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Iskalna merila, uporabljena za izdelavo seznama :

Razvrsti Razvrsti po datumu
Ključna beseda "satelit"

9 Rezultati

Datum nastanka : 16-04-2024

EU secure connectivity programme 2023-2027

Vrsta publikacije Na kratko

Datum 08-02-2023

Avtor EVROUX CLEMENT THIERRY

Politično področje Industrija | Raziskovalna politika

Ključna beseda EVROPSKA UNIJA | graditev Evrope | informacijska tehnologija in obdelava podatkov | IZOBRAŽEVANJE IN KOMUNIKACIJE | komunikacije | organizacija prevoza | pravo Evropske unije | predlog (EU) | prenosno omrežje | PROIZVODNJA, TEHNOLOGIJA IN RAZISKOVANJE | PROMET | raziskave in intelektualna lastnina | raziskovalna infrastruktura | satelit | satelitska navigacija | satelitske komunikacije | Satelitski center Evropske unije | učinek informacijske tehnologije | vesoljska politika | vesoljska tehnologija | zračni in vesoljski promet

Povzetek During the February II 2023 plenary session, the European Parliament is expected to vote on the agreement on the proposed regulation establishing the Union secure connectivity programme for 2023-2027 (also referred to as the infrastructure for resilience, interconnectivity and security by satellite – IRIS²). Satellite communication is a strategic asset for governments and civil society alike. Complementary to terrestrial networks, it can contribute to seamless digital communication, even when such networks are absent or disrupted. Currently, the EU lacks dedicated infrastructure to offer such satellite-based services; the proposal would allow the Union to launch a private partnership for the design and deployment of the infrastructure, as well as the delivery of the first governmental services from 2024 and commercial services by 2027.

Na kratko [DE](#), [EN](#), [ES](#), [FR](#), [IT](#), [PL](#)

EU secure connectivity programme 2023-2027: Building a multi-orbital satellite constellation

Vrsta publikacije Briefing

Datum 03-02-2023

Avtor EVROUX CLEMENT THIERRY

Politično področje Industrija | Okolje | Raziskovalna politika

Ključna beseda digitalna preobrazba | informacijska tehnologija in obdelava podatkov | IZOBRAŽEVANJE IN KOMUNIKACIJE | komunikacije | komunikacijska politika | PROIZVODNJA, TEHNOLOGIJA IN RAZISKOVANJE | PROMET | raziskave in intelektualna lastnina | raziskovalna infrastruktura | satelit | tehnologija in tehnični predpisi | tehnološka sprememba | varovanje tajnosti podatkov | vesoljska tehnologija | zračni in vesoljski promet

Povzetek Satellite communication is a strategic asset for governments and civil society alike. Complementary to terrestrial networks, it can contribute to seamless digital communication, even when such networks are absent or disrupted. Today, the EU does not have a dedicated infrastructure (including space and ground segments) to offer satellite communication services to governments, the economy or civil society. Several EU global partners and competitors are investing in parallel in such capabilities. On 15 February 2022, the European Commission presented a proposal to improve the resilience of EU communication services by developing and operating a multi-orbital connectivity infrastructure (with both space and ground segments), based on a public-partnership model. Governmental services would be operational from 2025, and private services at a later stage. The European Parliament and the Council reached a provisional agreement on the proposal on 22 November 2022. Parliament must now vote on the draft legislative act as modified by that agreement before the regulation can become law. Third edition. The 'EU Legislation in Progress' briefings are updated at key stages throughout the legislative procedure.

Briefing [EN](#)

What if internet by satellite were to lead to congestion in orbit?

Vrsta publikacije Na kratko

Datum 05-02-2020

Avtor VAN WOENSEL Lieve

Politično področje Dolgoročno načrtovanje | Energija | Globalno upravljanje | Industrija | Izobraževanje | Javno zdravje | Kmetijstvo in razvoj podeželja | Mednarodna trgovina | Notranji trg in carinska unija | Območje svobode, varnosti in pravice | Pogodbeno pravo, gospodarsko pravo in pravo gospodarskih družb | Pravo intelektualne lastnine | Promet | Raziskovalna politika | Regionalni razvoj | Ribišтво | Varnost in obramba | Varstvo potrošnikov | Zasebno mednarodno pravo in pravosodno sodelovanje v civilnih zadevah | Človekove pravice

Ključna beseda informacije in obdelava informacij | informacijski sistem | internet | IZOBRAŽEVANJE IN KOMUNIKACIJE | komunikacije | mednarodno pravo | PRAVO | PROIZVODNJA, TEHNOLOGIJA IN RAZISKOVANJE | PROMET | raziskave in intelektualna lastnina | satelit | satelitske komunikacije | uporaba vesolja | vesoljska politika | zračni in vesoljski promet

Povzetek American Starlink project aims to bring high speed internet access across the globe by 2021. It's certainly a mission in the sky! But how will Elon Musk's plans to deploy this mega constellation of satellites impact on European citizens?

Na kratko [EN](#)

EU space policy: Industry, security and defence

Vrsta publikacije Na kratko

Datum 14-11-2016

Avtor PAWLAK Patryk | REILLON Vincent

Politično področje Industrija | Raziskovalna politika | Varnost in obramba

Ključna beseda evropska varnost | mednarodna varnost | mednarodna varnost | MEDNARODNI ODNOSI | OKOLJE | okoljska politika | PROIZVODNJA, TEHNOLOGIJA IN RAZISKOVANJE | PROMET | ravnanje z odpadki | raziskave in intelektualna lastnina | raziskovalni program | satelit | vesoljska tehnologija | zračni in vesoljski promet

Povzetek Autonomous space capabilities play a key role for in enhancing situational awareness, response to complex crises (natural disasters), management of natural resources (water, forests), delivery of services (health, energy, transport, communication, weather forecasting), and national security. With an increasing number of countries gaining access to outer space, the European Commission adopted a 'Space Strategy for Europe' in October 2016. This publication updates an 'at a glance' note from June 2016.

Na kratko [EN](#)

Earth observation satellite data for commercial purposes: Initial Appraisal of a European Commission Impact Assessment

Vrsta publikacije Briefing

Datum 12-02-2015

Avtor GEORGESCU Alina Alexandra

Politično področje Industrija | Notranji trg in carinska unija

Ključna beseda daljinsko zaznavanje | ekonomske analize | enotni trg | EVROPSKA UNIJA | GOSPODARSTVO | graditev Evrope | INDUSTRIJA | informacije in obdelava informacij | informacijska tehnologija in obdelava podatkov | IZOBRAŽEVANJE IN KOMUNIKACIJE | mednarodno pravo | omejeno razširjanje | PRAVO | pravo Evropske unije | priprava zakonodaje EU | PROMET | satelit | strojegradnja | TRGOVINA | trženje | tržni standard | uporaba vesolja | vesoljska industrija | zaupnost | zračni in vesoljski promet | študija učinkov

Povzetek This note seeks to provide an initial analysis of the strengths and weaknesses of the European Commission's Impact Assessment (IA) accompanying the Commission proposal for a Directive on the dissemination of Earth observation satellite data for commercial purposes. Overall, the impression is that the IA has made a genuine attempt to present what it perceives to be the problems which need addressing and to define the objectives of the initiative and the progress indicators accordingly. The outcome of the first stakeholder consultation, even if rather limited, is clearly presented and appears to have been integrated into the analysis, with a transparent presentation of the stakeholders' views throughout. Nevertheless, the IA has a number of shortcomings and is, at best, incomplete. It remains to be seen to what extent the supplementary impact assessment work requested by Council responds to the concerns that have been expressed and help to complete some of the weaker areas identified. This note is prepared for the Committees on Industry, Research and Energy (ITRE) and Internal Market and Consumer Protection (IMCO) of the European Parliament.

Briefing [EN](#)

Priloga [EN](#)

Space Surveillance and Tracking Support Programme: Initial Appraisal of the Commission's Impact Assessment

Vrsta publikacije Briefing

Datum 15-07-2013

Avtor MALDONADO Joana Elisa

Politično področje Predhodna ocena učinka | Raziskovalna politika

Ključna beseda daljinsko zaznavanje | ekonomske analize | GOSPODARSTVO | informacijska tehnologija in obdelava podatkov | IZOBRAŽEVANJE IN KOMUNIKACIJE | mednarodno pravo | OKOLJE | okoljska politika | PRAVO | preprečevanje okoljskega tveganja | PROMET | satelit | spremljanje stanja okolja | vesolje | vesoljsko plovilo | zračni in vesoljski promet | študija učinkov

Povzetek This note seeks to provide an initial analysis of the strengths and weaknesses of the European Commission's Impact Assessment accompanying the proposal for a Decision of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a space surveillance and tracking support programme (COM (2013) 107).

Briefing [DE](#), [EN](#), [FR](#)

Reproaches Follow North Korea's 'Successful' Launch of a Dysfunctional Satellite

Vrsta publikacije Briefing

Datum 07-01-2013

Avtor BENDINI Roberto

Politično področje Demokracija | Raziskovalna politika | Zunanje zadeve

Ključna beseda Azija in Oceanija | balistični izstrelek | ekonomska geografija | GEOGRAFIJA | Japonska | Južna Koreja | Kitajska | MEDNARODNE ORGANIZACIJE | mednarodne zadeve | MEDNARODNI ODNOSI | obramba | PROMET | resolucija OZN | satelit | Severna Koreja | Varnostni svet ZN | vesoljska tehnologija | Združeni narodi | zračni in vesoljski promet

Povzetek The launch followed an unsuccessful attempt to propel the same sort of satellite into orbit in April. Many foreign governments consider the exercise a test of the country's ability to launch long-range missiles. The country has gradually increased the range of its missiles. The UN has called on North Korea to suspend its ballistic missile system. North Korea's technology is mostly borrowed and largely outdated. The satellite launched into orbit appears to outside observers not to be functional... at least for now. Pyongyang may have felt political and social pressures - in addition to military ones - to launch the rocket. The UN Security Council and various countries condemned the move. Even China expressed 'regret'. This does not mean, however, that Pyongyang will be harshly punished by Beijing, its principal ally and trading partner. But the deeper worry abroad may be the possibility of a burgeoning Asian arms race.

Briefing [EN](#)

Space Policy and the European Security and Defence Policy

Vrsta publikacije Poglobljena analiza

Datum 03-04-2008

Zunanji avtor Joanna Popielawska and Jan Michael Deuter

Politično področje Raziskovalna politika | Varnost in obramba

Ključna beseda EVROPSKA UNIJA | evropska varnost | graditev Evrope | IZOBRAŽEVANJE IN KOMUNIKACIJE | komunikacije | mednarodna varnost | MEDNARODNI ODNOSI | militarizacija vesolja | obramba | PROIZVODNJA, TEHNOLOGIJA IN RAZISKOVANJE | PROMET | raziskave in intelektualna lastnina | satelit | satelitske komunikacije | skupna varnostna in obrambna politika | strateška obramba | vesoljska politika | vesoljska tehnologija | zračni in vesoljski promet

Povzetek On 14 February 2008 the Policy Department in DG EXPO organised a Workshop on behalf of the Subcommittee on Security and Defence (SEDE). The large participation and interest from within and outside the European Parliament confirmed the usefulness of the Workshop format and event. The Workshop provided an occasion to focus upon a report being developed by the SEDE Chairman Karl von Wogau on ESDP and Space Policy. The substance of the Workshop followed the central themes of the SEDE report and provided an opportunity for the Rapporteur and key Members of the European Parliament to exchange views on technological and policy developments in the European space sector and the relevance and impact on European Security and Defence Policy (ESDP). The first part of the workshop focussed upon strategic context and the use of satellites for security purposes. The second part of the workshop focussed more on the European economic and defence industrial framework for developing space assets and in particular on the question of the "Cost of Non-Europe in the field of satellite-based systems". This also provided the occasion for the author of a study commissioned by SEDE to present the key findings. This Workshop Summary provides an overview on the issues raised during the Workshop. It is not intended as a verbatim reproduction of the event. The summary and programme is used as a means to disseminate the Workshop presentations which should be useful to those interested in the details of the presentations as well as those who were unable to attend.

Poglobljena analiza [EN](#)

Status Report on European Union - Space Satellite Policies

Vrsta publikacije Študija

Datum 01-03-1997

Avtor LENSEN Anton

Zunanji avtor Laurens Harteveld, Robert Schuman Scholar

Politično področje Ekonomske in monetarne zadeve | Industrija | Raziskovalna politika

Ključna beseda ekonomska analiza | ekonomske analize | EVROPSKA UNIJA | GOSPODARSTVO | graditev Evrope | INDUSTRIJA | IZOBRAŽEVANJE IN KOMUNIKACIJE | komunikacije | PROIZVODNJA, TEHNOLOGIJA IN RAZISKOVANJE | PROMET | raziskave in intelektualna lastnina | raziskave in razvoj | satelit | satelitske komunikacije | strojegradnja | vesoljska industrija | vesoljska politika | vseevropsko omrežje | zračni in vesoljski promet

Povzetek This paper sets out to highlight the main actions and orientations concerning space and satellites. The intensive consultation coordination and cooperation between the EU and the satellite industry are advocated in order to identify and eliminate the existing obstacles to industrial competitiveness.

Študija [EN](#)