem Pieter DE GROEN, CEPS
Roberto MUSMECI, CEPS
Damir GOJSIC, CEPS
Jorge NUNEZ, CEPS
Daina BELICKA, CSE COE
Beleidssterrein Begroting | Begrotingscontrole
Zoekterm besloten vennootschap | burgerlijk recht | Cohesiefonds | documentatie | doorgeven van informatie | economische en sociale samenhang | economische geografie | EU-fonds | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-lidstaat | EUROPESE UNIE | financiële transparantie | Financiën van de EU | gemeenschappelijk landbouwbeleid | GEOGRAFIE | Informatica en gegevensverwerking | informatie en informatieverwerking | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | LANDBOUW, BOSBOUW, EN VISSERIJ | landbouwbeleid | natuurlijke persoon | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | ondernemingsvorm | onderzoeksverslag | ontvanger van hulp | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | RECHT | rechtspersoon | samenwerkingsbeleid | toegang tot EU-informatie | verdeling van de EU-financiering
Samenvatting This report provides the findings of the study on "The Largest 50 beneficiaries in each EU Member State of CAP and Cohesion Funds" prepared at the request of the CONT committee.
Based on the analysis of more than 12 million beneficiaries of the common agricultural policy (CAP) in 2018 and 2019 and about 600 000 beneficiaries receiving cohesion funds between 2014 and 2020 it identifies the largest direct and ultimate beneficiaries of EU funds. Moreover, it covers the results of an assessment of almost 300 systems for the public disclosure of the beneficiaries of CAP and Cohesion policy. Finally, it provides recommendations to enhance the public disclosure on beneficiaries of EU funds.
Note: the lists and analyses of the beneficiaries are based on the data available in the reporting systems at the time of data collection. Substantiated requests for corrections due to incorrect or modified data will be included in the Corrigenda below (Annex IV).

Studie [EN](#)

Samenvatting [DE](#), [EN](#), [FR](#)

Bijlage 1 [EN](#)

Bijlage 2 [EN](#)

Bijlage 3 [EN](#)

Bijlage 4 [EN](#)

COVID-19 and its economic impact on women and women's poverty

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 19-05-2021
Externe auteur Paola PROFETA
Beleidssterrein Coronavirus | Genderkwesties, gelijkheid en diversiteit | Sociaal beleid | Werkgelegenheid
Zoekterm alimentatieplicht | armoede | coronavirusziekte | demografie en bevolking | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch gevolg | economisch herstel | economische analyse | economische situatie | epidemie | gelijke behandeling van man en vrouw | gezin | gezondheid | nationale boekhouding | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | positie van de vrouw | RECHT | rechten en vrijheden | sociaal leven | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | vrouw
Samenvatting This in-depth, case-analytical overview, commissioned by the European Parliament's Policy Department for Citizens' Rights and Constitutional Affairs at the request of the FEMM Committee, examines the impact of the COVID-19 crisis on a representative sample of member states with the aim of alimentering policy recommendations for the recovery period to ensure that the gains of the past years in the matter of gender equality are not overridden by the short-term negative effects of the measures implemented to combat the COVID-19 sanitary crisis.

Studie [EN](#)

Samenvatting [DE](#), [EN](#), [FR](#)

Strategic or critical infrastructures, a way to interfere in Europe: state of play and recommendations

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 03-05-2021
Externe auteur Paola TESSARI, Karolina MUTI
Beleidssterrein Buitenlandse zaken | Ruimte van vrijheid, veiligheid en recht | Veiligheid en defensie
Zoekterm Azië-Oceanië | beveiliging van kritieke infrastructuur | buitenlandse investering | China | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | economische geografie | EG-richtlijn | epidemie | Europa | EUROPESE UNIE | FINANCIËN | gemeenschappelijk buitenlands en veiligheidsbeleid | GEOGRAFIE | gezondheid | Informatica en gegevensverwerking | informatiebeveiliging | informatieoorlog | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | internationale veiligheid | investering en financiering | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | politiek en openbare veiligheid | politieke geografie | Recht van de Europese Unie | Rusland | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | terrorisme
Samenvatting Critical Infrastructures (CIs) provide vital economic and social functions to European Union (EU) citizens. However, they are challenged by a diverse range of threats, not only natural and accidental but also intentional. CIs' increasing reliance on technological advancements adds another element of complexity and vulnerability. Whilst their protection to date has been regulated by Directive 2008/114/EC, its scope of application has proved to be inadequate against an evolving landscape of security threats. Consequently, it is currently under revision. A careful analysis of CIs' status in the EU, covering the challenges to their functioning and measures in place for their safeguard, is therefore necessary to provide recommendations for the adoption of further instruments so as to equip CIs with increased protection and resilience.
Studie [EN](#)

Access to medicinal products

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 01-05-2021
Externe auteur Thyra de Jongh, Lennart Velten, Lonneke Schrijver
Beleidssterrein Democratie | EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht | EU-recht: rechtsstelsel en -handelingen | Toekomstplanning | Volksgezondheid
Zoekterm coronavirusziekte | documentatie | e-gezondheid | ECONOMIE, VERKEER EN HANDELSVERKEER | economisch verkeer | economische geografie | EP-resolutie | epidemie | Europa | EUROPESE UNIE | geneesmiddel | GEOGRAFIE | gezondheid | grensoverschrijdende samenwerking | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | politieke geografie | RECHT | recht op gezondheid | Recht van de Europese Unie | rechten en vrijheden | rechten van de zieke | samenwerkingsbeleid | schaarste | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | uitbreiding uit de EU | Verenigd Koninkrijk
Samenvatting There are many factors that can prevent a patient from being able to obtain the medicine they need, ranging from selective marketing decisions by companies to products being too expensive or pharmacy stock-outs. Because of national differences in health systems and market characteristics, access to medicine is not evenly distributed across the European Union.
In response to observed problems with access to medicine, in 2017 the European Parliament adopted a resolution containing 58 recommendations for action to the European Commission and Member States. This In-Depth Analysis reviews the main actions taken at the Union level since then that could improve access to medicine. It also includes illustrative examples of actions taken by Member States and other actors.
The analysis concludes that the Commission has proposed or taken a combination of legislative and non-legislative actions with the potential to improve access to medicine in the Union and beyond, but that it will take time for the effects of these to become clear.
Studie [EN](#)

The impact of teleworking and digital work on workers and society

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 30-04-2021
Externe auteur Manuela SAMEK LODOVICI et al.
Beleidssterrein Coronavirus | Milieu | Sociaal beleid | Werkgelegenheid
Zoekterm arbeidsomgeving | arbeidsomstandigheden en -organisatie | arbeidsproductiviteit | balans tussen werk en privé | beleidsvorming | casestudy | coronavirusziekte | digitale kloof | documentatie | epidemie | financieel beheer | geestelijke gezondheid | gezondheid | informatie en informatieverwerking | kostenefficiëntieanalyse | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | uitvoerende macht en overheidsadministratie | werk op afstand | werkgelegenheid | WERKGELEGENHEID EN ARBEID
Samenvatting The study analyses recent trends in teleworking, its impacts on workers, employers, and society, and the challenges for policy-making. It provides an overview of the main legislative and policy measures adopted at EU and national level, in order to identify possible policy actions at EU level. The study is based on an extensive literature review, a web survey, interviews with representatives of European and national stakeholders, and five case studies of EU countries: Finland, Germany, Ireland, Italy and Romania.
Studie [EN](#)
Bijlage 1 [EN](#)
Bijlage 2 [EN](#)
Bijlage 3 [EN](#)
Bijlage 4 [EN](#)
Bijlage 5 [EN](#)

Disinformation and propaganda: impact on the functioning of the rule of law and democratic processes in the EU and its Member States - 2021 update

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 27-04-2021
Externe auteur Judit BAYER; Bernd HOLZNAGEL; Katarzyna LUBIANIEC; Adela PINTEA; Josephine B. SCHMITT; Judit SZAKÁCS; Erik USZKIEWICZ
Beleidssterrein Coronavirus | EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht | Genderkwesties, gelijkheid en diversiteit
Zoekterm civiele samenleving | communicatie | democratie | desinformatie | documentatie | effecten van informatietechnologie | grondrechten | Informatica en gegevensverwerking | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | politiek en openbare veiligheid | politieke organisatie | politieke propaganda | RECHT | rechten en vrijheden | rechtsstaat | sociale media
Samenvatting Between January 2019 and January 2021, the impact of disinformation actions and responses to them were considerably different than in previous years. Our research showed that disinformation actions increasingly merged with genuine content, and their sources became even more difficult to identify. Particularly strong impacts were seen in cases where disinformation and manipulative propaganda were spread by individuals with high levels of political authority, who enjoy the trust and attention of citizens. Diverse legislative and policy measurements were introduced by various Member States and third states, and civil society responses also flourished, particularly in relation to increasing resilience against disinformation. Ongoing research into the psychological mechanism of manipulation and resilience gives more detailed results. This study aims to provide recommendations on legislative and policy measures to protect democracy, the rule of law, and fundamental rights from the impact of disinformation, as well as to create a structured informational ecosystem which promotes and protects these values.
Studie [EN](#)

Research for REGI Committee -ISLANDS OF THE EUROPEAN UNION: State of play and future challenges

Publicatietype Kort overzicht
Datum 31-03-2021
Auteur HAASE Diana | LECARTE Jacques | MAIER ANDREEA
Beleidssterrein Onderzoeksbeleid | Regionale ontwikkeling
Zoekterm consumptie | dienst van algemeen belang | documentatie | ECONOMIE | ECONOMIE, VERKEER EN HANDELSVERKEER | economische analyse | economische en sociale samenhang | eiland | eilandengebied | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-statistieken | EUROPESE UNIE | Eurostat | informatie en informatieverwerking | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | MILIEU | natuurlijk milieu | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | periferie | Recht van de Europese Unie | Regio en regionaal beleid | samenwerkingsbeleid | sociaal leven | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | technische samenwerking | toerisme | uitwisseling van informatie | Verdrag betreffende de werking van de Europese Unie
Samenvatting This paper explores the specificities of islands of the European Union (including Outermost Regions), as well as their challenges and existing means of development. It aims to provide a basis for future discussions and research dedicated to islands' situation, including the impact of the pandemic on their future development potential. This analysis includes an overview of policy responses for islands' challenges, focusing on Cohesion Policy. Recommendations address, inter alia, decarbonisation, sustainability, quality of life, public services, connectivity and integrated development.
Kort overzicht [EN](#)

Demographic Outlook for the European Union 2021

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 25-03-2021
Auteur KISS Monika
Beleidssterrein Sociaal beleid
Zoekterm armoede | coronavirusziekte | demografie | demografie en bevolking | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economische analyse | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-statistieken | EUROPESE UNIE | Eurostat | gezondheid | migratiebeleid van de EU | migraties | nationale boekhouding | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | sociaal leven | sociale uitsluiting | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | stedenbouw | urbanisatie | vergrijzing van de bevolking
Samenvatting The demographic situation in the EU-27 has an important influence on a number of areas, ranging from the labour market, to healthcare and pension systems, and education. Recent developments reinforce already existing demographic trends: a strongly ageing population due to lower fertility rates and increasing life expectancy, coupled with a shrinking working-age population. According to research, the coronavirus pandemic has led to slightly higher mortality rates and possibly to lower birth rates, mainly owing to economic reasons such as increased unemployment and poverty. This year's edition – the fourth in a series produced by EPRS – of the Demographic Outlook for the European Union focuses on poverty as a global, EU-wide and regional phenomenon, and examines how poverty interacts with demographic indicators (such as fertility and migration rates) or with factors such as the degree of urbanisation. It also observes poverty within different age groups, geographical areas and educational levels. The correlation of poverty and labour market participation and social exclusion is also analysed for different age groups and family types, as well as in the light of the coronavirus pandemic.
Studie [DE](#), [EN](#), [FR](#)
Multimedia [Évolution de la pauvreté dans l'Union européenne](#)

[The EU's regulatory and supervisory response to addressing non-performing loans](#)

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 12-02-2021

Auteur GRIGAITE KRISTINA | MAGNUS Marcel | PACHECO DIAS CRISTINA SOFIA | SEGALL REBECCA SARAH FANNY

Beleidssterrein Coronavirus | Economische en monetaire zaken

Zoekterm beleggingsmaatschappij | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economische recessie | economische situatie | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europees Comité voor systeemrisico's | Europese Bankautoriteit | Europese Centrale Bank | EUROPESE UNIE | financiële instellingen en krediet | FINANCIËN | gezondheid | lening | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | vrij verkeer van kapitaal

Samenvatting Building on earlier EGOV papers, this briefing addresses the evolution of non-performing loans (NPLs) over time, the EU regulatory and supervisory approaches to manage NPLs and highlights areas where gaps may still be observed. Renewed interest in asset management companies as a possible instrument to deal with NPLs is discussed in an annex. Concerns around NPLs are growing, as the impact of COVID-19 crisis related responses on banks' balance sheets begin to be further scrutinised. This briefing will be updated in light of relevant developments.

[Uitgebreide analyse](#) [EN](#)

[2020 EGOV Annual Activity Report](#)

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 03-02-2021

Auteur BOLDI DONELLA | GRIGAITE KRISTINA

Beleidssterrein Economische en monetaire zaken | Financiële en bankzaken

Zoekterm documentatie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europees Parlement | EUROPESE UNIE | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | verslag over de werkzaamheden | werking van de instelling

Samenvatting This activity report covers the year 2020 and presents an overview of the expertise provided by the Unit in the area of economic governance and banking union in view of supporting the related scrutiny activities in the competent committee(s).

[Uitgebreide analyse](#) [EN](#)

[Economic dialogue with the President of the Eurogroup](#)

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 22-01-2021

Auteur ANGERER Jost | GRIGAITE KRISTINA | LARA MIRANDA ISABEL | LEHOFER WOLFGANG | MAGNUS Marcel | PACHECO DIAS CRISTINA SOFIA | SEGALL REBECCA SARAH FANNY

Beleidssterrein Coronavirus | Economische en monetaire zaken

Zoekterm actieprogramma | administratief beheer | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch herstel | economische governance van de EU | economische situatie | epidemie | EU-bankenunie | Eurogroep (eurozone) | Europees Semester | Europees stabiliteitsmechanisme | financieel instrument | FINANCIËN | gezondheid | monetaire betrekkingen | monetaire economie | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | vrij verkeer van kapitaal

Samenvatting Paschal Donohoe has been invited to his first Economic Dialogue in the ECON Committee since his election as President of the Eurogroup in July 2020. The previous dialogue with Mário Centeno took place on 21 April 2020. The exchange of views with Members of the ECON Committee will cover the ongoing work of the Eurogroup, notably short term policy measures intended to combat the economic, financial and social consequences of COVID-19, medium term policies to support a sustainable recovery and increase resilience of the Euro Area and longer term objectives relating to the robustness of the EMU governance framework, including completing the Banking Union. This briefing covers the following issues: the Eurogroup work programme until June 2021 (Section 1); Economic situation and developments (Section 2); the Recovery and Resilience Facility and the 2021 European Semester Cycle (Section 3); EU/EA policy measures taken to mitigate the economic effects of the pandemic (Section 4); Financial assistance programmes and reform of European Stability Mechanism (Section 5) and Banking Union developments (Section 6). For an overview of the role of the President of the Eurogroup, please see Briefing: The role (and accountability) of the President of the Eurogroup.

[Uitgebreide analyse](#) [EN](#)

When and how to deactivate the SGP general escape clause?

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 15-01-2021

Externe auteur Philippe MARTIN, Xavier RAGOT

Beleidsterrein Economische en monetaire zaken

Zoekterm bruto binnenlands product | commissie EP | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch herstel | economische geografie | economische recessie | economische situatie | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-lidstaat | EUROPESE UNIE | FINANCIËN | GEOGRAFIE | gezondheid | monetaire economie | nationale boekhouding | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | overheidsfinanciën en begrotingsbeleid | overheidsschuld | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | Stabiliteitspact

Samenvatting The unprecedented level of economic uncertainty requires clarifying the European fiscal rules. To avoid repeating the mistakes of the last crisis, the deactivation of the General Escape Clause should be state-dependent, not time-dependent and should take place only when 1) a reform of the SGP has been agreed upon, 2) the EU has returned to its pre-crisis level in terms of GDP per capita or employment. The state-dependent strategy should also apply at the country level.

Uitgebreide analyse [EN](#)

The Effectiveness of Conflict of Interest Policies in the EU- Member States

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 17-12-2020

Externe auteur Christoph DEMMKE; Maros PAULINI; Jari AUTIONIEMI; Florian LENNER

Beleidsterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht | EU-recht: rechtsstelsel en -handelingen | Mededingingsrecht en -regelgeving

Zoekterm ambtenaar | arbeidsrecht en -betrekkingen | belangenconflict | beleidsanalyse | commissie EP | documentatie | economische geografie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-lidstaat | EUROPESE UNIE | GEOGRAFIE | minister | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | regeringsleider | uitvoerende macht en overheidsadministratie | vergelijkende studie | WERKGELEGENHEID EN ARBEID

Samenvatting This comparative study - commissioned by the European Parliament's Policy Department for Citizens' Rights and Constitutional Affairs - analyses the effectiveness of relevant rules, policies and practices within Member States regarding conflict of interest for top political appointment (Head of Government, Ministers and other high ranking officials). The research highlights the theoretical and practical aspects of the notion of conflict of interest, giving some policy recommendations

Studie [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#)

Passerelle clauses in the EU Treaties: Opportunities for more flexible supranational decision-making

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 16-12-2020

Auteur KOTANIDIS Silvia

Beleidsterrein EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht | EU-recht: rechtsstelsel en -handelingen

Zoekterm bijzondere wetgevingsprocedure | documentatie | eenstemmigheid | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | Europese verdragen | gekwalificeerde meerderheid | gewone wetgevingsprocedure | internationaal recht | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | Raad van de Europese Unie | RECHT | Recht van de Europese Unie | supranationaliteit | verkiezingsmethode en stemming | voorstel (EU) | werking van de instelling

Samenvatting Passerelle clauses are a mechanism for introducing Treaty change of a very specific nature. They modify the decision-making rules that affect acts of the Council, by allowing a shift from unanimity to qualified majority voting or from a special legislative procedure to the ordinary legislative procedure. This study explores the differences between passerelle clauses and other flexibility measures (enhanced cooperation, the flexibility clause, and accelerator or brake clauses) and explores the main legal issues surrounding the introduction, revocation, and effects of passerelle clauses and their relationship with the other Treaty revision mechanisms. The analysis focuses not only on the two general passerelle clauses set out in Article 48(7) TEU, but also on the specific passerelle clauses contained in the Treaties in the field of environment, social policy, the multiannual financial framework, common foreign and security policy, family law and enhanced cooperation. Finally, the study outlines recent Commission proposals to use general and/or specific passerelles in certain policy areas, and the approaches taken by other institutions with respect to this constitutional tool.

Studie [DE](#), [EN](#), [FR](#), [IT](#)

[RESEARCH FOR TRAN COMMITTEE: Sustainable and smart urban transport](#)

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 16-12-2020

Externe auteur Giacomo Lozzi, Edoardo Marcucci, Valerio Gatta, Maria Rodrigues, Tharsis Teoh, Carolina Ramos, Eline Jonkers

Beleidssterrein Toerisme | Vervoer

Zoekterm commissie EP | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | duurzame mobiliteit | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | gemeenschappelijk vervoersbeleid | gezondheid | groene economie | intelligent vervoerssysteem | kaderprogramma voor onderzoek en ontwikkeling | MILIEU | milieubeleid | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | organisatie van het vervoer | POLITIEK | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | regelgevingsbeleid | research en intellectuele eigendom | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | stadsvervoer | TRANSPORT | uitvoerende macht en overheidsadministratie | Vervoerbeleid

Samenvatting This study aims to provide the European Parliament's TRAN Committee with an overview on the state of play of sustainable and smart transport, including recent developments/trends, challenges and opportunities, solutions/good practices and recommendations for EU policy makers. It also considers some recent developments related to the impact of COVID-19.

Studie [EN](#)

Samenvatting [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#)

[When and how to deactivate the SGP general escape clause?](#)

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 15-12-2020

Externe auteur Luisa LAMBERTINI

Beleidssterrein Coronavirus | Economische en monetaire zaken

Zoekterm commissie EP | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch gevolg | economische analyse | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Eurogroep (eurozone) | EUROPESE UNIE | financiële instellingen en krediet | FINANCIËN | gezondheid | monetaire betrekkingen | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | overheidsfinanciën en begrotingsbeleid | overheidsschuld | rente | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | Stabiliteitspact

Samenvatting This paper analyses the conditions under which to lift the SGP general escape clause (GEC). It is advisable that the timing for lifting the GEC be Member State-specific and contingent to the Member State's return to its pre-Covid-19 output gap or real GDP level. Medium-Term Budgetary Objectives should be redesigned to take into account the debt-to-GDP level and the interest rate-growth differential. Maintaining government debt yields at low levels after the pandemic would make debt reduction less costly in terms of output.

Uitgebreide analyse [EN](#)

[Key issues in the European Council: State of play in December 2020](#)

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 09-12-2020

Auteur ANGHEL Suzana Elena | BACIAN Izabela Cristina | DRACHENBERG Ralf | PAPUNEN Annastiina

Zoekterm beleidsanalyse | documentatie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europese Raad | EUROPESE UNIE | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | uitvoerende macht en overheidsadministratie | werking van de instelling

Samenvatting This EPRS publication, 'Key issues in the European Council', is updated quarterly to coincide with European Council meetings. It aims to provide an overview of the institution's activities on major EU issues, by analysing twelve broad policy areas, explaining the legal and political background and the main priorities and orientations defined by the European Council in each field. It also assesses the results of European Council involvement in these policy areas to date, and identifies future challenges in the various policy fields.

Studie [EN](#)

[Legal obstacles in Member States to Single Market rules \(At A Glance - Study In Focus\)](#)

Publicatietype Kort overzicht

Datum 02-12-2020

Externe auteur Erik DAHLBERG et al.

Beleidssterrein Consumentenbescherming | Interne markt en douane-unie

Zoekterm bevoegdheid van de EU | bevoegdheid van de lidstaten | commissie EP | documentatie | ECONOMIE, VERKEER EN HANDELSVERKEER | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | internationale handel | interne markt | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | Recht van de Europese Unie | recht van vestiging | vrij verkeer van goederen | vrij verrichten van diensten | werkgelegenheid | WERKGELEGENHEID EN ARBEID

Samenvatting This At A Glance summarises the key findings of the original study, which reviewed and analysed national rules that restrict the free movement of goods and services and the right to establishment across the EU Single Market. The study also analysed trends over time in national restrictions and offers recommendations on how they can be removed. This document was provided by the Policy Department for Economic, Scientific and Quality of Life Policies at the request of the committee on Internal Market and Consumer Protection (IMCO).

Kort overzicht [EN](#)

Nuclear arms control regimes: state of play and perspectives

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 02-12-2020

Externe auteur Clara PORTELA

Beleidssterrein Buitenlandse zaken | Veiligheid en defensie

Zoekterm Amerika | Azië-Oceanië | bilaterale overeenkomst | China | documentatie | economische geografie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europa | Europees Parlement | EUROPESE UNIE | gemeenschappelijk buitenlands en veiligheidsbeleid | GEOGRAFIE | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | internationale politiek | internationale rol van de EU | internationale veiligheid | multilaterale betrekking | non-proliferatie van kernwapens | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | politieke geografie | Rusland | Verenigde Staten | vermindering van de troepen | wapenbeperking

Samenvatting The EU is facing important challenges in the arms control and disarmament domain: firstly, the gradual abandonment of bilateral agreements between the US and Russia that protected European territory, and secondly, an increasing polarisation among the parties to the Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT), evidenced by the controversy sparked by the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons (TPNW). Both developments combined weaken the arms control and disarmament regime, increasing the likelihood of a global nuclear arms race. While the EU has progressively enhanced its role in arms control, non-proliferation and disarmament, it is afflicted by the same cleavage over disarmament that characterises the NPT framework. Based on a review of the drivers of the current crisis and the options for addressing them, the present briefing illuminates the EU's record, and identifies ways in which the European Parliament can support the nuclear arms control agenda despite its lack of formal competence in the field. These notably include developing a *modus vivendi* with the TPNW, and encouraging the Council to lay the groundwork for a multilateral arms control treaty system.

[Uitgebreide analyse](#) [EN](#)

Precarious work from a gender and intersectionality perspective, and ways to combat it

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 30-11-2020

Externe auteur Camille FIADZO, Virginia DALLA POZZA, Laura TODARO (VVA); Claire DUPONT (Milieu); Kari HADJIVASSILIOU (The Tavistock Institute).

Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | Genderkwesties, gelijkheid en diversiteit

Zoekterm arbeidsmarkt | atypische arbeid | commissie EP | coronavirusziekte | demografie en bevolking | dienstpersoneel | diverse industrieën | documentatie | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | gelijke behandeling van man en vrouw | gelijkheid van beloning | gezondheid | INDUSTRIE | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | Personeelsbeheer en bezoldiging | positie van de vrouw | RECHT | rechten en vrijheden | sociaal leven | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | vrouw | vrouwelijke arbeidskrachten | vrouwenarbeid | werkgelegenheid | WERKGELEGENHEID EN ARBEID

Samenvatting This study, commissioned by the European Parliament's Policy Department for Citizens' Rights and Constitutional Affairs at the request of the FEMM Committee, explores the phenomenon of precarious work in the EU from a gender and intersectionality perspective. It finds that women, particularly young women, those with a migrant background and women with low levels of educational attainment, are especially vulnerable. This is a recurring trend across all of the Member States within the study's scope. One of the key factors behind this is the disproportionate amount of time that women spend in caregiving roles and domestic work, something that is reinforced by COVID-19.

[Studie](#) [EN](#)

[Samenvatting](#) [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#)

The state of play of Schengen governance An assessment of the Schengen evaluation and monitoring mechanism in its first multiannual programme

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 27-11-2020

Externe auteur Martin WAGNER & Caitlin KATSIAFICAS
Josephine LIEBL
Leila HADJ ABDOL & Lenka DRAŽANOVÁ
Julien JEANDESBOZ

Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | Mensenrechten | Ruimte van vrijheid, veiligheid en recht | Veiligheid en defensie | Vervoer

Zoekterm Akkoord van Schengen | commissie EP | documentatie | economische geografie | EU-binnengrens | EU-controle | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-lidstaat | EU-programma | EUROPESE UNIE | evaluatiemethode | GEOGRAFIE | grenscontrole | grensoverschrijdende samenwerking | internationaal recht | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | politiek en openbare veiligheid | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | RECHT | Recht van de Europese Unie | research en intellectuele eigendom | samenwerkingsbeleid | verslag over de werkzaamheden

Samenvatting This study, commissioned by the European Parliament's Policy Department for Citizens' Rights and Constitutional Affairs at the request of the LIBE Committee, assesses the operation and impact of the Schengen evaluation and monitoring mechanism in its first multiannual programme (2014-19), with the aim of identifying what has worked well and developing recommendations to strengthen it. The past decade has presented multiple controversies involving the governments of Schengen states as well as EU institutions, leading to a persistent state of apparent crisis. The ongoing "Schengen crisis" is rooted in political changes and in structural shortcomings of the Schengen regime. Despite these obstacles, the resilience of the Schengen system should not be underestimated.

[Studie](#) [EN](#)

[Samenvatting](#) [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#), [PL](#)

[Research for CULT Committee - Shaping digital education policy](#)

Publicatietype Kort overzicht

Datum 27-11-2020

Auteur HERIARD PIERRE MARIE | LECARTE Jacques

Externe auteur Ockham - IPS B.V.: Simon BROEK; Bert-Jan BUISKOOL

Beleidssterrein Onderwijs

Zoekterm commissie EP | coronavirusziekte | digitale geletterdheid | digitale technologie | documentatie | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | gezondheid | Informatica en gegevensverwerking | informatie en informatieverwerking | onderwijs op afstand | onderwijsbeleid | onderwijsprogramma | onderzoeksverslag | opvoeding | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | organisatie van het onderwijs | permanente educatie | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | technologie en technische voorschriften | toepassing van informatica

Samenvatting This research project assesses the Digital Education Action Plan published in 2018 in terms of organisational and content-related challenges. It outlines concrete recommendations on how an updated Digital Education Action Plan could mitigate the weaknesses of the current plan, through a more holistic vision of the digital transformation in education, a focus on quality infrastructure for digital education for all, the further empowerment of educators and the further development of 'whole-school' approaches to digital education.

Kort overzicht [EN](#)

[Research for the AGRI Committee - The Green Deal and the CAP: policy implications to adapt farming practices and to preserve the EU's natural resources](#)

Publicatietype Kort overzicht

Datum 24-11-2020

Auteur MASSOT MARTI Albert

Externe auteur Hervé GUYOMARD; Jean-Christophe BUREAU; Vincent CHATELLIER; Cécile DETANG-DESSENDRE; Pierre DUPRAZ; Florence JACQUET; Xavier REBOUD; Vincent REQUILLART; Louis-Georges SOLER; Margot TYSEBAERT

Beleidssterrein Landbouw en plattelandontwikkeling

Zoekterm Aantasting van het milieu | agrovoeding | biodiversiteit | commissie EP | documentatie | duurzame landbouw | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-milieubeleid | EUROPESE UNIE | gemeenschappelijk landbouwbeleid | groene economie | klimaatverandering | landbouw en voeding | LANDBOUW, BOSBOUW, EN VISSERIJ | landbouwbeleid | LANDBOUWVOEDINGSMIDDELEN | MILIEU | milieubeleid | natuurlijk milieu | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | vermindering van gasemissie

Samenvatting This document is the final report of the study developed by INRAE and AgroParisTech for the European Parliament: "The Green Deal and the CAP: policy implications to adapt farming practices and to preserve the EU's natural resources" (IP/B/AGRI/IC/2020-036).

Kort overzicht [EN](#)

[Research for the AGRI Committee - The Green Deal and the CAP: policy implications to adapt farming practices and to preserve the EU's natural resources](#)

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 23-11-2020

Externe auteur Hervé GUYOMARD; Jean-Christophe BUREAU; Vincent CHATELLIER; Cécile DETANG-DESSENDRE; Pierre DUPRAZ; Florence JACQUET; Xavier REBOUD; Vincent REQUILLART; Louis-Georges SOLER; Margot TYSEBAERT

Beleidssterrein Begroting | Consumentenbescherming | Energie | Industrie | Interne markt en douane-unie | Landbouw en plattelandontwikkeling | Milieu | Onderzoeksbeleid | Regionale ontwikkeling | Voedselveiligheid | Volksgezondheid

Zoekterm Aantasting van het milieu | agrovoeding | biodiversiteit | circulaire economie | commissie EP | documentatie | duurzame landbouw | ECONOMIE | economisch beleid | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-milieubeleid | EUROPESE UNIE | gemeenschappelijk landbouwbeleid | groene economie | klimaatverandering | landbouw en voeding | LANDBOUW, BOSBOUW, EN VISSERIJ | landbouwbeleid | LANDBOUWVOEDINGSMIDDELEN | MILIEU | milieubeleid | natuurlijk milieu | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | productie | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | toeleveringsketen | vermindering van gasemissie

Samenvatting This document is the final report of the study developed by INRAE and AgroParisTech for the European Parliament: "The Green Deal and the CAP: policy implications to adapt farming practices and to preserve the EU's natural resources" (IP/B/AGRI/IC/2020-036).

Studie [EN](#)

Samenvatting [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#)

Bijlage 1 [EN](#)

Uncertainty and Monetary Policy in the Euro Area

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 18-11-2020

Externe auteur Christophe BLOT, Paul HUBERT, Fabien LABONDANCE

Beleidsterrein Economische en monetaire zaken

Zoekterm commissie EP | coronavirusziekte | deflatie | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch beleid | economisch gevolg | economische analyse | economische situatie | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Eurogroep (eurozone) | Europese Centrale Bank | EUROPESE UNIE | FINANCIËN | gezondheid | inflatie | monetaire betrekkingen | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | uniek monetair beleid

Samenvatting The outbreak of the COVID-19 crisis has triggered a new wave of uncertainty, which may amplify the negative effect of the crisis. Based on several uncertainty measures, we show that inflation in the euro area is negatively affected by higher uncertainty. However, uncertainty does not impair the transmission of monetary policy. Consequently, the ECB should consider uncertainty in its reaction function in order to fulfil its mandate. This document was provided by the Policy Department for Economic, Scientific and Quality of Life Policies at the request of the Committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON) ahead of the Monetary Dialogue with the ECB President on 19 November 2020.

[Uitgebreide analyse](#) [EN](#)

Article 50 TEU in practice: How the EU has applied the 'exit' clause

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 17-11-2020

Auteur CIRLIG Carmen-Cristina

Beleidsterrein EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht | EU-recht: rechtsstelsel en -handelingen

Zoekterm documentatie | economische geografie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europa | Europees Parlement | EUROPESE UNIE | GEOGRAFIE | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | politieke geografie | Recht van de Europese Unie | uittreding uit de EU | Verdrag betreffende de Europese Unie | Verenigd Koninkrijk

Samenvatting The United Kingdom's 2016 referendum on EU membership triggered the first ever application of Article 50 of the Treaty on European Union (TEU), the withdrawal clause. However, as Article 50 TEU had never been tested, some aspects of the procedure had to be defined in real time, a process that was not without controversy. This EPRS In-depth Analysis looks at how the EU has applied the 'exit clause' that sets out the conditions and procedure to be followed in the event of a Member State wishing to leave the Union. Looking first at the origins and the main features of the withdrawal clause, the paper then emphasises the way in which the Union filled in certain gaps left open in the drafting of Article 50 TEU and took the lead in establishing the main parameters for the withdrawal negotiations with the UK. It also analyses the European Parliament's success in forging a more substantial role in the withdrawal negotiations than that originally assigned to it by the Treaties.

[Uitgebreide analyse](#) [DE](#), [EN](#), [FR](#)

Monetary-Fiscal Interactions in the Euro Area: Assessing the Risks

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 16-11-2020

Externe auteur Karl Whelan

Beleidsterrein Economische en monetaire zaken

Zoekterm belastingbeleid | belastingwezen | commissie EP | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch herstel | economische situatie | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Eurogroep (eurozone) | Europese Centrale Bank | EUROPESE UNIE | financiële instellingen en krediet | FINANCIËN | gezondheid | monetaire betrekkingen | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | overheidsfinanciën en begrotingsbeleid | overheidsschuld | rente | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | uniek monetair beleid

Samenvatting The global pandemic is deepening the linkages between fiscal and monetary policies. While some are concerned that high public debt may pressurise the ECB to pursue overly loose monetary policy, this paper argues there is a greater risk that the Treaty's rules on monetary financing will constrain the ECB from reacting appropriately to the crisis and that re-imposing the EU's fiscal rules from 2022 onwards could harm economic recovery. This paper calls for an overhaul of the economic rules in the Treaty. This document was provided by the Policy Department for Economic, Scientific and Quality of Life Policies at the request of the Committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON) ahead of the Monetary Dialogue with the ECB President on 19 November 2020.

[Uitgebreide analyse](#) [EN](#)

Blurred Boundaries Between Monetary and Fiscal Policy

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 16-11-2020

Externe auteur Salomon FIEDLER, Klaus-Jürgen GERN, Ulrich STOLZENBURG

Beleidsterrein Economische en monetaire zaken

Zoekterm belastingbeleid | belastingwezen | commissie EP | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | economische en sociale samenhang | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Eurogroep (eurozone) | Europese Centrale Bank | EUROPESE UNIE | financiële stabiliteit | FINANCIËN | gezondheid | monetaire betrekkingen | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | overheidsfinanciën en begrotingsbeleid | overheidsschuld | prijsstabiliteit | prijzen | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | uniek monetair beleid | vrij verkeer van kapitaal

Samenvatting The paper argues that the monetary policy response to the COVID-19 crisis has been appropriate in terms of the ECB's primary objective. The concern over fiscal dominance is, however, valid as in a situation of rising inflationary pressure the ECB would have to choose between maintaining price stability on the one hand and public debt sustainability, financial stability and cohesion of the EMU on the other hand. Reform of the euro area institutional framework could mitigate this risk, either in the direction of a fiscal union or in the direction of full fiscal self-responsibility.
This document was provided by the Policy Department for Economic, Scientific and Quality of Life Policies at the request of the Committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON) ahead of the Monetary Dialogue with the ECB President on 19 November 2020.

[Uitgebreide analyse EN](#)

COVID-19 and Economic Policy Toward the New Normal: A Monetary-Fiscal Nexus after the Crisis?

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 12-11-2020

Externe auteur Thomas MARMEFELT

Beleidsterrein Coronavirus | Economische en monetaire zaken

Zoekterm belastingbeleid | belastingwezen | commissie EP | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch gevolg | economisch herstel | economische analyse | economische situatie | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europese Centrale Bank | EUROPESE UNIE | FINANCIËN | gezondheid | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | prijsstabiliteit | prijzen | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | uniek monetair beleid

Samenvatting Current developments during the COVID-19 pandemic involve strongly complementary monetary and fiscal policy, but both as responses to COVID-19 and not the outcome of an emergent monetary-fiscal nexus. Therefore, the ECB maintains its independence by using unconventional monetary policy measures to reach price stability, according to its mandate.
This document was provided by the Policy Department for Economic, Scientific and Quality of Life Policies at the request of the Committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON) ahead of the Monetary Dialogue with the ECB President on 19 November 2020.

[Uitgebreide analyse EN](#)

Social Impact Investment - Best Practices and Recommendations for the Next Generation

Publicatietype Kort overzicht

Datum 12-11-2020

Externe auteur Raimonda MACKEVIČIŪTĖ, Žilvinas MARTINAITIS, Fiorenza LIPPARINI, Barbara Constance SCHECK, Izabela STYCZYŃSKA.

Beleidsterrein Coronavirus | Sociaal beleid | Werkgelegenheid

Zoekterm commissie EP | documentatie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | FINANCIËN | investering | investering en financiering | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | sociaal beleid | sociaal effect | sociaal leven | sociale omstandigheden | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN

Samenvatting Social Impact Investment (SII) is a strategy that seeks to solve key societal challenges. The study sets out the rationale behind and the definition of SII and analyses the different components of the SII ecosystem. It looks at trends and challenges in SII in the EU, highlights a number of successful SII market initiatives, and makes recommendations on potential EU-level measures.

[Kort overzicht EN](#)

RESEARCH FOR PECH COMMITTEE: Impact of the use of offshore wind and other marine renewables on European fisheries

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 12-11-2020
Externe auteur Vanessa STELZENMÜLLER, Antje GIMPEL, Jonas LETSCHERT, Casper KRAAN, Ralf DÖRING
Beleidssterrein Energie | Milieu | Visserij
Zoekterm commissie EP | documentatie | ENERGIE | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | gemeenschappelijk visserijbeleid | invloed op het milieu | LANDBOUW, BOSBOUW, EN VISSERIJ | MILIEU | milieubeleid | oceaanenergie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | regenererende energie | visserij | windenergie | zachte energie
Samenvatting The study provides an overview of general impacts of the development of offshore wind farms and other marine renewables on the European fishing sector. It further highlights pathways for possible co-existence solutions of both sectors, a description of best practice examples and lessons learnt, the identification of research gaps and last but not least the presentation of policy recommendations.
Studie [EN](#)
Samenvatting [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#)

Social Impact Investment - Best Practices and Recommendations for the Next Generation

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 10-11-2020
Externe auteur Raimonda MACKEVIČIŪTĖ, Žilvinas MARTINAITIS, Fiorenza LIPPARINI, Barbara Constance SCHECK, Izabela STYCZYŃSKA
Beleidssterrein Coronavirus | Sociaal beleid | Werkgelegenheid
Zoekterm commissie EP | documentatie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | FINANCIËN | investering | investering en financiering | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | sociaal beleid | sociaal effect | sociaal leven | sociale omstandigheden | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN
Samenvatting Social Impact Investment (SII) is a strategy that seeks to solve key societal challenges. The study sets out the rationale behind and the definition of SII and analyses the different components of the SII ecosystem. It looks at trends and challenges in SII in the EU, highlights a number of successful SII market initiatives, and makes recommendations on potential EU-level measures.
Studie [EN](#)
Bijlage 2 [EN](#)

Research for TRAN Committee-The impact of emerging technologies on the transport system

Publicatietype Kort overzicht
Datum 10-11-2020
Externe auteur CE Delft: Arno SCHROTEN, Anouk van GRINSVEN, Eric TOL, Louis LEESTEMAKER
TNO: Peter-Paul SCHACKMANN, Diana VONK-NOORDEGRAAF, Jaco van MEIJEREN, Sytze KALISVAART
Beleidssterrein Vervoer
Zoekterm commissie EP | digitale technologie | documentatie | duurzame mobiliteit | effecten van informatietechnologie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | gemeenschappelijk vervoersbeleid | Informatica en gegevensverwerking | intelligent vervoerssysteem | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | organisatie van het vervoer | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | technologie en technische voorschriften | technologische verandering | TRANSPORT | transportinfrastructuur | Vervoerbeleid
Samenvatting This study provides an overview of the impact of Smart Mobility and their underlying emerging technologies on transport, the transport infrastructure and society. The main challenges for the deployment of Smart Mobility applications are identified and (policy) actions are defined that could be taken to overcome these challenges.
Kort overzicht [EN](#)

Update on recent banking developments

Publicatietype Briefing
Datum 10-11-2020
Auteur GRIGAITE KRISTINA | MAGNUS Marcel | MARCHIONNI MATTIA | PACHECO DIAS CRISTINA SOFIA | SEGALL REBECCA SARAH FANNY
Beleidssterrein Economische en monetaire zaken | Financiële en bankzaken
Zoekterm commissie EP | documentatie | EU-bankenunie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-publicatie | Europese Autoriteit voor effecten en markten | Europese Bankautoriteit | Europese Centrale Bank | Europese Rekenkamer | EUROPESE UNIE | FINANCIËN | monetaire economie | monitoringverslag | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | verslag over de werkzaamheden | werking van de instelling
Samenvatting This briefing gives an update on recent events and developments in the Banking Union, based on publicly available information. The briefing summarises: 1) the main elements of two papers commissioned by ECON on the effectiveness of relaxing capital and liquidity buffers as crisis measures; 2) the most recent ECB Bank Lending Survey; 3) recent EBA publications (on anti-money laundering, sustainability, MREL-TLAC eligible instruments and the prudential treatment of legacy instruments); 4) the recent ESMA Wirecard report and similarities with the case of Commerzialbank Mattersburg; 5) the European Court of Justice's role in shaping the Banking Union; and 6) the European Court of Auditors report on EU agencies.
Briefing [EN](#)

The role of Points of Single Contact (PSCs) and other information services in the Single Market (At A Glance - Study In Focus)

Publicatietype Kort overzicht

Datum 09-11-2020

Externe auteur Pau SALSAS-FORN et al.

Beleidssterrein Consumentenbescherming | Interne markt en douane-unie

Zoekterm administratieve formaliteit | administratieve procedure | administratieve samenwerking | bewustmaking van de burgers | documentatie | EU-actie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-onderdaan | EUROPESE UNIE | internationaal recht | interne markt | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | politiek en openbare veiligheid | RECHT | Recht van de Europese Unie | toegang tot EU-informatie | uitvoerende macht en overheidsadministratie | verordening (EU) | verspreiding van EU-informatie over de EU | vrij verrichten van diensten | werkgelegenheid | WERKGELEGENHEID EN ARBEID

Samenvatting This At A Glance summarises the key findings of the original study, which analysed the role and development of Points of Single Contact and other information services. The study reviewed recent policy documents, and identified a range of weaknesses for the provision of contact points. The main recommendations were to improve monitoring (using the indicators and the Single Market Scoreboard) and make use of infringement proceedings in case of non-compliance. The actions could be built on the instruments available under the recent Single Digital Gateway Regulation. This document was provided by the Policy Department for Economic, Scientific and Quality of Life Policies at the request of the committee on Internal Market and Consumer Protection (IMCO).

Kort overzicht [EN](#)

Research for REGI Committee-Cohesion Policy measures in response to the COVID-19 pandemic

Publicatietype Kort overzicht

Datum 05-11-2020

Externe auteur Spatial Foresight: Kai BÖHME & Christian LÜER

Beleidssterrein Regionale ontwikkeling

Zoekterm commissie EP | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch herstel | economische en sociale samenhang | economische geografie | economische situatie | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-lidstaat | EUROPESE UNIE | Financiën van de EU | GEOGRAFIE | gezondheid | meerjarig financieel kader | multi-level governance | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | Regio en regionaal beleid | regionale verschillen | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | territoriale collectiviteit | uitvoerende macht en overheidsadministratie | verdeling van de EU-financiering

Samenvatting The EU has been very active in setting up policy and funding instruments to swiftly and pragmatically mobilise initial support during the health crisis, immediately followed by efforts to get the economy back on track. This paper provides a first review of Cohesion Policy measures in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, including preliminary insights on their uptake and reflections on their impact. It concludes with policy pointers on how to use the measures as accelerators for structural change.

Kort overzicht [EN](#)

Corporate social responsibility (CSR) and its implementation into EU Company law

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 05-11-2020

Externe auteur Kletia Noti ; Prof. Federico Maria Mucciarelli; Dr Virginia dalla Pozza; Carlo Angelici Mattia PILLININI.

Beleidssterrein Internationale handel | Mensenrechten | Verbintenissen-, handels- en vennootschapsrecht

Zoekterm arbeidsrecht en -betrekkingen | arbeidsreglement | bedrijfsorganisatie | commissie EP | documentatie | economische geografie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-lidstaat | EUROPESE UNIE | GEOGRAFIE | Internationale Arbeidsorganisatie | INTERNATIONALE ORGANISATIES | MILIEU | milieubeleid | milieubescherming | nationale uitvoeringsmaatregel | OESO | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | productie | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | RECHT | Recht van de Europese Unie | rechten en vrijheden | rechten van de mens | sociale verantwoordelijkheid van ondernemingen | toeleveringsketen | vennootschapsrecht | Verenigde Naties | wereldwijde organisaties | WERKGELEGENHEID EN ARBEID

Samenvatting Building on both European Union (EU) law and chosen Member States' legislation, this study, commissioned by the European Parliament's Policy Department for Citizens' Rights and Constitutional Affairs at the request of the JURI Committee aims at understanding to what extent Member States are supporting the development and the implementation of CSR strategies in the business community, with particular focus on due diligence requirements. It also attempts at providing some recommendations aimed at possibility developing a comprehensive and structured approach to CSR for the whole of the EU.

Studie [EN](#)

Samenvatting [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#), [PL](#)

What are the wider supervisory implications of the Wirecard case?

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 05-11-2020
Externe auteur Katja LANGENBUCHER, Christian LEUZ, Jan Pieter KRAHNEN, Lorian PELIZZON
Beleidssterrein Economische en monetaire zaken | Financiële en bankzaken
Zoekterm begroting | commissie EP | documentatie | Duitsland | economische geografie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europa | EUROPESE UNIE | financieel beheer | financieel toezicht | financiële audit | financiële controle | financiële stabiliteit | financiële technologie | FINANCIËN | fraude | garantie van investeringen | GEOGRAFIE | investering en financiering | monetaire economie | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | overschrijving | politieke geografie | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | RECHT | strafrecht | technologie en technische voorschriften | vrij verkeer van kapitaal
Samenvatting The paper discusses the policy implications of the Wirecard scandal. The study finds that all lines of defense against corporate fraud, including internal control systems, external audits, the oversight bodies for financial reporting and auditing and the market supervisor, contributed to the scandal and are in need of reform. To ensure market integrity and investor protection in the future, the authors make eight suggestions for the market and institutional oversight architecture in Germany and in Europe.
Studie [EN](#)

Tackling violence against women and domestic violence in Europe – The added value of the Istanbul Convention and remaining challenges

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 30-10-2020
Externe auteur Nathalie MEURENS, Hayley D'SOUZA, Saredo MOHAMED, Nazia CHOWDHURY, Stelios CHARITAKIS, Kate, REGAN, ICF Prof. Dr Els LEYE, Ghent University/Consultant
Beleidssterrein Coronavirus | Genderkwesties, gelijkheid en diversiteit
Zoekterm Azië-Oceanië | commissie EP | coronavirusziekte | demografie en bevolking | documentatie | economische geografie | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-lidstaat | Europa | Europese Conventie | EUROPESE UNIE | gelijke behandeling van man en vrouw | GEOGRAFIE | gezondheid | huiselijk geweld | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | internationale politiek | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | politieke geografie | ratificatie van een overeenkomst | RECHT | rechten en vrijheden | seksueel geweld | sociaal leven | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | strafrecht | Turkije | vrouw
Samenvatting This study was commissioned by the European Parliament's Policy Department for Citizens' Rights and Constitutional Affairs at the request of the FEMM Committee. It aims to understand the implementation of the Convention, its added value, arguments against the ratification of the Convention, and the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on violence against women (VAW) and domestic violence (DV). The 27 EU Member States are included in the study, together with Turkey, which offers a comparator of the impact of the ratification of the Convention by a non-EU country.
Studie [EN](#)

RESEARCH FOR PECH COMMITTEE: Impact of the use of offshore wind and other marine renewables on European fisheries

Publicatietype Kort overzicht
Datum 30-10-2020
Externe auteur Vanessa STELZENMÜLLER, Antje GIMPEL, Jonas LETSCHERT, Casper KRAAN, Ralf DÖRING
Beleidssterrein Energie | Milieu | Visserij
Zoekterm België | commissie EP | Denemarken | documentatie | Duitsland | economische geografie | ENERGIE | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europa | EUROPESE UNIE | gemeenschappelijk visserijbeleid | GEOGRAFIE | LANDBOUW, BOSBOUW, EN VISSERIJ | Nederland | oceaanenergie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | politieke geografie | regenererbare energie | Verenigd Koninkrijk | visserij | windenergie | zachte energie | zeevisserij
Samenvatting The study provides an overview of general impacts of the development of offshore wind farms and other marine renewables on the European fishing sector. It further highlights pathways for possible co-existence solutions of both sectors, a description of best practice examples and lessons learnt, the identification of research gaps and last but not least the presentation of policy recommendations.
Kort overzicht [EN](#)

[Access to Abortion Services for Women in the EU - Croatia](#)

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse
Datum 30-10-2020
Auteur SCHONARD Martina
Externe auteur Anita Blagojević, Faculty of Law, Osijek, Croatia
Ivana Tucak, Faculty of Law, Osijek, Croatia
Beleidssterrein Genderkwesties, gelijkheid en diversiteit | Mensenrechten
Zoekterm abortus | civiele samenleving | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | economische geografie | epidemie | Europa | GEOGRAFIE | gezin | gezondheid | Kroatië | Malta | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | Polen | POLITIEK | politiek en openbare veiligheid | politieke geografie | RECHT | rechten en vrijheden | rechten van de vrouw | reproductieve gezondheidszorg | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | telezorg | vrouwenbeweging
Samenvatting An In-depth Analysis commissioned by the European Parliament's Policy Department for Citizens' Rights and Constitutional Affairs at the request of the FEMM Committee.
The paper is divided into six parts. The first part of the paper defines what is meant by the term sexual and reproductive health and rights (SRHR) according to the most important international and regional human rights instruments. The second part analyses the legal framework of the EU Member States regarding access to abortion services while the third part focuses on the problems caused by the COVID - 19 pandemic in access to abortion. The fourth part deals with the problems caused by the pandemic in the two countries with the most restrictive abortion regimes in the EU, Poland and Malta. The fifth part of the paper sheds light on the importance of civil society in the protection of women's SRHR. Finally, the sixth part of the paper assesses the importance of the solutions adopted in the protection of access to abortion services during the COVID -19 pandemic. In this context, telemedicine for early medical abortions is particularly important.

[Uitgebreide analyse](#) [EN](#)

[What are the wider supervisory implications of the Wirecard case?](#)

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 29-10-2020
Externe auteur Beatriz GARCÍA OSMA, Ana GISBERT, Begoña NAVALLAS
Beleidssterrein Economische en monetaire zaken | Financiële en bankzaken
Zoekterm boekhouder | commissie EP | documentatie | Duitsland | economische geografie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europa | EUROPESE UNIE | financieel beheer | financieel beroep | financieel toezicht | financiële audit | financiële technologie | FINANCIËN | fraude | garantie van investeringen | GEOGRAFIE | investering en financiering | monetaire economie | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | overschrijving | politieke geografie | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | RECHT | strafrecht | technologie en technische voorschriften | toegang tot het beroepsleven | vrij verkeer van kapitaal | werkgelegenheid | WERKGELEGENHEID EN ARBEID
Samenvatting While multiple causes underpin accounting scandals such as Wirecard, they often point at deficiencies in the audit profession and its oversight. Currently, the system of national public audit oversight boards (POBSAs) is fragmented and overly complex, characterized by limited responsiveness to red flags, and apparent lack of communication among the POBSAs, and with other supervisors. This suggests supervisory coordination and clear action triggers are imperative. Importantly, pervasively low transparency limits the usefulness of this briefing and hinders evidence-based policy making.

[Studie](#) [EN](#)

[Research for REGI Committee - Cohesion Policy Measures in Response to the COVID-19 Pandemic](#)

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 29-10-2020
Externe auteur Spatial Foresight: Kai BÖHME, Christian LÜER.
Beleidssterrein Onderzoeksbeleid | Regionale ontwikkeling | Voedselveiligheid | Volksgezondheid
Zoekterm Azië-Oceanië | China | commissie EP | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch gevolg | economisch herstel | economische analyse | economische en sociale samenhang | economische geografie | economische recessie | economische situatie | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | GEOGRAFIE | gezondheid | onderzoeksverslag | ontwikkeling van het platteland | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | plattelandsgedebied | Regio en regionaal beleid | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN
Samenvatting The EU has been very active in setting up policy and funding instruments to swiftly and pragmatically mobilise initial support during the health crisis, immediately followed by efforts to get the economy back on track.
This paper provides a first review of Cohesion Policy measures in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, including preliminary insights on their uptake and reflections on their impact. It concludes with policy pointers on how to use the measures as accelerators for structural change.

[Studie](#) [EN](#)

[Samenvatting](#) [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#), [PL](#)

What are the wider supervisory implications of the Wirecard case?

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 28-10-2020
Externe auteur Giorgio BARBA NAVARETTI, Giacomo CALZOLARI, Alberto Franco POZZOLO
Beleidssterrein Economische en monetaire zaken | Financiële en bankzaken
Zoekterm bescherming van de consument | commissie EP | consumptie | documentatie | Duitsland | ECONOMIE, VERKEER EN HANDELSVERKEER | economische geografie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europa | EUROPESE UNIE | financieel risico | financieel toezicht | financiële stabiliteit | financiële technologie | FINANCIËN | fraude | garantie van investeringen | GEOGRAFIE | investering en financiering | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | overschrijving | politieke geografie | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | RECHT | strafrecht | technologie en technische voorschriften | vrij verkeer van kapitaal
Samenvatting Beginning with a discussion of the Wirecard case, this study highlights several lessons for the regulation and supervision of Fintech companies. Innovation in the financial industry brings both efficiency gains and new risks. To balance these two elements, regulators need a deep understanding of Fintech's technologies and business models. Because Fintechs can be very complex companies, there is a need for an approach combining the oversight of both entities and activities. The global scope of Fintech's activities also calls for convergence and coordination of rules and supervisory practices at the European level and beyond.
Studie [EN](#)

Improving the quality of public spending in Europe - Budgetary 'waste rates' in EU Member States

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 27-10-2020
Auteur SAULNIER JEROME LEON
Beleidssterrein Begroting | Economische en monetaire zaken | Europese meerwaarde | Milieu | Sociaal beleid | Veiligheid en defensie | Volksgezondheid
Zoekterm begroting | begrotingsuitgave | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economische geografie | EU-lidstaat | financieel beheer | FINANCIËN | GEOGRAFIE | kosten-batenanalyse | nationale boekhouding | nationale uitgaven | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | overheidsfinanciën en begrotingsbeleid | rijksbegroting | toegevoegde waarde
Samenvatting This EPRS study looks at whether, and under what conditions, greater effectiveness could be achieved in overall public spending at all levels of the European Union through greater pooling of resources at European level. It suggests that added value can be realised in public spending, through efficiency gains and lower administrative costs, delivered by and through the EU budget, usually with corresponding savings to national budgets. The study provides a methodology for assessing the 'waste rate' in overlapping national spending and analyses four policy areas, with the potential to realise gains of around €180 billion.
Studie [EN](#)

Research for REGI Committee - EU lagging regions: state of play and future challenges

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 26-10-2020
Externe auteur EPC: Marta PILATI, Alison HUNTER
Beleidssterrein Onderzoeksbeleid
Zoekterm commissie EP | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economische en sociale samenhang | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | onderzoeksverslag | ontwikkeling van het platteland | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | plattelandsgebied | Regio en regionaal beleid
Samenvatting This study analyses the EU's lagging regions and proposes a revised typology to identify those that are most vulnerable, with an eye to the challenges emerging from the ongoing economic transitions. It also explores the engagement of lagging regions in EU policies, including cohesion policy, and puts forward some recommendations to improve their future support at EU level.
Studie [EN](#)
Samenvatting [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#)

Corporate due diligence and corporate accountability

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 20-10-2020

Auteur NAVARRA Cecilia

Beleidssterrein Europese meerwaarde

Zoekterm bedrijfsorganisatie | documentatie | Europese onderneming | EUROPESE UNIE | financieel beheer | grondrechten | interne markt | invloed op het milieu | MILIEU | milieubeleid | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | ondernemingen | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | productie | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | RECHT | rechten en vrijheden | rechten van de mens | sociaal effect | sociale omstandigheden | sociale verantwoordelijkheid van ondernemingen | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | toegevoegde waarde | toeleveringsketen | vennootschapsrecht

Samenvatting This study analyses the potential European Added Value of a measure requiring companies to carry out due diligence on social, environmental and governance risks in their own operations and supply chain. There is evidence of human rights violations and environmental negative impacts related to business activities. This measure could increase firm compliance to international principles of responsible business conduct, increase access to remedy for victims, improve legal certainty and create a level playing field for businesses. This study reviews possible sources of costs and benefits for companies and, based on original analysis, suggests that stronger environmental and social accountability practices could contribute to improving EU firms' performance. From a qualitative analysis, it suggests a potential significant impact in addressing risks of environmental damages and human rights violations in global value chains, thus supporting EU commitment to human rights and environmental protection.

Studie [EN](#)

EU Defence Package: Defence Procurement and Intra-Community Transfers Directives

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 19-10-2020

Auteur IOANNIDES Isabelle

Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | Interne markt en douane-unie | Veiligheid en defensie

Zoekterm bewapening | commissie EP | defensie | documentatie | ECONOMIE, VERKEER EN HANDELSVERKEER | EG-richtlijn | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | grensoverschrijdende samenwerking | handelsbeleid | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | internationale handel | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | overheidsopdrachten | Recht van de Europese Unie | samenwerkingsbeleid | toepassing van het EU-recht | vrij verkeer van goederen | wapenindustrie

Samenvatting This study examines the implementation of the European Union (EU) defence package, which consists of the Defence Procurement Directive 2009/81/EC and the Intra-Community Transfers Directive 2009/43/EC, during the period from 2016 to 2020. It is organised in two parts. The first part of the study, prepared internally, examines the evaluations carried out on the implementation of the two directives to identify persisting challenges. It surveys institutional and policy novelties in the field of EU defence cooperation so as to place the implementation of the two directives in context, and then examines Parliament's oversight work. It goes on to lay out the main elements that are likely to affect the future of EU defence industrial cooperation, and provides options for moving forward. The second part of the study, which was outsourced, is based on primary research (a survey and interviews) and aims to assess the effectiveness, efficiency, relevance and added value of the Defence Procurement Directive and the Intra-Community Transfers Directive. It also seeks to identify limitations and challenges, and explore – where possible – the links between the implementation of the two directives.

Studie [EN](#)

Key issues in the European Council: State of play in October 2020

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 15-10-2020

Auteur ANGHEL Suzana Elena | BACIAN Izabela Cristina | DRACHENBERG Ralf | PAPUNEN Annastiina

Beleidssterrein Buitenlandse zaken | Coronavirus | Democratie | Economische en monetaire zaken | Energie | Financiële en bankzaken | Industrie | Milieu | Ruimte van vrijheid, veiligheid en recht | Veiligheid en defensie | Vervoer | Werkgelegenheid

Zoekterm beleidsanalyse | documentatie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europese Raad | EUROPESE UNIE | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | uitvoerende macht en overheidsadministratie | werking van de instelling

Samenvatting This EPRS publication, 'Key issues in the European Council', is updated quarterly to coincide with European Council meetings. It aims to provide an overview of the institution's activities on major EU issues, by analysing twelve broad policy areas, explaining the legal and political background and the main priorities and orientations defined by the European Council in each field. It also assesses the results of European Council involvement in these policy areas to date, and identifies future challenges in the various policy fields.

Studie [EN](#)

Research for REGI Committee - EU lagging regions: state of play and future challenges

Publicatietype Kort overzicht

Datum 15-10-2020

Externe auteur EPC: Marta PILATI, Alison HUNTER

Beleidssterrein Onderzoeksbeleid

Zoekterm commissie EP | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch gevolg | economisch herstel | economische analyse | economische situatie | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | gezondheid | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | Regio en regionaal beleid | regionaal beleid van de EU | regionale ontwikkeling | regionale verschillen | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN

Samenvatting This study analyses the EU's lagging regions and proposes a revised typology to identify those that are most vulnerable, with an eye to the challenges emerging from the ongoing economic transitions. It also explores the engagement of lagging regions in EU policies, including cohesion policy, and puts forward some recommendations to improve their future support at EU level.

Kort overzicht [EN](#)

Barriers to Competition through Joint Ownership by Institutional Investors

Publicatietype Kort overzicht

Datum 15-10-2020

Externe auteur S. FRAZZANI, K. NOTI, M. P. SCHINKEL, J. SELDESLACHTS, A. BANAL ESTAÑOL, N. BOOT, C. ANGELICI

Beleidssterrein Financiële en bankzaken | Mededingingsrecht en -regulering

Zoekterm aandeelhouder | bank | bankcontrole | bedrijfsorganisatie | concurrentie | concurrentiebeleid | deelneming | documentatie | Europese onderneming | financiële instellingen en krediet | FINANCIËN | geldmarkt | kapitaalmarkt | leiding van een onderneming | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | ondernemingen | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | vrij verkeer van kapitaal

Samenvatting In recent years, the phenomenon of common ownership by institutional investors has sparked considerable debate about its impact on competition and companies' corporate governance. The original full study analyses some specific features of common ownership by institutional investors in the European banking sector, at the intersection between competition policy, financial sector regulation and corporate governance rules. This document was provided by the Policy Department for Economic, Scientific and Quality of Life Policies at the request of the committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON).

Kort overzicht [EN](#)

Towards a more resilient Europe post-coronavirus: Capabilities and gaps in the EU's capacity to address structural risks

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 09-10-2020

Beleidssterrein Coronavirus | EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht

Zoekterm administratief beheer | Azië-Oceanië | beleidsvorming | China | coronavirusziekte | crisisbeheersing | documentatie | economische geografie | epidemie | Europese Unie | EUROPESE UNIE | GEOGRAFIE | gezondheid | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | uitvoerende macht en overheidsadministratie

Samenvatting The current coronavirus crisis emphasises the need for the European Union to devote more effort to anticipatory governance, notably through analysis of medium- and long-term global trends, as well as structured contingency planning and the stress-testing of existing and future policies. In order to contribute to reflection on and discussion about the implications of the coronavirus pandemic for EU policy-making, this paper builds on an initial 'mapping' of some 66 potential structural risks which could confront Europe over the coming decade. Taking 33 risks which are assessed as being more significant or likely, it looks first at the capabilities which the EU and its Member States already have to address those risks, and then looks at the various gaps in policy and instruments at the Union's disposal, suggesting possible approaches to overcome them in the short and medium terms.

Studie [EN](#)

Digital Services Act

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 01-10-2020

Auteur EVAS Tatjana | LOMBA NIOMBO

Beleidssterrein Consumentenbescherming | Economische en monetaire zaken | Energie | Vaststelling van wetgeving door het EP en de Raad

Zoekterm beleidsanalyse | bescherming van de consument | burgerlijk recht | burgerlijk recht | commercialisering | concurrentie | concurrentiebeperking | consumptie | digitale inhoud | documentatie | ECONOMIE, VERKEER EN HANDELSVERKEER | elektronische handel | financieel beheer | kwalitatieve analyse | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | RECHT | rechtsbronnen en rechtstakken | research en intellectuele eigendom | technologie en technische voorschriften | toegevoegde waarde | toepassing van de wet | uitvoerende macht en overheidsadministratie

Samenvatting E-commerce is an essential part of the economy and of consumers shopping habits. It can support EU citizens in accessing services more easily and businesses reaching customers more targeted. The E-commerce Directive has been an important column of digital services. Still, there is need for amending the current regulation. This EAVA accompanies two European Parliament's own-initiative legislative reports by JURI and IMCO asking the Commission for legislative actions to implement a digital services act. The analysis identifies 22 main gaps and risks, which we clustered into four policy packages on consumer protection, content management and curation, facilitation of competition in online platforms ecosystems, and enhancement of enforcement and legal coherence. The analysis suggests that EU common action on consumer protection and e-commerce rules, as well as on a framework for content management and curation could add up €76 billion to the EU GDP between 2020-2030.

Studie [EN](#)

Evaluating the EU's Response to the US Global Gag Rule

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 30-09-2020

Externe auteur Clara COTRONEO, Petra JENEY, European Institute of Public Administration

Beleidssterrein Genderkwesties, gelijkheid en diversiteit | Mensenrechten

Zoekterm Amerika | commissie EP | demografie en bevolking | documentatie | economische geografie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | gelijke behandeling van man en vrouw | GEOGRAFIE | gezondheid | grondrechten | huiselijk geweld | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | onderzoeksverslag | ontwikkelingshulp | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | politieke geografie | positie van de vrouw | RECHT | rechten en vrijheden | reproductieve gezondheidszorg | samenwerkingsbeleid | seksueel geweld | seksuele minderheid | sociaal leven | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | strafrecht | Verenigde Staten | vrouw

Samenvatting This study commissioned by the European Parliament's Policy Department for Citizens' Rights and Constitutional Affairs at the request of the FEMM Committee, maps out the challenges the European Union faces in promoting sexual and reproductive health and rights and the prevention of gender based violence in its external action, especially in providing aid to developing countries against the backdrop of US Global Gag Rules.

Studie [EN](#)

COVID-19 and the Future of Quantitative Easing in the Euro Area: Three Scenarios with a Trilemma

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 30-09-2020

Externe auteur Luigi BONATTI, Andrea FRACASSO, Roberto TAMBORINI

Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | Coronavirus | Economische en monetaire zaken | Financiële en bankzaken

Zoekterm belastingbeleid | belastingwezen | commissie EP | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch gevolg | economisch herstel | economische analyse | economische situatie | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | euro | Eurogroep (eurozone) | Europese Centrale Bank | EUROPESE UNIE | FINANCIËN | gezondheid | monetaire betrekkingen | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | uniek monetair beleid

Samenvatting We present the set of measures that the ECB has undertaken to fight the pandemic crisis by outlining the deep impact that COVID-19 is having on economic structures, and by highlighting the differences between the current policy package and previous ECB's programmes. Moreover, we discuss what are the challenges that await the ECB in the medium to long run, contingent on different post-COVID scenarios concerning economic growth and inflation, considering its peculiar multinational jurisdiction. This document was provided by Policy Department A at the request of the Committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON).

Uitgebreide analyse [EN](#)

This Time is Different: The PEPP Might Not Work in a Sectoral Recession

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 30-09-2020

Externe auteur Angela CAPOLONGO, Daniel GROS

Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | Coronavirus | Economische en monetaire zaken | Financiële en bankzaken

Zoekterm commissie EP | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch gevolg | economisch herstel | economische analyse | economische recessie | economische situatie | epidemie | EU-industriebeleid | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Eurogroep (eurozone) | Europese Centrale Bank | EUROPESE UNIE | FINANCIËN | gezondheid | INDUSTRIE | industriebeleid en -structuur | monetaire betrekkingen | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | uniek monetair beleid

Samenvatting The COVID-19 recession is different from previous downturns because it originates in demand and supply disturbances which are highly specific to certain sectors (contact-intensive services). This sectoral nature renders aggregate demand policies, including monetary policy, much less effective. The PEPP was essential to prevent a financial crisis in the Spring of 2020; but there is no need to increase its size. In a sectoral recession, one should not expect much impact from central bank bond buying on inflation. This document was provided by Policy Department A at the request of the Committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON).

[Uitgebreide analyse](#) [EN](#)

Accountability Mechanisms of the Bank of England and of the European Central Bank

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 30-09-2020

Externe auteur Rosa M. LASTRA

Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | Economische en monetaire zaken | EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht

Zoekterm centrale bank | commissie EP | documentatie | economische geografie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europa | Europese Centrale Bank | EUROPESE UNIE | FINANCIËN | GEOGRAFIE | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | politieke geografie | uniek monetair beleid | Verenigd Koninkrijk

Samenvatting This paper analyses the accountability mechanisms of the European Central Bank and of the Bank of England and focuses on parliamentary accountability for the monetary policy functions. The paper suggests ways to improve the Monetary Dialogue between the ECB and the Committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (European Parliament). This document was provided by Policy Department A at the request of the Committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON).

[Studie](#) [EN](#)

How Can the European Parliament Better Oversee the European Central Bank?

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 30-09-2020

Externe auteur Grégory CLAEYS, Marta DOMÍNGUEZ-JIMÉNEZ

Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | Economische en monetaire zaken | EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht

Zoekterm Azië-Oceanië | centrale bank | documentatie | economische geografie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Eurogroep (eurozone) | Europees Parlement | Europese Centrale Bank | EUROPESE UNIE | FINANCIËN | GEOGRAFIE | groene economie | Japan | MILIEU | milieubeleid | monetaire betrekkingen | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | openbaarheid van het besluitvormingsproces | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | politieke organisatie | toezichhoudende bevoegdheid | uniek monetair beleid

Samenvatting This paper assesses how the European Parliament (EP) holds the European Central Bank (ECB) accountable. The same exercise is done for the Bank of Japan, in order to identify possible lessons for the ECB and the EP. Possible improvements to the ECB accountability framework include procedural changes to the Monetary Dialogue to increase its effectiveness, the release of detailed minutes and votes from ECB governing council meetings, and the establishment of a ranking by the EU legislators of the ECB's secondary objectives. This document was provided by Policy Department A at the request of the Committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON).

[Uitgebreide analyse](#) [EN](#)

APP vs PEPP: Similar, But With Different Rationales

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse
Datum 30-09-2020
Externe auteur Christophe BLOT, Jérôme CREEL and Paul HUBERT
Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | Coronavirus | Economische en monetaire zaken | Financiële en bankzaken
Zoekterm commissie EP | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch gevolg | economische analyse | economische situatie | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Eurogroep (eurozone) | Europese Centrale Bank | EUROPESE UNIE | financiële instellingen en krediet | FINANCIËN | gezondheid | inflatie | monetaire betrekkingen | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | rente | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | uniek monetair beleid
Samenvatting ECB's asset purchase programmes have been implemented at different times in different economic environments and may pursue different objectives. From the point of view of removing financial fragmentation and taming sovereign stress in the euro area, the PEPP has been successful so far. Moreover, this outcome was obtained without fully using its potential resources. To date and contingent on the available set of information, the current monetary stance has not gone too far and it retains some ammunitions.
This document was provided by Policy Department A at the request of the Committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON).
Uitgebreide analyse [EN](#)

RESEARCH FOR REGI COMMITTEE - EU Cohesion Policy in non-urban areas

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 30-09-2020
Externe auteur Stefan KAH, Neli GEORGIEVA, Liliana FONSECA - EPRC
Beleidssterrein Regionale ontwikkeling | Sociaal beleid
Zoekterm commissie EP | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economische en sociale samenhang | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | gemeenschappelijk landbouwbeleid | gezondheid | LANDBOUW, BOSBOUW, EN VISSERIJ | landbouwbeleid | onderzoeksverslag | ontwikkeling van het platteland | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | plattelandsgebied | Regio en regionaal beleid | regionaal beleid van de EU | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | volksgezondheid
Samenvatting This study looks at the role of EU Cohesion Policy in non-urban (rural) areas. It analyses the challenges of these areas and discusses the extent and thematic orientation of rural Cohesion Policy funding. The study then presents the relationship between Cohesion Policy and CAP, before giving an overview of the role of Cohesion Policy for healthcare. It also reflects on the implications of Cohesion Policy proposals post-2020 for rural areas, before providing final conclusions and recommendations for a long-term policy vision.
Studie [EN](#)
Samenvatting [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#)

Impact of noise pollution on residents of large cities, with special regard to noise pollution from aircrafts

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 30-09-2020
Externe auteur Ted ELLIFF, Michele CREMASCI, Violaine HUCK - ENVISA, Paris
Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | Vervoer | Verzoekschriften aan het Europees Parlement
Zoekterm Aantasting van het milieu | akoestische vervuiling | bescherming tegen geluidshinder | burgerluchtvaart | commissie EP | documentatie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | geluidsniveau | gezondheid | INTERNATIONALE ORGANISATIES | lucht- en ruimtevervoer | luchthaven | metropool | MILIEU | milieubeleid | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | parlement | POLITIEK | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | stedenbouw | TRANSPORT | Verenigde Naties | verzoekschrift | vliegtuig | volksgezondheid | Wereldgezondheidsorganisatie
Samenvatting This study, provided by the Policy Department for Citizens' Rights and Constitutional Affairs at the request of the Committee on Petitions, aims to provide a clear and simple overview to the non-expert reader, on the Impact of aircrafts noise pollution on residents of large cities, as well as to give recommendations addressed to the most relevant actors.
Noise is one of the most important problems linked to aviation. It can lead to health issues, as well as to negative social and economic effects. Examples of health issues produced by aviation are sleep disturbance, community annoyance, cardiovascular disease, and mental health problems.
Studie [EN](#)

The ECB's Asset Purchase Programmes: Effectiveness, Risks, Alternatives

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse
Datum 30-09-2020
Externe auteur Joscha BECKMANN, Salomon FIEDLER, Klaus-Jürgen GERN, Stefan KOOHS, Josefine QUAST, Maik WOLTERS
Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | Coronavirus | Economische en monetaire zaken | Financiële en bankzaken
Zoekterm commissie EP | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch gevolg | economische analyse | economische situatie | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Eurogroep (eurozone) | Europese Centrale Bank | EUROPESE UNIE | FINANCIËN | gezondheid | inflatie | monetaire betrekkingen | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | uniek monetair beleid
Samenvatting We summarise the empirical evidence on effects of asset purchases in the euro area, including the PEPP programme launched in response to the COVID-19 crisis. We conclude that QE is particularly effective during times of high financial stress, i.e. at the peak of a crisis, but tends to lose impact over time. At the same time, QE policies come with prominent risks which may materialise only in the longer term. We suggest a scheme of rule-based intervention in sovereign debt markets that preserves the role of yield spreads as a market signal, while containing the risk of bad equilibria.
This document was provided by Policy Department A at the request of the Committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON).

[Uitgebreide analyse EN](#)

Research for AGRI Committee -The upcoming Commission's Communication on the long-term vision for rural areas

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse
Datum 30-09-2020
Auteur MASSOT MARTI Albert | NEGRE François
Beleidssterrein Landbouw en plattelandontwikkeling | Milieu | Regionale ontwikkeling | Sociaal beleid | Toerisme | Werkgelegenheid
Zoekterm commissie EP | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economische en sociale samenhang | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | gemeenschappelijk landbouwbeleid | LANDBOUW, BOSBOUW, EN VISSERIJ | landbouwbeleid | landvlucht | migraties | onderzoeksverslag | ontwikkeling van het platteland | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | plattelandsgedrag | Regio en regionaal beleid | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN
Samenvatting This in-depth analysis provides a preliminary analysis of the upcoming Commission's communication on a long term vision for rural areas. It presents the key features of the communication and its implications for the CAP, takes stock of the current and future EU policy tools to support rural areas and provides background material on the economic, demographic, social and spatial challenges they are faced with.

[Uitgebreide analyse EN](#)

Accountability at the Fed and the ECB

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse
Datum 30-09-2020
Externe auteur Karl WHELAN
Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | Economische en monetaire zaken | EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht
Zoekterm Amerika | benoeming van de leden | documentatie | economische geografie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europees Parlement | Europese Centrale Bank | Europese Raad | EUROPESE UNIE | GEOGRAFIE | interinstitutionele betrekkingen (EU) | onderzoeksverslag | openbaarheid van het besluitvormingsproces | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | politieke geografie | politieke organisatie | toezichthoudende bevoegdheid | Verenigde Staten
Samenvatting This paper reviews the independence and accountability of the ECB and the Federal Reserve. While the ECB makes significant efforts to be accountable for its actions, there are several improvements that could be made to European institutions to improve its independence and accountability. These include reforming the process of appointing ECB Executive Board members, improving the transparency of ECB decision-making and reforming aspects of the Monetary Dialogue to make the questioning more effective.
This document was provided by Policy Department A at the request of the Committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON).

[Uitgebreide analyse EN](#)

Independence with Weak Accountability: The Swiss Case

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 29-09-2020

Externe auteur Charles WYPLOSZ

Beleidsterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | Economische en monetaire zaken | EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht

Zoekterm centrale bank | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economische geografie | economische situatie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europa | Europees Parlement | Europese Centrale Bank | EUROPESE UNIE | financiële stabiliteit | FINANCIËN | GEOGRAFIE | inflatie | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | politiek en openbare veiligheid | politieke geografie | politieke organisatie | publieke opinie | toezichhoudende bevoegdheid | uniek monetair beleid | vrij verkeer van kapitaal | werking van de instelling | Zwitserland

Samenvatting The Swiss National Bank is highly independent but weakly accountable. Weak accountability is rooted in the formal legislation on central banking but also in the reputation of the Bank, which is unanimously considered as highly successful. The ECB too is highly independent and weakly accountable but it faces diverse public opinions whose views differ across countries. Buttressing ECB accountability is important, therefore, and the European Parliament should consider strengthening the Monetary Dialogue. This document was provided by Policy Department A at the request of the Committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON).

[Uitgebreide analyse](#) [EN](#)

On the path to 'strategic autonomy': The EU in an evolving geopolitical environment

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 28-09-2020

Auteur ANGHEL Suzana Elena | IMMENKAMP Beatrix | LAZAROU Eleni | SAULNIER JEROME LEON | WILSON Alex Benjamin

Beleidsterrein Buitenlandse zaken | Coronavirus | EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht | Veiligheid en defensie

Zoekterm Azië-Oceanië | China | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | economische geografie | epidemie | EU-lidstaat | EUROPESE UNIE | gemeenschappelijk buitenlands en veiligheidsbeleid | GEOGRAFIE | geopolitiek | gezondheid | internationale rol van de EU | menswetenschappen | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | Recht van de Europese Unie | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | Verdrag van Lissabon | WETENSCHAPPEN

Samenvatting In confronting the EU with an unprecedented crisis, the coronavirus outbreak is testing the bloc's unity, but may also accelerate the construction of EU strategic autonomy, as the roadmap for recovery is implemented. Political will, still in the making, and the capacity to act are key prerequisites for achieving effective European strategic autonomy. The EU is increasingly at risk of becoming a 'playground' for global powers in a world dominated by geopolitics. Building European strategic autonomy on a horizontal – cross-policy – basis would strengthen the EU's multilateral action and reduce dependence on external actors, to make the EU less vulnerable to external threats; while promoting a level playing field that benefits everyone. The EU could thus reap the full dividend of its integration and possibly benefit from greater economic gains. To build European strategic autonomy, the EU may choose to use the still 'under-used' or 'unused' potential of the Lisbon Treaty, with the European Council having a key role to play in triggering some of the Treaty provisions, particularly in foreign and security policy. European strategic autonomy may also result from a deepening of the EU integration process. Nevertheless, it remains to be seen whether the Member States will wish to grasp the opportunity offered by the Conference on the Future of Europe to deepen the European project.

[Studie](#) [DE](#), [EN](#), [FR](#)

Multimedia [What is Strategic Autonomy?](#)

Protecting EU common values within the Member States: An overview of monitoring, prevention and enforcement mechanisms at EU level

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 25-09-2020

Auteur DIAZ CREGO Maria | MAÑKO Rafał | VAN BALLEGOOIJ Wouter

Beleidsterrein Democratie | EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht

Zoekterm communautaire instelling | documentatie | economische geografie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-lidstaat | Europees Semester | EUROPESE UNIE | FINANCIËN | Financiën van de EU | GEOGRAFIE | grondrechten | inbreukprocedure (EU) | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | ontvankelijkheidscriterium | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | politieke organisatie | RECHT | Recht van de Europese Unie | rechten en vrijheden | rechtsstaat | sanctie (EU) | Verdrag betreffende de Europese Unie

Samenvatting This study analyses the existing and proposed mechanisms available to the institutions of the EU that may be deployed in order to monitor and enforce the observance of EU values by the Member States. More specifically, the study addresses the status and meaning of EU values (Article 2 TEU) and also discusses existing monitoring and preventive mechanisms (European Semester, EU Justice Scoreboard, Commission's rule of law framework, the Council's dialogues on the rule of law, and the preventive arm of Article 7 TEU) and enforcement mechanisms (preliminary reference rulings, infringement procedures and the sanctions arm of Article 7 TEU). It also analyses a number of proposed mechanisms: the pact on democracy, the rule of law and fundamental rights; rule of law review cycle; reviewed Council dialogues on the rule of law; and the rule of law budgetary conditionality.

[Studie](#) [DE](#), [EN](#), [FR](#)

Multimedia [Protecting EU common values within the Member States](#)

European Union involvement in the United Nations system: Broad partnership based on shared commitment to multilateralism

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 22-09-2020

Auteur ZAMFIR Ionel

Beleidsterrein Mensenrechten

Zoekterm administratief beheer | crisisbeheersing | documentatie | EUROPESE UNIE | geopolitiek | gespecialiseerde instelling van de VN | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | INTERNATIONALE ORGANISATIES | internationale politiek | internationale rol van de EU | menswetenschappen | multilaterale betrekking | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | Verenigde Naties | VN | Wereldhandelsorganisatie | wereldwijde organisaties | WETENSCHAPPEN

Samenvatting Over the years, the EU has become a key player in the United Nations system. The UN remains an organisation of sovereign states, and this is reflected in the functioning of its bodies, agencies and programmes. The EU enjoys observer status in many of these and is the only international organisation to have secured enhanced observer status in the UN General Assembly. The EU leverages its influence through its significant financial contribution to the UN system, through its enhanced partnerships with various entities within the UN system, and through close coordination with its Member States on positions to be defended in the organisation.

Uitgebreide analyse [DE](#), [EN](#), [FR](#)

Digital finance: Emerging risks in crypto-assets – Regulatory and supervisory challenges in the area of financial services, institutions and markets

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 17-09-2020

Auteur SAULNIER JEROME LEON

Beleidsterrein Economische en monetaire zaken

Zoekterm documentatie | ECONOMIE | economische analyse | economische analyse | EUROPESE UNIE | financieel beheer | financiële diensten | financiële instelling | financiële instellingen en krediet | financiële technologie | FINANCIËN | geldmarkt | kosten-batenanalyse | monetaire economie | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | Recht van de Europese Unie | technologie en technische voorschriften | toegevoegde waarde | Verdrag betreffende de werking van de Europese Unie | virtuele munteenheid | vrij verkeer van kapitaal

Samenvatting The rapid growth of digital finance and crypto-assets has raised questions about the appropriate regulatory perimeter and the ability of the existing regulatory architecture to adapt to changing conditions. In this study, we evaluate the impact in terms of benefits and in terms of risk reduction that the adoption of an EU legislative initiative on a framework for crypto-assets, on cyber-resilience and on a data strategy would bring.

Studie [EN](#)

Peace and security in 2020: Evaluating the EU approach to tackling the Sahel conflicts

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 16-09-2020

Auteur IOANNIDES Isabelle

Beleidsterrein Buitenlandse zaken

Zoekterm Afrika | conflictpreventie | documentatie | EUROPESE UNIE | gemeenschappelijk buitenlands en veiligheidsbeleid | GEOGRAFIE | geopolitiek | humanitaire hulp | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | internationale veiligheid | menswetenschappen | onderzoeksverslag | ontwikkelingshulp | oorlog | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | Sahel | samenwerkingsbeleid | vrede | WETENSCHAPPEN

Samenvatting The Peace and Security series evaluates European Union (EU) performance in the field of peace and security in a specific geographical region each year. This, the third thematic study in the series, focuses on the EU's contribution to resolving the conflicts in the Sahel, restoring stability and building peace in the region. The EU has adopted a comprehensive and integrated approach to tackling the numerous political, security and defence, humanitarian, development, and environmental challenges facing the five countries in the Sahel: Chad, Burkina Faso, Mali, Mauritania, and Niger, issuing a strategy specifically for the region in 2011. This evaluation first outlines the complex local and geopolitical dynamics framing the conflicts in the Sahel. It then assesses the various aspects of the EU's approach to supporting peace efforts in the region in an already crowded international landscape. The study also analyses the European Parliament's engagement with the Sahel region, considers the challenges that the EU (and other international actors) have faced in the Sahel, and presents options for improving the effectiveness of EU action. A parallel study, published separately, provides an overview of current EU action on peace and security, while a third presents the 2020 Normandy Index. The studies have been drafted as a contribution to the Normandy World Peace Forum in October 2020.

Studie [EN](#), [FR](#)

Implementation of Directive 2011/36/EU: Migration and gender issues

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 15-09-2020

Auteur DINU Alina Ileana

Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | Genderkwesties, gelijkheid en diversiteit | Omzetting en uitvoering van wetgeving

Zoekterm documentatie | economische geografie | EU-lidstaat | EUROPESE UNIE | gelijke behandeling van man en vrouw | GEOGRAFIE | illegale migratie | mensenhandel | migratiebeleid van de EU | migraties | misdaadbestrijding | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | RECHT | Recht van de Europese Unie | rechten en vrijheden | richtlijn (EU) | sociaal leven | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | strafrecht | toepassing van het EU-recht

Samenvatting Directive 2011/36/EU (Anti-Trafficking Directive) is the benchmark legislation on the fight against human trafficking at European level. The aim of this European implementation assessment is to gather evidence on the progress and challenges that occur in the implementation of the directive in the Member States, with a double focus: the migratory context and gender issues. Almost 10 years after its adoption, the Anti-Trafficking Directive remains a valuable tool in combating trafficking in human beings in the European Union (EU). Nevertheless, the evaluation points out the need to continue efforts to ensure the application of its provisions in all the directive's main aspects. The persisting grey areas and obstacles are significant enough to put the full achievement of the directive's objectives at risk.

Studie [EN](#)

Research for CULT Committee - Shaping digital education policy Concomitant expertise for INI report

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 15-09-2020

Externe auteur Simon BROEK; Bert-Jan BUISSKOOL

Beleidssterrein Cultuur | Onderwijs

Zoekterm commissie EP | coronavirusziekte | digitale geletterdheid | digitale technologie | documentatie | epidemie | EU-actie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | gezondheid | Informatica en gegevensverwerking | informatie en informatieverwerking | onderwijs op afstand | onderwijsbeleid | onderwijsprogramma | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | opvoeding | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | organisatie van het onderwijs | permanente educatie | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | technologie en technische voorschriften | toepassing van informatica

Samenvatting This research project assesses the Digital Education Action Plan published in 2018 in terms of organisational and content-related challenges. It outlines concrete recommendations on how an updated Digital Education Action Plan could mitigate the weaknesses of the current plan, through a more holistic vision of the digital transformation in education, a focus on quality infrastructure for digital education for all, the further empowerment of educators and the further development of 'whole-school' approaches to digital education.

Uitgebreide analyse [EN](#)

Research for TRAN Committee - COVID-19 and urban mobility: impacts and perspectives

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 15-09-2020

Externe auteur Università degli Studi Roma Tre: Giacomo Lozzi, Edoardo Marcucci, Valerio Gatta, Valerio Pacelli
Panteia B.V: Maria Rodrigues, Tharsis Teoh

Beleidssterrein Vervoer | Volksgezondheid

Zoekterm commissie EP | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | duurzame mobiliteit | ECONOMIE | economisch beleid | economisch herstel | economische situatie | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | gemeenschappelijk vervoersbeleid | gezondheid | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | organisatie van het vervoer | overheidssteun | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | stadsvervoer | TRANSPORT | Vervoerbeleid | voorkoming van ziekten

Samenvatting The briefing provides an overview on the state of play and trends of urban transport since the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic. It outlines four scenarios, the prevalence of one or the other depending on the priorities established by policy makers and service providers. The briefing delivers general recommendations for a post-COVID-19 smart and sustainable urban transport and a set of desirable actions on how to integrate EU response into existing policy priorities.

Uitgebreide analyse [EN](#)

Implementation of the roadworthiness package: European implementation assessment

Publicatietype	Studie
Datum	10-09-2020
Auteur	DINU Alina Ileana
Beleidssterrein	Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk Vervoer
Zoekterm	documentatie EUROPESE UNIE grensoverschrijdende samenwerking informatie en informatieverwerking INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN onderzoeksverslag ongeval bij het vervoer OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE Recht van de Europese Unie richtlijn (EU) samenwerkingsbeleid technische keuring toepassing van het EU-recht TRANSPORT uitwisseling van informatie verkeersveiligheid Vervoerbeleid
Samenvatting	Road transport is the most common means of transport in the EU, as well as the most important cause of accidents. In this respect, the European Union has developed a transport policy oriented towards safety and security through common standards and rules. A roadworthiness package was adopted at European level in 2014, aimed at improving road safety through common rules on periodic roadworthiness tests for motor vehicles and their trailers (Directive 2014/45/EU), vehicle registration documents (Directive 2014/46/EU), and roadside inspections of commercial vehicles (Directive 2014/47/EU). The purpose of this European implementation assessment is to check whether the transposition of safety measures included in the package has led to common standards in practice, as well as to assess the current functioning of the exchange of information and the mutual recognition of technical controls between Member States.
Studie	EN

Mapping threats to peace and democracy worldwide: Normandy Index 2020

Publicatietype	Uitgebreide analyse
Datum	10-09-2020
Auteur	LAZAROU Eleni
Beleidssterrein	Veiligheid en defensie
Zoekterm	beleidsvorming casestudy democratie documentatie EUROPESE UNIE gemeenschappelijk buitenlands en veiligheidsbeleid geopolitiek INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN internationale veiligheid menswetenschappen onderzoeksverslag Opbouw van Europa OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE POLITIEK politieke organisatie uitvoerende macht en overheidsadministratie vrede WETENSCHAPPEN
Samenvatting	The Normandy Index, now in its second year, aims to measure the level of threat to peace, security and democracy around the world. It was presented for the first time on the occasion of the Normandy Peace Forum in June 2019, as a result of a partnership between the European Parliament and the Region of Normandy. The Index has been designed and prepared by the European Parliamentary Research Service (EPRS), in conjunction with and on the basis of data provided by the Institute for Economics and Peace. This paper sets out the findings of the 2020 exercise, and explains how the index can be used to compare peace – defined on the basis of a given country's performance against a range of predetermined threats – across countries and regions. It is complemented by 40 individual country case studies, derived from the Index. The paper forms part of the EPRS contribution to the Normandy World Peace Forum 2020. It is accompanied by two studies, one on the EU's contribution to peace and security in 2020, the other on EU support for peace in the Sahel.
Uitgebreide analyse	DE , EN , FR
Multimedia	Mapping threats to peace and democracy worldwide: Normandy Index 2020 Mapping threats to peace and democracy worldwide: Normandy Index 2020

An EU legal framework to halt and reverse EU-driven global deforestation: European added value assessment

Publicatietype	Studie
Datum	08-09-2020
Auteur	EVAS Tatjana HEFLICH ALEKSANDRA NAVARRA Cecilia
Beleidssterrein	Internationale handel Milieu
Zoekterm	Aantasting van het milieu bescherming van de flora bos bosbescherming documentatie ECONOMIE ECONOMIE, VERKEER EN HANDELSVERKEER economisch verkeer economische analyse economische analyse EUROPESE UNIE financieel beheer houtindustrie INDUSTRIE internationale rol van de EU invoer (EU) klimaatsverandering kwantitatieve analyse LANDBOUW, BOSBOUW, EN VISSERIJ MILIEU milieubeleid ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE onderzoeksverslag ontbossing Opbouw van Europa OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK research en intellectuele eigendom toegevoegde waarde tropisch hout vermindering van gasemissie
Samenvatting	Deforestation caused by agricultural activity is continuing at an alarming rate, threatening irreplaceable tropical forests that, among other things, are crucial for fighting climate change. The EU bears its share of responsibility for this environmental loss, as it is one of the major importers of several forest-risk commodities. To date, action has been taken at different levels to stop commodity-driven deforestation. Nevertheless, the impact on forest loss has been low as deforestation continues and new hot spots occur. There has been a recent commitment at EU level to propose new measures to minimise the risk of deforestation and forest degradation associated with products placed on the EU market. This European added value assessment (EAVA) accompanies the European Parliament's own-initiative legislative report calling on the European Commission to take legislative action on the matter. The EAVA looks at why EU action is needed and analyses four potential demand-side regulatory policy options at EU level. A quantitative analysis reveals that to varying extents, all options have the potential to reduce EU-driven deforestation and associated carbon emissions, while having a relatively small impact on the EU economy
Studie	EN

Disinformation and Science: A survey of the gullibility of students with regard to false scientific news

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 04-09-2020
Externe auteur DG, EPRS
Beleidssterrein Coronavirus | Onderzoeksbeleid | Toekomstplanning
Zoekterm communicatie | coronavirusziekte | desinformatie | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economische analyse | economische geografie | epidemie | Europa | GEOGRAFIE | gezondheid | Hongarije | Italië | Kroatië | levenswetenschappen | massacommunicatie | massamedia | menswetenschappen | natuur- en toegepaste wetenschappen | onderwijs | onderzoeksresultaat | onderzoeksverslag | Oostenrijk | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | organisatie van het onderwijs | politieke geografie | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | research en intellectuele eigendom | Slowakije | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | sociale wetenschappen | steekproef | student | Tsjechië | universiteit | WETENSCHAPPEN
Samenvatting The main aim of this report is to present and discuss the results of a survey concerning perspectives on fake news among undergraduate university students in central Europe and northern Italy. The survey was carried out in spring 2020, during the coronavirus pandemic. An online questionnaire was used. The report is therefore the product of what could be achieved under highly unusual circumstances and should serve as a pointer for further studies. Misinformation is always troubling, especially in science. Scientists feel distressed when public understanding diverges from the truth. Intentional disinformation (fake news), however, is not always the cause of misinformation. The report discusses the causes related to social trust and types of media consumption. The sample of the study consisted of several hundred bachelors or masters students from each participating country. Half of the students were recruited from social sciences areas and the other half of the sample were recruited from natural sciences areas. The method of approaching the students was online questioning. One university was chosen from each participating country, and the link to the questionnaire was sent by that university's administration to the students. The response to the questionnaire was naturally anonymous and voluntary.

Studie [EN](#)

State of play of existing instruments for combating impunity for international crimes

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 14-08-2020
Externe auteur Olympia BEKOU
Beleidssterrein Mensenrechten
Zoekterm Afrika | Amerika | Azië-Oceanië | Birma/Myanmar | Colombia | documentatie | economische geografie | GEOGRAFIE | Internationaal Strafhof | internationaal strafrecht | Internationaal Straftribunaal | INTERNATIONALE ORGANISATIES | Irak | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | politieke geografie | RECHT | Rwanda | straffeloosheid | strafrecht | Syrië | Venezuela | Verenigde Naties | wereldwijde organisaties
Samenvatting The European Union and its Member States have been at the forefront of the fight against impunity for core international crimes, collectively providing political, technical and financial assistance to international, regional and domestic accountability efforts. Focusing on the current EU framework on accountability and six country situations (Rwanda, Colombia, Venezuela, Myanmar, Syria and Iraq), this study offers recommendations to guide future EU policy and the engagement of the European Parliament in the fight against impunity. The recommendations include enhancing the capacity, efficiency and coordination of EU institutions working on accountability, as well as encouraging comprehensive, impartial and inclusive approaches to country situations. EU action in bilateral and multilateral fora is also covered, with a view to enhancing the universal reach of accountability mechanisms and the protection of their integrity, encouraging cooperation and assistance, and to upholding the principle of complementarity.

Studie [EN](#)

Evaluation in the European Commission

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 29-07-2020
Auteur ANGLMAYER Irmgard
Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk
Zoekterm beleidsanalyse | beleidsvorming | documentatie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europees Parlement | Europese Commissie | EUROPESE UNIE | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | regelgevingsbeleid | uitvoerende macht en overheidsadministratie | verspreiding van EU-informatie over de EU
Samenvatting Ex-post evaluation provides an evidence-based assessment of the performance of policies and legislation. Its findings support political decision-making and inform the design of new interventions. For this reason, and notably under the EU's Better Regulation agenda, evaluation has become a key policy-making tool at EU level. At the same time, evaluation is an aid for legislators, in particular at the policy review stage. The European Parliament therefore has a keen interest in obtaining a complete picture of ongoing Commission evaluations and in having timely access to evaluation results. This fourth edition of the EPRS rolling check-list 'Evaluation in the European Commission' is designed to provide a comprehensive overview of planned, ongoing and recently completed Commission evaluations. Compiled from a range of sources in the public domain, it seeks to fill a gap by granting a single access point to the Commission's evaluation planning and output, as of 30 June 2020. The dataset is preceded by an analysis of how the evaluation process has evolved since the 2015 Better Regulation reform, with particular regard to the transparency of the European Commission's ex post evaluation process.

Studie [EN](#)

Benefits and drawbacks of an “expenditure rule”, as well as of a “golden rule”, in the EU fiscal framework

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 20-07-2020
Externe auteur Daniel GROS, Marvin JAHN
Beleidssterrein Economische en monetaire zaken
Zoekterm Azië-Oceanië | belastingbeleid | belastingwezen | China | commissie EP | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch gevolg | economisch herstel | economische analyse | economische geografie | economische recessie | economische situatie | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | eurozone | FINANCIËN | GEOGRAFIE | gezondheid | investering en financiering | monetaire betrekkingen | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | overheidsfinanciën en begrotingsbeleid | overheidsinvestering | overheidsschuld | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN
Samenvatting Given the current crisis, all fiscal rules have been suspended. When the economy recovers, both expenditure and structural balance rules will be more difficult to apply as the level and growth of potential output will become more uncertain. Focussing on reducing high debt levels might at that point be more appropriate. The economic argument for a golden rule is that debt can be used to finance the creation of public capital. But this implies that any golden rule should only exempt net investment, which is much lower than the gross investment.
Studie [EN](#)

Documenting climate mainstreaming in the EU budget - making the system more transparent, stringent and comprehensive

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 16-07-2020
Externe auteur Martin NESBIT
Thorfinn STAINFORTH
Kaley HART
Evelyn UNDERWOOD
Gustavo BECERRA
Institute for European Environmental Policy
Beleidssterrein Begroting | Begrotingscontrole
Zoekterm Aantasting van het milieu | beleid inzake klimaatverandering | biodiversiteit | commissie EP | documentatie | EU-begroting | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-milieubeleid | EU-uitgaven | EUROPESE UNIE | financieel EU-instrument | Financiën van de EU | groene economie | klimaatverandering | MILIEU | milieubeleid | milieukosten | natuurlijk milieu | onderzoeksverslag | opstelling van de EU-begroting | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE
Samenvatting This study examines the current methodologies used for tracking climate-related and biodiversity-related expenditure in the EU budget. It identifies strengths and weaknesses of the current methodologies, and examines proposed changes to the methodologies for the 2021-2027 financial perspective. On this basis, it identifies potential objectives for strengthening the tracking mechanisms, and puts forward suggested approaches to meeting those objectives.
Studie [EN](#)

Research for PECH Committee – Implementation of the current EU fisheries control system by Member States (2014-19)

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 16-07-2020
Externe auteur Blomeyer & Sanz: Margarita SANZ, Kim STOBBERUP, Roland BLOMEYER
Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | Omzetting en uitvoering van wetgeving | Visserij
Zoekterm commissie EP | Denemarken | documentatie | Duitsland | economische geografie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europa | EUROPESE UNIE | Frankrijk | GEOGRAFIE | Ierland | Italië | LANDBOUW, BOSBOUW, EN VISSERIJ | Litouwen | nationale uitvoeringsmaatregel | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | politieke geografie | Recht van de Europese Unie | regeling van de visserij | schending van het EU-recht | Spanje | visserij
Samenvatting This study assesses the implementation of the EU fisheries control system under the current Regulation (EC) No 1244/2009. It focuses on the infringement procedures, sanctions and the application of the point system for serious infringements by Member States from 2014 to 2019. The research shows results based on interviews and survey replies by 17 out of 22 coastal Member States. And it presents case studies for the following seven countries: Denmark, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Lithuania and Spain.
Studie [EN](#), [ES](#)
Samenvatting [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#)

EU development cooperation and ethical certification schemes: impact, transparency and traceability

Publicatietype	Studie
Datum	15-07-2020
Externe auteur	Enrique URIBE LEITZ, François RUF
Beleidssterrein	Internationale handel Ontwikkelings- en humanitaire hulp
Zoekterm	Aantasting van het milieu bebossing bos cacao commercialisering documentatie ECONOMIE, VERKEER EN HANDELSVERKEER kinderarbeid kwaliteitsmerk LANDBOUW, BOSBOUW, EN VISSERIJ landbouworientatie landbouwproductie en -structuur LANDBOUWVOEDINGSMIDDELEN MILIEU onderzoeksverslag ontbossing OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE plantaardig product productie PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK research en intellectuele eigendom traceerbaarheid waardeketen werkgelegenheid WERKGELEGENHEID EN ARBEID
Samenvatting	'Transparency', 'Traceability', 'Sustainable standards', 'good agricultural practices' and 'zero-deforestation' are all fine terms which [alongside many others] have emerged in connection with the cocoa sector's certification process. But does the reality of this process justify using such terms? Our initial conclusions in this study, based on an analysis of existing research over recent years, revealed that a considerable number of investigations had been commissioned by the certification schemes themselves. Key findings presented by the various studies all conveyed a positive tone. However, on closer inspection we felt that smallholders covered by the programmes were 'following party lines' rather than speaking freely. This suspicion was well-founded. Having built up trust in the villages during several years of field-work, we eventually gained access to exclusive data held by the cooperatives and certification programmes. We have used this evidence in order to draw a comparison between the virtual world portrayed by certification schemes' narrative and the real world being faced by cocoa producers. Certification schemes claim that they give a sense of trust within the value chain, particularly in regard to produce traceability. They also claim to assist farmers, by way of training, various inputs (fertilisers etc.) and credit schemes. In reality, these 'advantages' are not visible at farm level. Budgets prepared by cooperatives to justify the use of premiums reflect structural flaws in certification and access to information. Serious questions arise surrounding deforestation, child labour and the payment of premiums. Social investment is minimal and consumers' perception diverges from the reality. In conclusion, we make a number of key proposals and suggestions based on stakeholders' complaints and recommendations.
Studie	EN
Bijlage	EN

Hate speech and hate crime in the EU and the evaluation of online content regulation approaches

Publicatietype	Studie
Datum	15-07-2020
Externe auteur	Judit BAYER, Petra BÁRD
Beleidssterrein	Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht
Zoekterm	commissie EP communicatie coronavirusziekte digitale inhoud documentatie economische geografie epidemie EU-instellingen en Europese overheid EU-lidstaat EUROPESE UNIE GEOGRAFIE gezondheid misdaad tegen de personen onderzoeksverslag Opbouw van Europa OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE POLITIEK politieke organisatie PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK RECHT Recht van de Europese Unie rechtsstaat research en intellectuele eigendom ruimte van vrijheid, veiligheid en rechtvaardigheid sociale media SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN strafrecht technologie en technische voorschriften Verdrag betreffende de Europese Unie vergelijkend onderzoek
Samenvatting	This study was commissioned by the European Parliament's Policy Department for Citizens' Rights and Constitutional Affairs at the request of the LIBE Committee. The study argues that hate speech and hate crimes poison societies by threatening individual rights, human dignity and equality, reinforcing tensions between social groups, disturbing public peace and public order, and jeopardising peaceful coexistence. The lack of adequate means of prevention and response violates values enshrined in Article 2 of the TEU. Member States have diverging rules, and national public administrations are torn by disagreement in values. Therefore, EU regulation is needed to reinforce the existing standards and take measures to counter hate speech and counter-act against hate speech and hate crime. The study – on the basis of a cross-country comparison conducted – proposes concrete, enforceable and systematic soft and hard law measures to counter hate speech and hate crimes EU-wide efficiently.
Studie	EN
Samenvatting	DE , EN , FR , PL

The role of fiscal rules in relation with the green economy - A new start after the outbreak

Publicatietype	Studie
Datum	06-07-2020
Externe auteur	Paul van den Noord
Beleidssterrein	Economische en monetaire zaken
Zoekterm	Azië-Oceanië belastingbeleid belastingwezen China commissie EP coronavirusziekte documentatie ECONOMIE economisch herstel economische geografie economische situatie epidemie EU-instellingen en Europese overheid EUROPESE UNIE FINANCIËN GEOGRAFIE gezondheid groene economie investering en financiering MILIEU milieubeleid onderzoeksverslag OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE overheidsfinanciën en begrotingsbeleid overheidsinvestering overheidsschuld SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN
Samenvatting	According to this study the fiscal framework in principle provides sufficient flexibility to accommodate the call on government budgets from the European Green Deal – even in the very challenging fiscal landscape that is currently unfolding. However, it also observes that for this to hold in practice a number of conditions must be met, including a strong design of policies, a careful assessment of their budgetary impact and the integration of the relevant governance processes.
Studie	EN

[Assessing the potential impact of an EU-India trade agreement](#)

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 01-07-2020

Auteur NAVARRA Cecilia

Beleidssterrein Europese meerwaarde | Internationaal publiekrecht

Zoekterm Azië-Oceanië | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economische analyse | economische geografie | EUROPESE UNIE | GEOGRAFIE | handelsovereenkomst (EU) | impactonderzoek | India | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE

Samenvatting The EU and India are major actors in the international arena and the discussions over a possible Free Trade Agreement has been ongoing for several years. This study analyses the potential effects of an FTA between EU and India in a "Cost of Non Europe" perspective. The results of a quantitative simulation of a potential FTA in goods and services indicate that welfare gains from increased trade for both sides may be between € 8 billion and € 8.5 billion (0.03 % increase with respect to the baseline for the EU and about 0.3 % for India). Furthermore, a qualitative analysis suggests that potential gains may appear from a coordinated EU action in addressing possible side effects, distributive impacts and externalities (such as inequalities, labour market effects, poverty and development implications, environmental issues) and from increased coordination in the provision of global public goods. By considering these aspects, the Cost of Non-Europe in the field may be larger.

Studie [EN](#)

[Challenges for environmental and indigenous peoples' rights in the Amazon region](#)

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 30-06-2020

Externe auteur Dr. Julian BURGER

Beleidssterrein Buitenlandse zaken | Mensenrechten | Milieu | Ontwikkelings- en humanitaire hulp

Zoekterm Aantasting van het milieu | autochtone bevolking | bedrijfsorganisatie | beschermd gebied | beweging voor de mensenrechten | biodiversiteit | bos | demografie en bevolking | documentatie | ecologische beweging | Europese onderneming | LANDBOUW, BOSBOUW, EN VISSERIJ | MILIEU | milieubeleid | natuurlijk milieu | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | ondernemingen | onderzoeksverslag | ontbossing | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | politiek en openbare veiligheid | RECHT | rechten en vrijheden | rechten van de mens | roofbouw op hulpbronnen | sociale verantwoordelijkheid van ondernemingen | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | tropisch regenwoud

Samenvatting The present analysis examines the environmental and human rights challenges in the Amazon region. It finds that the Amazonian countries pursue development policies in the region based on the exploitation on an industrial scale of natural and non-renewable resources that have caused and continue to cause deforestation, loss of biodiversity and engender human rights violations in particular affecting indigenous peoples. The analysis acknowledges the measures taken by the Amazonian countries to establish protected areas and support indigenous territories and their rights but concludes that the laws need strengthening and effective enforcement. The analysis argues that the protection of the Amazon biome is an essential part of the global efforts to reduce greenhouse gases and concurs with the view of some scientists that there is an urgency to stop forest loss. The analysis further notes that the most effective guardians of the Amazonian forest and its biodiversity are its indigenous peoples. The analysis concludes by arguing that the European Union has an interest in contributing to the protection of the Amazon and its indigenous peoples. It recommends, among other things, that the EU strengthen its direct support to Amazonian indigenous peoples and environmental defenders and develop effective measures which target EU-based companies whose activities cause deforestation.

Uitgebreide analyse [EN](#)

[Online Platforms' Moderation of Illegal Content Online](#)

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 23-06-2020

Externe auteur University of Namur (CRIDS/NADI) and VVA

Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | Consumentenbescherming | Coronavirus | Interne markt en douane-unie

Zoekterm Amerika | commissie EP | communicatie | digitale eengemaakte markt | digitale inhoud | documentatie | economische geografie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | GEOGRAFIE | legaliteit | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | politieke geografie | politieke organisatie | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | sociale media | technologie en technische voorschriften | toezicht op de communicatie | Verenigde Staten | zoekmachine

Samenvatting Online platforms have created content moderation systems, particularly in relation to tackling illegal content online. This study reviews and assesses the EU regulatory framework on content moderation and the practices by key online platforms. On that basis, it makes recommendations to improve the EU legal framework within the context of the forthcoming Digital Services Act.

Studie [EN](#)

Exploring the performance gap in EU Framework Programmes between EU13 and EU15 Member States

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 17-06-2020

Externe auteur DG, EPRS-This document presents an update of the STOA study 'Overcoming innovation gaps in the EU-13 Member States'. The study was requested by the Panel for the Future of Science and Technology (STOA) and managed by the Scientific Foresight Unit (STOA) within the Directorate-General for Parliamentary Research Services (DG EPRS) of the European Parliament. Members of the project team were: Michal Pazour, Vladimir Albrecht, Daniel Frank, Vlastimil Ruzicka, Jiri Vanecek, Ondrej Pecha, Zdenek Kucera, Technology Centre CAS, Prague; Edwin Horlings, Barend van der Meulen, Rathenau Institute, The Hague; Leonhard Hennen (ETAG co-ordinator), KIT/ITAS, Karlsruhe. In addition, hypothesis 6 discussed in the present report is obtained from the STOA study 'Internationalisation of EU research organisations: A bibliometric stocktaking study', written by Marek Kwiek, Director of the Center for Public Policy Studies, UNESCO Chair in Institutional Research and Higher Education Policy at the University of Poznan, Poland.

Beleidssterrein Onderzoeksbeleid | Toekomstplanning

Zoekterm documentatie | economische geografie | EU-lidstaat | EU-onderzoeksbeleid | GEOGRAFIE | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | onderzoek en ontwikkeling | onderzoeksbegroting | onderzoeksprogramma | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | research en intellectuele eigendom | samenwerkingsbeleid | vernieuwing | wetenschappelijke samenwerking | wetenschappelijke vooruitgang

Samenvatting The European Union (EU)'s Research and Innovation Framework Programmes are the largest programmes for international research collaboration worldwide. Repeated reports point to the issue of underperformance in the Framework Programmes by the EU13 Member States - countries that joined the EU in and after 2004 - in comparison with the EU15 Member States - which entered the EU before 2004. This in-depth analysis explores the background of various challenges in research and development of EU13 vs EU15, in order to investigate the gap between these two groups. A set of hypotheses, divided in five domains, are tested empirically. This includes: research and innovation system structure; scientific level of research institutions and quality of proposals; quantity of submitted proposals; level of international collaboration; and other factors related to the Framework Programmes. The weak positions of most EU13 Member States for several of the indicators analysed, show that the field of research in EU13 Member States requires further structural changes. This report is followed by policy options for mitigating the innovation gap in Europe.

[Uitgebreide analyse](#) [EN](#)

Key issues in the European Council: State of play in June 2020

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 17-06-2020

Auteur ANGHEL Suzana Elena | BACIAN Izabela Cristina | DRACHENBERG Ralf | PAPUNEN Annastiina

Beleidssterrein Buitenlandse zaken | Democratie | Energie | Mededingingsrecht en -regelgeving | Milieu | Ruimte van vrijheid, veiligheid en recht | Veiligheid en defensie | Volksgezondheid | Werkgelegenheid

Zoekterm documentatie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europese Raad | EUROPESE UNIE | geschiedenis van Europa | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | werking van de instelling

Samenvatting This EPRS publication, 'Key issues in the European Council', is updated quarterly to coincide with European Council meetings. It aims to provide an overview of the institution's activities on major EU issues, by analysing twelve broad policy areas, explaining the legal and political background and the main priorities and orientations defined by the European Council in each field. It also assesses the results of European Council involvement in these policy areas to date, and identifies future challenges in the various policy fields.

[Studie](#) [EN](#)

Europeanising European Public Spheres

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 15-06-2020

Externe auteur Katrin AUDEL, Guido TIEMANN

Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | Democratie | EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht | EU-recht: rechtsstelsel en -handelingen

Zoekterm commissie EP | communicatie | documentatie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europese integratie | EUROPESE UNIE | Europese verkiezing | massamedia | nationaal parlement | onderwijs | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | openbare raadpleging | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | parlement | POLITIEK | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | research en intellectuele eigendom | universitair onderzoek | universiteit | verkiezingsmethode en stemming | verspreiding van EU-informatie over de EU

Samenvatting This study, commissioned by the European Parliament's Policy Department for Citizens' Rights and Constitutional Affairs at the request of the AFCO Committee, provides a brief overview of the academic debates on Europeanisation as well as contestation and politicisation of the EU and European integration. Against this background, it focuses on the European public sphere(s), in particular those based on the media and parliaments. The study further discusses current reform proposals aiming to Europeanise the European elections and concludes with recommendations on increasing the legitimacy of the European Union.

[Studie](#) [EN](#)

[Samenvatting](#) [DE](#), [EN](#), [FR](#)

Possible Avenues for Further Political Integration in Europe - A Political Compact for a More Democratic and Effective Union?

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 03-06-2020
Externe auteur FABBRINI Federico
Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht | EU-recht: rechtsstelsel en -handelingen
Zoekterm commissie EP | controle van de migraties | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | economische geografie | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europa | Europese integratie | Europese munteenheid | EUROPESE UNIE | Europese verdragen | FINANCIËN | GEOGRAFIE | gezondheid | intergouvernementele conferentie (EU) | migraties | monetaire betrekkingen | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | politieke geografie | politieke organisatie | Recht van de Europese Unie | rechtsstaat | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | uittreding uit de EU | Verenigd Koninkrijk
Samenvatting This study, commissioned by the European Parliament's Policy Department for Citizens' Rights and Constitutional Affairs at the request of the AFCO Committee, analyses possible avenues for further political integration in the EU after Brexit. The study maps the multiple crises that the EU has weathered in the past decade and explains how these crises, including the recent Covid-19 pandemic, reveal several substantive and institutional weaknesses in the current EU system of governance. The study considers the potentials of the nascent Conference on the Future of Europe to renew the EU and examines the obstacles and opportunities for EU treaty reforms, considering the option of channelling the Conference's outcome into a new Political Compact, subject to new, less-than-unanimous ratification rules.
Studie [EN](#)
Samenvatting [DE](#), [EN](#), [FR](#)

European Commission follow-up to European Parliament requests 2017 - 2019

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 02-06-2020
Auteur PASIK MAGDALENA | PÉREZ GUZMÁN Águeda | REMAC Milan | ZANA-SZABO Gabriella
Beleidssterrein Consumentenbescherming | Cultuur | Economische en monetaire zaken | Financiële en bankzaken | Industrie | Internationale handel | Interne markt en douane-unie | Landbouw en plattelandsontwikkeling | Milieu | Onderwijs | Vervoer | Visserij
Zoekterm documentatie | EP-resolutie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europees Parlement | Europese Commissie | EUROPESE UNIE | interinstitutionele betrekkingen (EU) | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | Recht van de Europese Unie
Samenvatting This study seeks to present a comprehensive overview of non-legislative resolutions adopted by Parliament between January 2017 and May 2019 on the basis of own-initiative reports, in the light of the response provided by the Commission and the subsequent follow-up documents and related actions undertaken by the Commission up to 1 January 2020.
Studie [EN](#)

Unlocking the potential of the EU Treaties: An article-by-article analysis of the scope for action

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 28-05-2020
Auteur BASSOT Etienne
Beleidssterrein EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht | EU-recht: rechtsstelsel en -handelingen
Zoekterm beleid inzake klimaatverandering | beleidsvorming | bevoegdheid van de EU | documentatie | EUROPESE UNIE | Europese verdragen | gemeenschappelijk buitenlands en veiligheidsbeleid | illegale migratie | informatieanalyse | migratiebeleid van de EU | migraties | MILIEU | milieubeleid | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | politiek en openbare veiligheid | Recht van de Europese Unie | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | terrorisme | uitvoerende macht en overheidsadministratie
Samenvatting The latest Eurobarometer surveys indicate that there is consistent support for more EU action in various policy areas, including preventing climate change, tackling irregular migration, designing a common foreign and security policy and preventing terrorism. Assuming that the Treaty of Lisbon will be the framework for EU action for the foreseeable future, this paper explores possibilities for broadening the scope of EU action in order to respond to these repeated calls from EU citizens. With a view to reappraising the legal framework of the EU, it aims at identifying those legal bases in the Treaties that remain either under-used (in terms of the purposes they could be used to achieve) or completely unused. It analyses possible ways of delivering on EU policies, including in the development of common rules, providing enhanced executive capacity, better implementation of existing measures, targeted financing and increased efficiency. An overview table sets out possible initiatives, which are then explored in greater detail in 50 fiches, organised according to broad policy clusters reflecting the priorities of the von der Leyen Commission. Possible measures are mentioned in each fiche, along with the legal bases in the current Treaties on which action could potentially be based. It is a revised and expanded version of a paper published in January 2019, ahead of the European elections.
Studie [DE](#), [EN](#), [FR](#)

Research for REGI Committee -The Role of Evaluation in Cohesion Policy

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 27-05-2020

Externe auteur CSIL: Julie PELLEGRIN, Louis COLNOT, with support from Matteo PEDRALLI
Country experts: University of Warsaw Diana IONESCU (RO), Tomasz KUPIEC (PL) Agnieszka OLECHNICKA (PL)
CSIL: Matteo PEDRALLI (IT)
ESTEP: Neringa VIRŠILIENĖ (LT)
Scientific Advisers: FREE UNIVERSITY OF BRUSSELS-VUB: Nicola FRANCESCO DOTTI and
THE UNIVERSITY OF MILAN: Massimo FLORIO

Beleidssterrein Regionale ontwikkeling

Zoekterm beleidsanalyse | casestudy | Cohesiefonds | commissie EP | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economische en sociale
samenhang | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | Financiën van de EU | onderzoeksverslag |
Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | Regio en regionaal beleid |
regionale ontwikkeling | uitvoerende macht en overheidsadministratie

Samenvatting This study analyses the role of evaluation in Cohesion Policy, with a focus on the 2014–2020 programming period. It presents and assesses those EU rules which shape evaluations and their implementation at both the EU and Member State levels. Based on this evidence, it discusses possible options for the post–2020 period.

Studie [EN](#)

Samenvatting [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#)

Discriminatory Laws Undermining Women's Rights

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 20-05-2020

Externe auteur Mr. Paul DALTON, Ms. Deniz DEVRIM, Mr. Roland BLOMEYER, Ms. Senni MUT-TRACY

Beleidssterrein Economische en monetaire zaken | Genderkwesties, gelijkheid en diversiteit | Mensenrechten | Ontwikkelings- en
humanitaire hulp

Zoekterm demografie en bevolking | derde land | discriminatie op grond van geslacht | documentatie | gelijke behandeling van
man en vrouw | gelijkheid voor de wet | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING,
ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | participatie van vrouwen | POLITIEK | politiek en openbare veiligheid | positie van
de vrouw | RECHT | rechten en vrijheden | rechten van de mens | rechten van de vrouw | samenwerkingsbeleid |
sociaal leven | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | vrouw | vrouwenbeweging

Samenvatting This paper provides insight into the current situation and recent trends in the abolition or reform of discriminatory laws undermining women's rights in countries outside the European Union (EU). The paper aims to provide a nuanced understanding of processes through which legal reforms take place. Among the factors that have proven to facilitate legal reform are the ratification of international human rights treaties, feminist activism, legal and public advocacy by women's rights and other human rights non-governmental organisations (NGOs), political dialogue, and increased women's representation in decision-making processes. Incremental steps supported by the EU towards the abolition of discriminatory laws across all legal categories, EU engagement with a broad range of stakeholders at both national and local levels, programmes supporting the gathering of gender-disaggregated data across all sectors and the publicising of data to draw attention to gender inequality in law and practice, among others, can all contribute towards successful reform of discriminatory laws. Striking the right balance between funding programmes that mainstream gender and funding dedicated to gender-targeted programmes, together with the increased use of country gender profiles, are essential in order to achieve quality legal reforms.

Uitgebreide analyse [EN](#)

Research for CULT Committee - The use of Artificial Intelligence in the Audiovisual Sector - Concomitant expertise for INI report

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 15-05-2020

Externe auteur Georg Rehm

Beleidsterrein Cultuur | Onderwijs

Zoekterm audiovisuele industrie | commissie EP | communicatie | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economische analyse | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | informatie en informatieverwerking | kunstmatige intelligentie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | statistiek

Samenvatting This briefing paper takes a look at the use of AI technologies in the wider audiovisual sector. A survey with ten questions concerning the most important aspects was circulated to 85 contacts at 73 organisations. A total of 22 responses were received. The main findings are as follows:

1. Almost all respondents report broad use of AI technologies, especially for automated indexing, improved content accessibility as well as localisation. AI is used for processing audio or video, language or text data or for knowledge management purposes.
2. Among the technologies used are ASR, TTS, NLP, NER, MT, summarisation, search and recommender engines, content classification, subtitling, vision and metadata extraction (see Appendix 2: Glossary – Terms and Abbreviations).
3. AI technologies foreseen for future use are more experimental and include the automated detection of illegal content and deep fakes as well as flexible curation technologies.
4. There is a big demand for large amounts of training data including labelled, structured and unstructured data, domain-specific training data, acoustic data and data for illegal content.
5. There is also a need for more language technologies for all European languages, including ASR, TTS, MT, content curation services and metadata extraction as well as Linked Data.
6. In terms of policies, it is suggested to focus upon an ethical framework regarding the use and misuse of AI that protects human values and fosters cultural and linguistic diversity. It should also protect against the misuse of AI for false news and misinformation.
7. Regarding opportunities, many respondents suggest concentrating on the AI-based production of high quality content. In addition, AI allows unlimited localisation and makes it possible for a fragmented and culturally diverse ecosystem to survive in a world dominated by capital-intensive ventures based in the US.
8. The consumption of intentionally created false or manipulative content is seen as an imminent danger. It is stressed that, as video is quickly becoming our main means of communication, there is a threat that relates to the use of AI for misinformation and manipulation, which could have an impact on the foundations of our democratic society.
9. The awareness of the European AI tool market varies. Some perceive the market to be non-existent, others perceive it to be highly fragmented. Due to the dominance of non-European technology enterprises, European companies should be supported more.
10. Collaboration at the European level is seen as essential because individual players have limitations and difficulties in using AI technologies. Europe's multilingualism is seen as crucial: to guarantee inclusiveness and accessibility, tools need to be made available, especially for under-resourced languages.

[Uitgebreide analyse](#) [EN](#)

Research for the AGRI Committee - The Farm to Fork Strategy implications for agriculture and the CAP

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 15-05-2020

Auteur MASSOT MARTI Albert

Beleidsterrein Consumentenbescherming | Landbouw en plattelandsontwikkeling | Mededingingsrecht en -regelgeving | Milieu | Visserij | Voedselveiligheid | Volksgezondheid

Zoekterm commissie EP | coronavirusziekte | documentatie | duurzame landbouw | epidemie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-milieubeleid | EU-strategie | EUROPESE UNIE | gemeenschappelijk landbouwbeleid | gezondheid | groene economie | LANDBOUW, BOSBOUW, EN VISSERIJ | landbouwbeleid | MILIEU | milieubeleid | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN

Samenvatting The aim of this In-Depth Analysis prepared by the Policy Department for Structural and Cohesion Policies is to explore the possible implications of the Farm to Fork Strategy (F2F) for agriculture and the CAP and, as a result, on the legislative works of the AGRI Committee over the 2020 - 2023 period. The analysis is based on the following sources: the Communication on the European Green Deal (COM (2019) 640 of 11 December 2019); the EC roadmap and key actions of the European Green Deal (11 December 2019); the EC F2F Strategy roadmap (17 February 2020); the Communication 'A Farm to Fork Strategy for a fair, healthy and environmentally-friendly food system' (COM (2020) 381 of 20 May 2020); the Draft Action Plan of the Farm to Fork Strategy (Annex of the EC Communication of 20 May 2020); the Commission staff working document 'Analysis of links between CAP reform and Green Deal' (SWD (2020) of 20 May 2020); and others background documents accompanying the F2F Communication of 20 May 2020.

[Uitgebreide analyse](#) [EN](#)

The functioning of the Internal Market for Digital Services: responsibilities and duties of care of providers of Digital Services

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 15-05-2020
Externe auteur Jan Bernd NORDEMANN
Beleidssterrein Consumentenbescherming | EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht | Interne markt en douane-unie | Mondiale governance | Toekomstplanning | Vaststelling van wetgeving door het EP en de Raad
Zoekterm commercialisering | commissie EP | communicatie | digitale eengemaakte markt | documentatie | ECONOMIE, VERKEER EN HANDELSVERKEER | EG-richtlijn | elektronische handel | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | intellectuele eigendom | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | provider | Recht van de Europese Unie | research en intellectuele eigendom | zoekmachine
Samenvatting The paper reflects on responsibilities and duties of care of online intermediaries as set out in the E-Commerce Directive and gives recommendations for a possible future EU Digital Services Act. This document was provided by the Policy Department for Economic, Scientific and Quality of Life Policies at the request of the committee on the Internal Market and Consumer Protection (IMCO).
Studie [EN](#)

Barriers to Competition through Joint Ownership by Institutional Investors

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 15-05-2020
Externe auteur S. FRAZZANI, K. NOTI, M. P. SCHINKEL, J. SELDESLACHTS, A. BANAL ESTAÑOL, N. BOOT, C. ANGELICI
Beleidssterrein Financiële en bankzaken | Mededingingsrecht en -regelgeving
Zoekterm aandeelhouder | bank | bankactiviteit | bedrijfsorganisatie | beleggingsmaatschappij | burgerlijk recht | commissie EP | concurrentie | concurrentiebeleid | deelneming | documentatie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europese onderneming | EUROPESE UNIE | financiële instellingen en krediet | FINANCIËN | leiding van een onderneming | mede-eigendom | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | ondernemingen | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | RECHT
Samenvatting In recent years, the phenomenon of common ownership by institutional investors has sparked considerable debate among scholars about its impact on competition and companies' corporate governance. This study analyses some specific features of common ownership by institutional investors in the European banking sector. It also examines closely the tension between competition policy and corporate governance tools aimed at enhancing shareholder engagement. This document was provided by the Policy Department for Economic, Scientific and Quality of Life Policies at the request of the committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON).
Studie [EN](#)

The ECB's Mandate: Perspectives on General Economic Policies

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 15-05-2020
Externe auteur Rosa M. LASTRA, Kern ALEXANDER, Karl WHELAN, Joseph E. GAGNON, Jacob F. KIRKEGAARD, David W. WILCOX, Christopher G. COLLINS, Christophe BLOT, Jérôme CREEL, Emmanuelle FAURE, Paul HUBERT, Grégory CLAEYS
Beleidssterrein Coronavirus | Economische en monetaire zaken | EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht | EU-recht: rechtsstelsel en -handelingen
Zoekterm commissie EP | documentatie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europese Centrale Bank | EUROPESE UNIE | institutionele bevoegdheid (EU) | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE
Samenvatting The ECB has a clear primary objective to maintain price stability. The Treaty is less clear on how the ECB is required to fulfil its so-called secondary objective of "supporting general economic policies of the Union". Just as the ECB was about to start its monetary policy strategy review which also provided an opportunity to clarify these elements of the mandate, the COVID-19 crisis brought the toughest test yet for its ability to deliver on the objectives. In addition, the German constitutional court delivered a judgement on the ECB's public sector purchase programme (PSPP) which might bring further legal and economic consequences.
In advance of the Monetary Dialogue with ECB President Christine Lagarde on 8 June 2020, the ECON Committee's Monetary Expert Panel has prepared a set of five papers on this topic.
This publication is provided by Policy Department A at the request of the Committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON).
Studie [EN](#)

International Role of the Euro: A Monetary Policy View

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 15-05-2020
Externe auteur Joscha BECKMANN, Salomon FIEDLER, Klaus-Jürgen GERN, Josefin MEYER, Corrado MACCHIARELLI, Marek DABROWSKI, Daniel GROS, Angela CAPOLONGO
Beleidssterrein Buitenlandse zaken | Economische en monetaire zaken | Internationale handel
Zoekterm commissie EP | documentatie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europese munteenheid | EUROPESE UNIE | eurozone | FINANCIËN | internationale valuta | monetaire betrekkingen | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | uniek monetair beleid
Samenvatting At the intersection between international economics and geopolitics, propositions and predictions on how the euro could challenge the global dominance of the US dollar have been circulating since the inception of the common currency. After an initial period of expansion, since 2006 the euro's international role has largely diminished or stagnated. Developments such as the resurgence of trade protectionism and, more recently, the COVID-19 crisis bring about a number of risks and opportunities for the euro at the global stage. In advance of the Monetary Dialogue with ECB President Lagarde on 8 June 2020, the ECON Committee's Monetary Expert Panel has prepared a set of four papers on this topic. This publication is provided by Policy Department A at the request of the Committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON).
Studie [EN](#)

How to Fully Reap the Benefits of the Internal Market for E-Commerce?

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 12-05-2020
Externe auteur Nadina IACOB, Felice SIMONELLI
Beleidssterrein Consumentenbescherming | Coronavirus | EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht | Interne markt en douane-unie | Mondiale governance | Toekomstplanning | Vaststelling van wetgeving door het EP en de Raad
Zoekterm auteursrecht | commercialisering | commissie EP | digitale eengemaakte markt | digitale inhoud | documentatie | ECONOMIE, VERKEER EN HANDELSVERKEER | EG-richtlijn | elektronische handel | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | Recht van de Europese Unie | research en intellectuele eigendom | technologie en technische voorschriften
Samenvatting This paper provides a framework for maximising current and potential benefits of e-commerce for the single market while minimising economic and societal costs. It takes stock of the role of the e-Commerce Directive and analyses new challenges arising in the age of platforms. Forward-looking solutions are presented to enhance cross-border e-commerce in the EU, facilitate access to digital copyrighted content and improve the sustainability of online platforms. Finally, the paper reflects on the planned digital services act, outlining policy recommendations. This document was provided by the Policy Department for Economic, Scientific and Quality of Life Policies at the request of the committee on the Internal Market and Consumer Protection (IMCO).
Studie [EN](#)

The e-commerce Directive as the cornerstone of the Internal Market

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 12-05-2020
Externe auteur Alexandre de Streel
Beleidssterrein Consumentenbescherming | Coronavirus | EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht | Interne markt en douane-unie | Mondiale governance | Toekomstplanning | Vaststelling van wetgeving door het EP en de Raad
Zoekterm commercialisering | commissie EP | digitale eengemaakte markt | documentatie | ECONOMIE, VERKEER EN HANDELSVERKEER | elektronische handel | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE
Samenvatting The e-commerce Directive was adopted in 2000 and has played a key role in the development of online platforms in Europe. The study assesses the effects of the Directive as a cornerstone of the Digital Single Market. On that basis, it proposes some reforms for the future Digital Services Act.
Studie [EN](#)

Completing the Single Market: The European Parliament and Economic Integration, 1979-1989

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 23-04-2020
Externe auteur Prof. Laurent Warlouzet, Sorbonne Université, Paris.
Beleidssterrein EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht | Interne markt en douane-unie
Zoekterm documentatie | Economische en Monetaire Unie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europees Parlement | Europese munteenheid | EUROPESE UNIE | FINANCIËN | geschiedenis van Europa | interne markt | monetaire betrekkingen | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE
Samenvatting During its first decade as a directly elected political institution, from 1979 to 1989, the European Parliament exercised significant influence in shaping the debate and agenda around the concept of completing the 'single' or 'internal' market of the (then) European Economic Community. Through both its early campaigning for action in this field and its definition and analysis of issues such as the 'cost of non-Europe', the Parliament contributed to the political and intellectual climate which led to the launch in 1985 by the European Commission, under its new President, Jacques Delors, of an ambitious programme to complete the single market by 1992. This process was reinforced and facilitated by adoption of the Single European Act (SEA) the following year. The extension of qualified majority voting (QMV) in the Council and the introduction of a more significant legislative role for the European Parliament under the SEA enhanced the position of the Parliament in the Community's 'institutional triangle', enabling it to influence the content of law more directly. From 1987 onwards, the Parliament used its new legislative power actively when considering the detailed proposals for completing the single market brought forward by the Delors Commission, with significant debates taking place on the priorities that should attach to various aspects of liberalisation and regulation. The growing success of the single market process led in turn to the Parliament strongly supporting efforts to complement the single market with the creation of a single currency, building momentum for the launch of Economic and Monetary Union (EMU). This study, commissioned by the European Parliamentary Research Service (EPRS), forms part of an on-going history of the character, role and influence of the European Parliament as a political institution since its creation in 1952.
Studie [DE](#), [EN](#), [FR](#)

SSM and the SRB accountability at European level: room for improvements?

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 17-04-2020
Externe auteur René SMITS
Beleidssterrein Economische en monetaire zaken | Financiële en bankzaken
Zoekterm commissie EP | documentatie | EU-bankenunie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europese Centrale Bank | EUROPESE UNIE | FINANCIËN | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | openbaarheid van het besluitvormingsproces | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE
Samenvatting This paper sets out recommendations for enhancing the accountability arrangements in respect of the European Central Bank and the Single Resolution Board within the confines of the presently applicable legal provisions. It recommends enhancing transparency, as a precondition for accountability. Other recommendations are that the European Parliament consider engaging the ECB and the SRB in an in-depth thematic dialogue on substantive issues of a long-term relevance, and that the European Parliament expresses an interest in how accountable and responsive the ECB and the SRB are to criticism and how they approach their internal decision-making.
Studie [EN](#)

Roadmap for Reallocation: A critical assessment of the Green Deal's growth, financing and regulatory challenges

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 15-04-2020
Externe auteur Karel Volckaert
Beleidssterrein Belastingen | Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | Energie | Financiële en bankzaken | Milieu
Zoekterm beleidsanalyse | commissie EP | concurrentie | documentatie | ECONOMIE | ECONOMIE, VERKEER EN HANDELSVERKEER | economisch gevolg | economische analyse | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-mededingingsbeleid | EUROPESE UNIE | financieel risico | financieel toezicht | FINANCIËN | gemeenschappelijk handelsbeleid | groene economie | handelsbeleid | MILIEU | milieubeleid | milieuheffing | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | sociaal effect | sociale omstandigheden | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | uitvoerende macht en overheidsadministratie | vrij verkeer van kapitaal
Samenvatting The aim of this study is to critically assess the proposed Green Deal's growth, financing and regulatory challenges. The study discusses the need for extended Shared Socio-economic Pathways. It examines the key growth drivers of the Green Deal and the green investment gap, the optimal mix of taxation and command-and-control measures, trade and competition policy and the implications for macroprudential supervision. This document was provided by Policy Department A at the request of the Committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs.
Studie [EN](#)

[A Just Transition Fund - How the EU budget can best assist in the necessary transition from fossil fuels to sustainable energy](#)

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 15-04-2020

Externe auteur Bruegel
Ms Aliénor CAMERON;
Dr Grégory CLAEYS;
Ms Catarina MIDÕES;
Dr Simone TAGLIAPIETRA

Beleidssterrein Begroting | Begrotingscontrole

Zoekterm Aantasting van het milieu | beleid inzake klimaatverandering | commissie EP | documentatie | ENERGIE | energiebeleid | EU-energiebeleid | EU-fonds | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | Financiën van de EU | fossiele brandstof | groene economie | klimaatverandering | MILIEU | milieubeleid | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | Recht van de Europese Unie | regenerereerbare energie | voorstel (EU) | zachte energie

Samenvatting On 14 January 2020, the European Commission published its proposal for a Just Transition Mechanism, intended to provide support to territories facing serious socioeconomic challenges related to the transition towards climate neutrality. This report provides a comprehensive analysis of how the EU can best ensure a 'just transition' in all its territories and for all its citizens with the tools at its disposal. It provides an overview and a critical assessment of the Commission's proposal, and suggests possible amendments based on best practices from other just-transition initiatives.

Studie [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#), [PL](#)

[The Impact of Unfair Commercial Practices on Competition in the EU Passenger Transport Sector, in particular Air Transport](#)

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 08-04-2020

Externe auteur F. SCIAUDONE, K. NOTI, H. SCHEBESTA, F. MORETTI, M. PIANTONI, R. ARANCIO

Beleidssterrein Consumentenbescherming | Economische en monetaire zaken | Mededingingsrecht en -regelgeving | Vervoer

Zoekterm bescherming van de consument | burgerluchtvaart | casestudy | commissie EP | concurrentie | concurrentiebeperking | consumptie | documentatie | ECONOMIE, VERKEER EN HANDELSVERKEER | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | FINANCIËN | interne markt | lucht- en ruimtevervoer | luchtvaartlijn | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | organisatie van het vervoer | passagiersrechten | prijsvorming | prijzen | reizigersvervoer | TRANSPORT | Vervoerbeleid | vervoerskosten

Samenvatting The study aims at identifying and analysing the unfair commercial and trading practices in passenger air transport that not only are detrimental to consumers, but which can also distort competition in the Single Market. The study analyses the main air carrier business models and price patterns, as well as the decisions adopted by the national competent authorities with regard to unfair commercial practices and predatory pricing. This document was provided by Policy Department A at the request of the ECON Committee.

Studie [EN](#)

[Crypto-assets - Key developments, regulatory concerns and responses](#)

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 07-04-2020

Externe auteur Prof. Dr. Robby HOUBEN and Alexander SNYERS

Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | Financiële en bankzaken

Zoekterm centrale bank | commissie EP | documentatie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | financiering van terrorisme | FINANCIËN | Informatica en gegevensverwerking | informatiebeveiliging | investering | investering en financiering | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | politiek en openbare veiligheid | regelgevingsbeleid | uitvoerende macht en overheidsadministratie | virtuele munteenheid | vrij verkeer van kapitaal | witwassen van geld

Samenvatting This study, prepared by Policy Department A, sets out recent developments regarding crypto-assets. These relate mainly to the continuing use of crypto-assets for money laundering and terrorist financing, the massive growth of private "tokens" used to raise funds, and to the emergence of stablecoins and central bank digital currencies. The study, furthermore, addresses key regulatory concerns, taking into account these recent developments, and suggests regulatory responses.

Studie [EN](#)

SSM and SRB accountability at European level: What room for improvements?

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 06-04-2020
Externe auteur Marco LAMANDINI, David RAMOS MUÑOZ
Beleidsterrein Economische en monetaire zaken | Financiële en bankzaken
Zoekterm commissie EP | documentatie | EU-bankenunie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europese Bankautoriteit | Europese Centrale Bank | Europese ombudsman | Europese Rekenkamer | EUROPESE UNIE | FINANCIËN | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | openbaarheid van het besluitvormingsproces | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE
Samenvatting This paper discusses the accountability mechanisms for the SSM and SRM. Both mechanisms' frameworks have the potential to provide strong political, administrative and legal accountability, but also present shortcomings at the level of practice, coordination, organisation and transparency. The paper identifies those and proposes some ways forward.
Studie [EN](#)

Key issues in the European Council - State of play in March 2020

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 26-03-2020
Auteur ANGHEL Suzana Elena | BACIAN Izabela Cristina | DRACHENBERG Ralf | PAPUNEN Annastiina
Beleidsterrein Buitenlandse zaken | Economische en monetaire zaken | Energie | EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht | EU-recht: rechtsstelsel en -handelingen | Financiële en bankzaken | Industrie | Internationale handel | Milieu | Ruimte van vrijheid, veiligheid en recht | Vaststelling van wetgeving door het EP en de Raad | Veiligheid en defensie | Werkgelegenheid
Zoekterm beleidsanalyse | documentatie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europese Raad | EUROPESE UNIE | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | uitvoerende macht en overheidsadministratie | werking van de instelling
Samenvatting This EPRS publication, 'Key issues in the European Council', which will be updated quarterly to coincide with European Council meetings, aims to provide an overview of the institution's activities on major EU issues. It analyses twelve broad policy areas, explaining the legal and political background and the main priorities and orientations defined by the European Council.
Studie [EN](#)

The European Parliament's Right of inquiry in context - A comparison of the national and the European legal frameworks

Publicatietype Studie
Datum 16-03-2020
Externe auteur Diane FROMAGE
Beleidsterrein EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht | EU-recht: rechtsstelsel en -handelingen | Vaststelling van wetgeving door het EP en de Raad
Zoekterm documentatie | enquêtecommissie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europees Parlement | EUROPESE UNIE | nationaal parlement | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | parlement | parlementair onderzoek | POLITIEK | Recht van de Europese Unie | Verdrag betreffende de werking van de Europese Unie | Verdrag van Lissabon
Samenvatting One of Parliament's main tools of political control vis-à-vis the EU executive is its capacity to establish Committees of inquiry. This possibility, now formally recognised in Article 226 TFEU, has existed since 1981 but it has been scarcely used by Parliament.

This study provides an analysis of Parliament's right of inquiry as it stands after the entry into force of the Lisbon Treaty, and examines how it has evolved since it was first introduced. It also compares Parliament's right of inquiry with the investigatory powers of other European Union institutions and bodies, and with the rules governing the right of inquiry of Member State parliaments. The study concludes with some proposals for reform.
Studie [EN](#)
Samenvatting [DE](#), [EN](#), [FR](#)

[Committees of Inquiry in National Parliaments - Comparative Survey](#)

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 16-03-2020

Auteur PAVY Eeva

Beleidssterrein EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht | EU-recht: rechtsstelsel en -handelingen | Vaststelling van wetgeving door het EP en de Raad

Zoekterm commissie EP | documentatie | economische geografie | enquêtecommissie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-lidstaat | EUROPESE UNIE | GEOGRAFIE | nationaal parlement | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | parlement | parlementair onderzoek | POLITIEK | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | research en intellectuele eigendom | vergelijkend onderzoek | vergelijkende studie

Samenvatting This survey, provided by the Policy Department for Citizens' Rights and Constitutional Affairs at the request of the AFCO Committee, looks into the legal and administrative framework in which parliamentary committees of inquiry operate in the EU Member States. It focuses, in particular, in the investigative powers these committees have at hand to assist national parliaments in exercising parliamentary control. It also examines the role of Member States' parliamentary committees of inquiry in guiding the action of the government, enhancing transparency and eradicating contraventions and maladministration.

Studie [EN](#)

Samenvatting [DE](#), [EN](#), [FR](#)

[Research for CULT Committee - Effective measures to 'green' Erasmus+, Creative Europe and European Solidarity Corps programmes - Concomitant expertise for INI report](#)

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 16-03-2020

Externe auteur Bert-Jan Buischool; Marye Hudepohl

Beleidssterrein Onderwijs

Zoekterm Aantasting van het milieu | commissie EP | cultuur en godsdienst | documentatie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-milieubeleid | EU-programma | EUROPESE UNIE | groene economie | klimaatverandering | MILIEU | milieubeleid | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | opvoeding | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | organisatie van het onderwijs | schooluitwisseling | sociaal leven | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | studentenmobiliteit | uitwisseling van jongeren | vermindering van gasemissie | vrijwilligerswerk

Samenvatting This introductory briefing paper introduce five key messages on how the Erasmus+, European Solidarity Corps (ESC) and Creative Europe (CE) programmes (and the proposals for successor programmes) address environmental challenges.

Uitgebreide analyse [EN](#)

[Inquiries by Parliaments - The political use of a democratic right](#)

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 16-03-2020

Externe auteur Olivier ROZENBERG

Beleidssterrein EU-democratie, institutioneel en parlementair recht | EU-recht: rechtsstelsel en -handelingen | Vaststelling van wetgeving door het EP en de Raad

Zoekterm documentatie | enquêtecommissie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europees Parlement | EUROPESE UNIE | nationaal parlement | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | parlement | parlementair onderzoek | POLITIEK | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | Recht van de Europese Unie | research en intellectuele eigendom | Verdrag van Lissabon | vergelijkend onderzoek

Samenvatting Conducting in-depth investigations is an ancient and essential right of parliaments in Europe. Yet, despite a provision of the Lisbon treaty, the European Parliament still has a limited institutional capacity to conduct inquiries. This study, commissioned by the European Parliament's Policy Department for Citizens' Rights and Constitutional Affairs at the request of the AFCO Committee, discusses the theoretical basis of parliamentary investigation, compares recent committees of inquiries and develops recommendations for up-grading the European Parliament's capacity.

Studie [EN](#)

Samenvatting [DE](#), [EN](#), [FR](#)

How has the macro-economic imbalances procedure worked in practice to improve the resilience of the euro area?

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 11-03-2020

Externe auteur Agnès BÉNASSY-QUÉRE, Guntram WOLFF

Beleidsterrein Financiële en bankzaken

Zoekterm commissie EP | deflatie | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch beleid | economische analyse | Economische en Monetaire Unie | EU-beleid - nationaal beleid | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | eurozone | financieel risico | financiële stabiliteit | FINANCIËN | macro-economie | monetaire betrekkingen | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | vrij verkeer van kapitaal

Samenvatting This paper shows how the Macroeconomic Imbalances Procedure (MIP) could be streamlined and its underlying conceptual framework clarified. Implementation of the country-specific recommendations is low; their internal consistency is sometimes missing; despite past reforms, the MIP remains largely a country-by-country approach running the risk of aggravating the deflationary bias in the euro area. We recommend to streamline the scoreboard around a few meaningful indicators, involve national macro-prudential and productivity councils, better connect the various recommendations, simplify the language and further involve the Commission into national policy discussions.

Studie [EN](#)

Demographic outlook for the European Union 2020

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 02-03-2020

Auteur KISS Monika

Beleidsterrein Sociaal beleid

Zoekterm bevolkingsaanwas | consumptie | demografie en bevolking | demografische analyse | documentatie | ECONOMIE, VERKEER EN HANDELSVERKEER | economische geografie | EU-lidstaat | GEOGRAFIE | gezondheid | levensmiddelen | levensverwachting | onderzoeksverslag | ontvolking | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | vergrijzing van de bevolking | voedingsgewoonte | voedingsziekte

Samenvatting Demography matters. The economy and the labour market, but also social protection, intergenerational fairness and healthcare, the environment, food and nutrition are all driven by demography. The population of EU countries has grown substantially – by around a quarter since 1960 – and currently it stands at almost 450 million. The numbers are now beginning to stagnate however and are expected to decline from around the middle of the century. With the world population having risen still more substantially and growth continuing, the EU represents a shrinking proportion of the global population. The EU population is also ageing dramatically, as life expectancy increases and fertility rates fall below past levels. This has serious implications across a range of areas including the economy, healthcare and pensions. Free movement within the EU and migration from third countries also play an important role in shaping demography in individual Member States and regions. The 'in-focus' section of this year's edition of the demographic outlook examines food and nutrition-related demographic challenges. It shows that, even if improving food quality and healthier eating habits lead to higher life expectancy, the EU still has to tackle the harmful consequences and prevent the causes of diet-related chronic conditions, such as obesity, diabetes and cardiovascular disease. This paper is the third in a series produced by EPRS on the demographic outlook for the European Union.

Studie [DE](#), [EN](#), [FR](#)

Multimedia [Demographic outlook for the European Union 2020](#)

[Demographic outlook for the European Union 2020](#)

[Demographic outlook for the European Union 2020](#)

Balancing Integration and Autonomy. How EFTA countries reconcile EU-approximation and independence

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 27-02-2020

Auteur DAMEN Mario

Beleidssterrein Internationale handel

Zoekterm documentatie | economische geografie | Europa | Europese Economische Ruimte | Europese organisatie | EUROPESE UNIE | EVA | EVA-landen | GEOGRAFIE | INTERNATIONALE ORGANISATIES | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | politieke geografie | uitbreiding van de Europese Unie | Verenigd Koninkrijk

Samenvatting In 2020, the European Free Trade Association (EFTA) celebrates its 60th anniversary. During this respectable lifetime, its composition has frequently changed, starting with seven founding members in 1960 and having four today. EFTA has turned out to be an 'antechamber' for the EU, as well as a distinct organisation with its own purpose. Since the foundation of the European Economic Area (EEA) in 1992, EFTA states Norway, Iceland and Liechtenstein have joined this area, whereas Switzerland has chosen a relationship with the EU based on a number of bilateral agreements. These four EFTA states have in common that they perform a delicate and dynamic balancing act between integration into the EU and preservation of their own autonomy. Reasons for the strong desire for autonomy can partly be found in geographic or historic factors, but these cannot explain their position entirely, as existing EU Member States may also have such particularities. That all EFTA countries have a strong economy based on specific sets of natural resources and/or financial legislation, certainly is another element that explains the desire to keep matters in their own hands as far as possible. Strong consensus oriented democratic systems with components of direct democracy complete the picture. External events, such as the creation of the Internal Market, EU enlargement or the 2008 financial crisis have regularly challenged the balance EFTA countries have built with the EU. Even though they have led to initiatives to integrate closer with the EU or apply for membership, in the end such steps have not been completed. Whereas the UK is an important partner of all EFTA countries, mostly of Norway, its withdrawal from the EU has created another challenge to the balance. In a larger perspective, balancing autonomy and integration is not unique to EFTA countries, but happens also within the EU in the form of opt outs or arrangements for enhanced cooperation. And in view of a large number of countries aspiring for future EU membership, concepts such as flexible arrangements or associate memberships are not likely to disappear from the EU agenda.

Studie [EN](#)

Economic and Budgetary Outlook for the European Union 2020

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 31-01-2020

Auteur D'ALFONSO Alessandro | DELIVORIAS Angelos | SAPALA Magdalena | STAMEGNA CARLA

Beleidssterrein Begroting | Begrotingscontrole | Economische en monetaire zaken | Industrie

Zoekterm documentatie | ECONOMIE | economische analyse | economische analyse | EU-begroting | EUROPESE UNIE | eurozone | FINANCIËN | Financiën van de EU | meerjarig financieel kader | monetaire betrekkingen | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE

Samenvatting This study, the fourth in an annual series, provides an overview of the economic and budgetary situation in the EU and beyond. It summarises the main economic indicators in the EU and euro area and their two-year trends. It explains the annual EU budget, provides an overview of its headings for 2020, and sets out the wider budgetary framework – the multiannual financial framework (MFF) – and its possible evolution in the new decade. A special 'economic focus' puts the spotlight on the international role of the euro, and on various recent EU-level initiatives in this field.

Studie [DE](#), [EN](#), [FR](#)

Financial Stability in the Euro Area: Assessment of Risks and Policy Options

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 15-01-2020

Externe auteur Zsolt DARVAS, Marta DOMÍNGUEZ-JIMÉNEZ, Guntram B. WOLFF, Christopher A. HARTWELL, Salomon FIEDLER, Klaus-Jürgen GERN, Christophe BLOT, Jérôme CREEL, Paul HUBERT

Beleidssterrein Economische en monetaire zaken

Zoekterm Aantasting van het milieu | commissie EP | computercriminaliteit | documentatie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | eurozone | financieel risico | financiële stabiliteit | FINANCIËN | Informatica en gegevensverwerking | informatieoorlog | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | internationale veiligheid | klimaatverandering | MILIEU | monetaire betrekkingen | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | vrij verkeer van kapitaal

Samenvatting In November 2019, the ECB published its semi-annual Financial Stability Review that identified a number of risks for the euro area financial system. The Monetary Expert Panel was asked to produce four papers reflecting on these (and other) risks and available policy options. This publication is provided by Policy Department A at the request of the Committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON).

Studie [EN](#)

The EU's Defence Technological and Industrial Base

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 10-01-2020

Externe auteur Dr Benedict Wilkinson, Associate Director of the Policy Institute, King's College London, UK

Beleidsterrein Veiligheid en defensie

Zoekterm bewapening | defensie | defensiebegroting | defensieuitgaven | documentatie | ECONOMIE | ECONOMIE, VERKEER EN HANDELSVERKEER | economisch beleid | economische geografie | EU-industriebeleid | EU-lidstaat | EUROPESE UNIE | gemeenschappelijk veiligheids- en defensiebeleid | GEOGRAFIE | grensoverschrijdende samenwerking | handelsbeleid | INDUSTRIE | industriebeleid en -structuur | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | onderzoek en ontwikkeling | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | overheidsopdrachten | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | protectionisme | research en intellectuele eigendom | samenwerkingsbeleid | wapenindustrie

Samenvatting The EU's Defence Technological and Industrial Base (EDTIB) has been a key focus of EU policy efforts in recent years, not just for security reasons, but also for economic ones. There have been a host of funds to strengthen and reinforce the EDTIB, and to ensure deeper cooperation, avoid duplication and underscore the interoperability of equipment. These funding streams have not been fully evaluated, but they are important symbols of the energy and commitment with which the EU has attempted to create an integrated pan-EU defence industry. There have, however, been challenges. The EU Member States remain predisposed to procuring weapons nationally or internationally, rather than regionally. There is a question as to whether these funds are great enough to be genuinely transformative, or whether in practice they are insufficient in relation to investment in the domestic defence industries. Finally, efforts to integrate the EDTIB also risk the EU being seen as protectionist, which may lead other major weapons suppliers such as the US to respond in kind.

Uitgebreide analyse [EN](#), [FR](#)

EU's Institutional Framework regarding Defence Matters

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 10-01-2020

Externe auteur Sophia Besch, Senior Research Fellow at the Centre for European Reform, UK (Berlin Office)

Beleidsterrein Veiligheid en defensie

Zoekterm defensie | documentatie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-strategie | Europees Parlement | Europese Dienst voor extern optreden | EUROPESE UNIE | gekwalificeerde meerderheid | gemeenschappelijk veiligheids- en defensiebeleid | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | internationale rol van de EU | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | Recht van de Europese Unie | Verdrag van Lissabon | verkiezingsmethode en stemming | voorstel (EU) | wapenindustrie

Samenvatting This policy brief provides a short overview of recent initiatives and developments in the EU's institutional defence architecture, with a particular focus on changes proposed and implemented since 2016. Specifically, it looks at the new Permanent Structured Cooperation (PESCO) framework, the Coordinated Annual Review on Defence (CARD), the European Defence Fund (EDF), the Military Planning and Conduct Capacity (MPCC), as well as proposals to establish a European Peace Facility (EPF) and to take more Common Foreign and Security Policy (CFSP) decisions through qualified majority voting. It examines the institutional state of play at the end of Federica Mogherini's mandate as EU High Representative and the implications of EU defence institutional innovation for existing governance structures, internal coherence and effective oversight. Finally, it identifies some of the challenges posed by the recent reforms and initiatives relating to the EU's existing defence infrastructure, and briefly introduces proposals to address these challenges.

Uitgebreide analyse [EN](#), [FR](#)

10 YEARS OF CSDP - Four in-depth analyses requested by the Sub-Committee on Security and Defence of the European Parliament (EP)

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 10-01-2020

Externe auteur Christoph O. Meyer; Benedict Wilkinson; Sophia Besch; Ben Jones

Beleidsterrein Veiligheid en defensie

Zoekterm commissie EP | defensie | defensiebegroting | defensieuitgaven | documentatie | economische geografie | EU-industriebeleid | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-lidstaat | EUROPESE UNIE | gemeenschappelijk veiligheids- en defensiebeleid | GEOGRAFIE | grensoverschrijdende samenwerking | INDUSTRIE | industriebeleid en -structuur | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | INTERNATIONALE ORGANISATIES | internationale rol van de EU | NAVO | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | Recht van de Europese Unie | samenwerkingsbeleid | Verdrag van Lissabon | wapenindustrie | wereldwijde organisaties

Samenvatting This series of in-depth analyses provides a snapshot of some of the European Union's recent accomplishments related to its Common Security and Defence Policy (CSDP): CSDP missions and operations, CSDP defence capabilities development, the EU's defence technological and industrial base, and the EU's institutional framework for defence matters.

Uitgebreide analyse [EN](#), [FR](#)

CSDP defence capabilities development

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 10-01-2020

Externe auteur Dr Ben Jones, Teaching Fellow in European Foreign Policy, King's College London, UK

Beleidssterrein Veiligheid en defensie

Zoekterm documentatie | economische geografie | EU-lidstaat | EUROPESE UNIE | gemeenschappelijk veiligheids- en defensiebeleid | GEOGRAFIE | grensoverschrijdende samenwerking | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | INTERNATIONALE ORGANISATIES | NAVO | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | Recht van de Europese Unie | samenwerkingsbeleid | Verdrag van Lissabon | wereldwijde organisaties

Samenvatting For several decades, European Union (EU) and North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) Member States have worked closely to coordinate and, in some cases, jointly develop their military capabilities. Both NATO and the EU ask Member States to provide military capabilities to meet agreed force requirements. European states also cooperate increasingly closely over ways to increase efficiency and improve interoperability. Yet both EU and NATO force requirements suffer from longstanding capability shortfalls. Neither modest growth in defence spending nor deeper cooperation have yet been sufficient to fill these gaps. Spurred on, however, by the impact of the 2008 financial crisis and the recent deterioration in security in the east and to the south of Europe, EU Member States have sought to reinvigorate their approach to collaborating on the development of defence capabilities. They have overhauled existing measures and introduced new initiatives, notably the Coordinated Annual Review on Defence (CARD) and Permanent Structured Cooperation (PESCO). While it is too soon to judge the effectiveness of these initiatives, they do significantly extend the scope for action in this field. Success, however, will only be assured if EU Member States support the new 'top-down' initiatives while also delivering on their own 'bottom-up' commitments to funding and deeper levels of cooperation.

[Uitgebreide analyse](#) [EN](#)

CSDP Missions and Operations

Publicatietype Uitgebreide analyse

Datum 10-01-2020

Externe auteur Christoph O. Meyer, Professor of European & International Politics, King's College London, UK

Beleidssterrein Veiligheid en defensie

Zoekterm administratief beheer | crisisbeheersing | documentatie | economische geografie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-lidstaat | Europese Dienst voor extern optreden | EUROPESE UNIE | gemeenschappelijk veiligheids- en defensiebeleid | GEOGRAFIE | internationale rol van de EU | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | Recht van de Europese Unie | Verdrag betreffende de Europese Unie

Samenvatting This policy brief provides an overview of what the EU has done through its Common Security and Defence Policy (CSDP) missions and operations since 2003, and which achievements and challenges it faces at the end of EU High Representative/Vice-President (HR/VP) Federica Mogherini's mandate. It evaluates how the overall political context and the EU's approach have evolved over time, and how this has affected the launch and implementation of CSDP actions. It looks at a range of criteria for evaluating the success of missions and operations such as effectiveness, degree of match between mission launch and EU interests at stake, responsiveness, coherence with wider policy strategies, coherence with values and norms, and degree of democratic scrutiny and oversight. It assesses some of the achievements as well as shortcomings of previous and ongoing missions and operations against these objectives. The brief identifies three underlying and cross-cutting problems hampering performance: (i) incompatible attitudes among Member States towards the use of force; (ii) resource disincentives and barriers to timely European solidarity; and (iii) gaps between early warning and early action. It outlines some selected initiatives launched and options discussed to address these shortcomings and improve the EU's performance in crisis management operations.

[Uitgebreide analyse](#) [EN](#), [FR](#)

Research for TRAN Committee - Postal services in the EU

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 16-12-2019

Externe auteur Henrik BALLEBYE OKHOLM, Martina FACINO, Mindaugas CERPICKIS, Martha LAHANN, Bruno BASALISCO

Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | Vervoer

Zoekterm bedrijfsorganisatie | beleidsanalyse | beleidsvorming | commissie EP | communicatie | concurrentievermogen | documentatie | economische geografie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-lidstaat | EUROPESE UNIE | GEOGRAFIE | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | postdienst | uitvoerende macht en overheidsadministratie

Samenvatting This study aims at providing the European Parliament's TRAN Committee with an overview of the EU postal services sector, including recent developments, and recommendations for EU policy-makers on how to further stimulate growth and competitiveness of the sector.

[Studie](#) [EN](#)

[Samenvatting](#) [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#)

The European Semester for economic policy coordination: A reflection paper

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 25-10-2019

Auteur ANGERER Jost | HAGELSTAM Kajus | PACHECO DIAS CRISTINA SOFIA | ZOPPÉ Alice

Beleidssterrein Economische en monetaire zaken | Europees semester | Financiële en bankzaken

Zoekterm Amerika | budgettair evenwicht | documentatie | economische geografie | economische governance van de EU | EU-lidstaat | Eurogroep (eurozone) | Europees Semester | FINANCIËN | GEOGRAFIE | monetaire betrekkingen | monetaire economie | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | overheidsfinanciën en begrotingsbeleid | politieke geografie | Stabiliteitspact | Verenigde Staten

Samenvatting This paper provides an overview of the current EU economic governance framework, in particular of the so-called EU 'rules-based' surveillance framework of national budgetary, economic and social policies. It raises some broad questions on the lessons learned and proposes some reflections for the future.
This document was prepared by the Economic Governance Support Unit of the European Parliament and the opinions expressed are the sole responsibility of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position of the European Parliament.

Studie [EN](#)

Megatrends in the agri-food sector: global overview and possible policy response from an EU perspective

Publicatietype Studie

Datum 16-09-2019

Externe auteur Ines Ferreira, Maria Kirova, Francesco Montanari, Consuelo Montfort, Juan Moroni, Rik Neiryndck, Monica Pesce

Beleidssterrein Internationale handel | Landbouw en plattelandsontwikkeling | Ontwikkelings- en humanitaire hulp

Zoekterm agrovoeding | bevolkingsaanwas | commissie EP | consumptie | demografie en bevolking | documentatie | ECONOMIE, VERKEER EN HANDELSVERKEER | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EUROPESE UNIE | gezondheid | landbouw en voeding | LANDBOUWVOEDINGSMIDDELEN | levensmiddelen | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | voedingsgewoonte | voedingsproduct | voedingsproducten | voedselzekerheid

Samenvatting This study provides an analysis of the megatrends that influence the way the world produces, distributes and consumes food. It provides an outlook of the global production needed to sustain human populations until 2050, gives a state of play of the global forces affecting the future of the food chain, suggests possible scenarios and presents policy and recommendation options.

Studie [EN](#)

Gender equality in sport: Getting closer every day

Publicatietype Briefing

Datum 07-03-2019

Auteur KATSAROVA Ivana

Beleidssterrein Cultuur

Zoekterm beroepssport | demografie en bevolking | discriminatie op grond van geslacht | documentatie | EU-sportbeleid | gelijke behandeling van man en vrouw | gelijkheid van beloning | Olympische Spelen | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | participatie van vrouwen | Personeelsbeheer en bezoldiging | positie van de vrouw | RECHT | rechten en vrijheden | rechten van de vrouw | sociaal leven | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | sportorganisatie | vrouw | WERKGELEGENHEID EN ARBEID

Samenvatting Traditionally, sport has been dominated by men, both in terms of participation and governance. Women were excluded from the first modern Olympic Games, held in Athens in 1896, and were only allowed to gradually start joining in four years later. Even though women's presence and involvement in the Olympic Movement have progressively evolved, girls and women across the world still get fewer opportunities and less investment, training and corporate attention when they play sport. Today, women's participation in sports governance structures has slightly improved. The International Olympic Committee currently counts 33 female members and honorary members out of a total of 144. Moreover, fewer than 20 % of the members of the governing structures of affiliated bodies are women. Similarly, in 2015 only 14 % of all top decision-making positions in individual EU sports federations were occupied by women. In spite of the fact that the number of women actively involved in sport has increased dramatically over the past 50 years, female coaches across the globe are a statistical minority in nearly all sports, at all performance levels. In Europe, between 20 % and 30 % of all sports coaches are women. Even though the gender pay gap in sport has been narrowing over the years, it still very much exists. A total of 83 % of sports now award men and women equal prize money, with cricket, golf and football displaying the greatest pay gaps. There are also still significant differences in the media coverage of women's and men's sports. Research shows that sports journalism in the print media is a man's world, with over 90 % of the articles being written by male journalists and more than 85 % of the coverage being dedicated to male athletes. In 2010, in a bid to establish greater equality in the most popular sport for girls and women – football – the European football governing body UEFA launched its women's football development programme and funded an extensive series of projects across Europe to drive growth and sustainability in women's football. The European Parliament has also been consistently advocating for gender equality in sport. As part of the institution's campaign for the 2019 European elections, high-profile players such as Nilla Fischer will be encouraging women to vote on issues that matter to them.

Briefing [EN](#)

Mission to Austria 11/12 October 2018

Publicatietype Kort overzicht

Datum 08-10-2018

Auteur HEEZEN JOHANNES

Beleidssterrein Beoordeling van wetgeving en beleid in de praktijk | Genderkwesties, gelijkheid en diversiteit

Zoekterm beweging voor de mensenrechten | commissie EP | demografie en bevolking | discriminatie op grond van geslacht | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economische geografie | economische recessie | economische situatie | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europa | EUROPESE UNIE | gelijke behandeling van man en vrouw | GEOGRAFIE | INTERNATIONALE ORGANISATIES | niet-gouvernementele organisatie | niet-gouvernementele organismen | onderzoeksverslag | Oostenrijk | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | politiek en openbare veiligheid | politieke geografie | positie van de vrouw | RECHT | rechten en vrijheden | rechten van de mens | rechten van de vrouw | sociaal leven | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | vrouw

Samenvatting This document was prepared to provide background information for Members of the Committee on Women's Rights and Gender Equality (FEMM) participating in the Conference "Gender Equality and YOU" organised by the Austrian presidency (Vienna, 11-12 October 2018). It is intended to provide information on various aspects of gender equality, based on studies and analyses which have been commissioned by the Policy Department and delivered to FEMM in the course of the current legislature. Of two recent studies a short summary, as well as a link to the full text of the study is given. A number of other Policy Department studies on specific aspects of gender equality in the EU are listed for further reading.

Kort overzicht [EN](#)

Policy Departments' Monthly Highlights - September 2018

Publicatietype Kort overzicht

Datum 10-09-2018

Beleidssterrein Begroting | Buitenlandse zaken | Internationale handel | Ruimte van vrijheid, veiligheid en recht | Visserij | Werkgelegenheid

Zoekterm administratief beheer | bijscholing | denktank | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economisch beleid | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europees Parlement | EUROPESE UNIE | financiering van terrorisme | FINANCIËN | intellectueel kapitaal | LANDBOUW, BOSBOUW, EN VISSERIJ | migratiebeleid van de EU | migraties | monetaire economie | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | politiek en openbare veiligheid | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | protectionisme | research en intellectuele eigendom | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | verslag over de werkzaamheden | virtuele munteenheid | visser | visserij | vrij verkeer van kapitaal | werkgelegenheid | WERKGELEGENHEID EN ARBEID | witwassen van geld

Samenvatting The Monthly Highlights publication provides an overview, at a glance, of the on-going work of the policy departments, including a selection of the latest and forthcoming publications, and a list of future events.

Kort overzicht [EN](#)

Policy Departments' Monthly Highlights - June 2018

Publicatietype Kort overzicht

Datum 11-06-2018

Beleidssterrein Begrotingscontrole | Cultuur | Energie | Industrie | Onderwijs | Ruimte van vrijheid, veiligheid en recht | Veiligheid en defensie

Zoekterm concurrentie | denktank | documentatie | economische en sociale samenhang | economische geografie | ENERGIE | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europa | Europees Parlement | EUROPESE UNIE | Financiën van de EU | gemeenschappelijk veiligheids- en defensiebeleid | GEOGRAFIE | meerjarig financieel kader | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | politiek en openbare veiligheid | politieke geografie | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | regenererende energie | research en intellectuele eigendom | terrorisme | trust | uittreding uit de EU | Verenigd Koninkrijk | verslag over de werkzaamheden | zachte energie

Samenvatting The Monthly Highlights publication provides an overview, at a glance, of the on-going work of the policy departments, including a selection of the latest and forthcoming publications, and a list of future events.

Kort overzicht [EN](#)

Policy Departments' Monthly Highlights - May 2018

Publicatietype Kort overzicht

Datum 28-05-2018

Beleidssterrein Begroting | Begrotingscontrole | Cultuur | Energie | Internationale handel | Landbouw en plattelandontwikkeling | Regionale ontwikkeling | Ruimte van vrijheid, veiligheid en recht | Toerisme | Vervoer

Zoekterm beleid inzake klimaatverandering | denktank | documentatie | economische geografie | ENERGIE | energiebeleid | EU-energiebeleid | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | Europa | Europees Parlement | EUROPESE UNIE | FINANCIËN | Financiën van de EU | GEOGRAFIE | informatie en informatieverwerking | informatiesysteem | investering en financiering | investering van de EU | meerjarig financieel kader | MILIEU | milieubeleid | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | persoon met een beperking | politieke geografie | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | research en intellectuele eigendom | sociaal leven | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | uittreding uit de EU | Verenigd Koninkrijk | verslag over de werkzaamheden

Samenvatting The Monthly Highlights publication provides an overview, at a glance, of the on-going work of the policy departments, including a selection of the latest and forthcoming publications, and a list of future events.

Kort overzicht [EN](#)

[Harnessing globalisation for local and regional authorities: Challenges and possible solutions](#)

Publicatietype Briefing

Datum 29-09-2017

Auteur MARGARAS Vasileios

Beleidssterrein Regionale ontwikkeling

Zoekterm bedrijfsorganisatie | concurrentievermogen | documentatie | duurzame ontwikkeling | ECONOMIE | ECONOMIE, VERKEER EN HANDELSVERKEER | economisch beleid | economische groei | economische samenwerking | economische situatie | globalisering | INTERNATIONALE BETREKKINGEN | internationale handel | internationale handel | internationale samenwerking | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | samenwerkingsbeleid | territoriale collectiviteit | uitvoerende macht en overheidsadministratie

Samenvatting Globalisation has various positive and negative aspects. On the positive side, economic opportunities can emerge. Exports may flourish, companies may find new global customers, knowledge may be easily circulated, and trade may pick up, thus stimulating economic growth. Interaction through new technological instruments helps to interconnect people in different parts of the world. However, globalisation may also have disadvantages. For instance, various EU industries (e.g. coal, steel, iron, shipbuilding, automotive and textiles) have been affected by global competition, and have had to downsize their activities. Cheap imports of non-EU manufacturing goods have led to the decline of various EU industrial sectors, but also to relocations, closures and redundancies. In addition, globalisation has an environmental, demographic, technological and cultural dimension. The impact of globalisation therefore affects the activities and development of regional and local entities within the EU. In order to address all these issues, the European Commission has presented a reflection paper on harnessing globalisation. This briefing addresses some of the most important challenges that globalisation brings to EU regions, and sets out ideas that may be useful in tackling these challenges. Harnessing globalisation requires a holistic approach. European, national and local synergies will have to be established to address the multi-layered challenges stemming from globalisation. Serious thinking will have to be done on how to empower local and regional authorities in order to address these challenges successfully.

Briefing [EN](#)

[Foresight ? Contribution to the debate on the future of EU agricultural policy](#)

Publicatietype Briefing

Datum 28-08-2017

Auteur MCELDOWNEY James

Beleidssterrein Landbouw en plattelandontwikkeling

Zoekterm administratief beheer | beleidsvorming | besluitvorming | documentatie | duurzame ontwikkeling | ECONOMIE | economisch beleid | economische analyse | gezondheid | LANDBOUW, BOSBOUW, EN VISSERIJ | landbouwbeleid | landbouwmarkt van de EU | ONDERNEMING EN CONCURRENTIE | onderzoeksverslag | ontwikkeling van het platteland | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | POLITIEK | raming op lange termijn | Regio en regionaal beleid | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | uitvoerende macht en overheidsadministratie | voedselbeleid | wetenschappelijke expertise

Samenvatting Strategic foresight is increasingly being used as a technique to help organisations anticipate and prepare for potential challenges or opportunities. Its application to agricultural and rural development policies is examined in this briefing. A range of relevant foresight studies are identified and examined across a number of elements, covering: the identification of key drivers of change; the nature of the scenarios they present (including the role of technology and precision farming); and food security as well as the territorial dimensions relating to the future of Europe's rural areas. These findings are analysed for their implications for future policy-making in respect of EU agriculture and rural development matters. In the field of public policy, there is a growing realisation that the policy process has to address many challenges such as: advancing greater policy integration; identifying and applying the lessons from previous experience of policy implementation; maximising the use of the available evidence base, and considering and adopting a long-term view of the future through forward thinking involving the development of different scenarios. Foresight studies recognise the multi-disciplinary nature of the challenges facing agriculture and the importance of 'interconnected policy-making'. The potential also exists for strategic foresight to be applied at different territorial levels.

Briefing [EN](#)

[Circular economy: Four proposals on waste](#)

Publicatietype Kort overzicht

Datum 10-03-2017

Auteur BOURGUIGNON Didier

Beleidssterrein Economische en monetaire zaken | Milieu

Zoekterm afvalverwijdering | documentatie | INDUSTRIE | industriebeleid en -structuur | kringloopproduct | MILIEU | milieubeleid | onderzoeksverslag | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | productie | PRODUCTIE, TECHNOLOGIE EN ONDERZOEK | productieverbetering | verbranding van afval | wetenschappelijke expertise

Samenvatting Wide differences exist between Member States in the treatment of municipal waste (landfilling, incinerating, recycling and composting). As part of a shift towards a circular economy, in 2015 the European Commission put forward four legislative proposals intended to improve waste management in the European Union. First-reading votes on the reports adopted by the Committee on Environment, Public Health and Food Safety are scheduled for the March II plenary.

Kort overzicht [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#), [PL](#)

[Assessing progress towards gender equality](#)

Publicatietype Kort overzicht

Datum 10-03-2017

Auteur SHREEVES Rosamund

Beleidssterrein Genderkwesties, gelijkheid en diversiteit

Zoekterm bestrijding van discriminatie | documentatie | ECONOMIE | economische analyse | EU-instellingen en Europese overheid | EU-statistieken | EU-strategie | Europees Parlement | EUROPESE UNIE | Financiën van de EU | gelijke behandeling | gelijke behandeling van man en vrouw | geweld | onderzoeksverslag | Opbouw van Europa | OPVOEDING, ONDERWIJS EN COMMUNICATIE | RECHT | Recht van de Europese Unie | rechten en vrijheden | rechten van de vrouw | sociaal leven | SOCIALE VRAAGSTUKKEN | toepassing van het EU-recht | verdeling van de EU-financiering

Samenvatting International Women's Day on 8 March provides an opportunity to take stock of progress towards gender equality. Three own-initiative reports by the European Parliament's Committee on Women's Rights and Gender Equality (FEMM), highlighting persistent gender inequalities and emerging issues in the European Union, are on the agenda for the plenary in March 2017.

Kort overzicht [EN](#)